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MATTHEWS HOUSE HOSPICE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Directors of Matthews House Hospice:

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Matthews House Hospice, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2017 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets, and of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conduct my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the organization derives revenue from donations and fundraising, the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, I was unable to verify revenues from donations and fundraising beyond ascertaining that the net receipts, as recorded in the accounting records, were deposited in the organization's bank account.

Qualified Opinion

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Matthews House Hospice as at March 31, 2017 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

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May 31, 2017

Oshawa, Ontario

Chartered Professional Accountant - Chartered Accountant

Licensed Public Accountant

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT MARCH 31, 2017

•		
<u>ASSETS</u>	2017	2016
Current		
Cash and term deposits		
Restricted cash and term deposits (Note 5)	\$ 272,965 S	472,697
Accounts receivable	2,008,428	389,844
Prepaid expenses	126,760	17,712
• • •	43,263	23,460
	3.471.444	
Canital Assessment	2,451,416	903,713
Capital Assets (Note 3)	1 137 104	
		1,068,931
	\$ <u>3,578,600</u> \$	1.073.644
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	<u> </u>	1,972,644
<u>EtABILITIES</u>		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		
withholding taxes payable	\$ 36,065 \$	61,224
Deferred revenue (Note 5)	7,535	13,824
Current portion of long term liabilities	2,200,761	523,093
S		46,846
	2,244,361	644,987
Long Term Liabilities		014,707
Mortgage payable (Note 4)		
Less: current portion	-	46,846
- Postandan		46,846
BITT A CORNE		
NET ASSETS		-
Net assets invested in capital assets		
Unrestricted net assets	1,127,184	1,022,085
	207,055	305,572
	1.334,239	····
,		1,327,657
	\$ <u>3,578,600</u> \$	1,972,644
Approved on behalf of the Board;		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

(Director)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

REVENUE	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Donations		
Trillium grant	\$ 439,521	\$ 336,071
Central LHIN funding - base funding	11,650	47,300
Central Community Care Access Centre funding	39,422	37,623
Fundraising	438,806	101,746
Other income	374,318	494,487
	3,017	3,789
EXPENSES	1,306,734	1,021,016
Advertising and promotion		•
Amortization	6,572	6,539
Building occupancy	18,934	20,630
Fundraising expenses	22,380	26,015
Insurance	101,065	99,049
Interest and bank charges	14,586	13,550
Interest on long-term debt	8,330	7,376
Office expenses	870	1,557
Professional fees	47,886	50,756
Program expenses	3,602	4,654
Residence - operating expenses	17,494	8,239
Residence - salaries, wages and benefits	103,496	90,896
Salaries, wages and benefits	542,986	364,043
Travel	398,435	272,697
Staff training	422	1,061
Volunteer training and recognition	10,399	6,869
	2,695	2,214
EVODOS OD - DUE	1,300,152	976,145
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	S <u>6,582</u>	\$ <u>44,871</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS				
Balance, beginning of year	4	***		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	305,572	\$	296,086
Amortization of capital assets		6,582		44,871
Additions to capital assets		18.934		20,630
Repayment of mortgage		(77,187)		(39,570)
-	_	(46,846)	_	(16,445)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	S _	207,055	S_	305,572
NET ASSETS INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS				
Balance, beginning of year	S	1,022,085	s	007.500
Repayment of mortgage			3	986,700
Additions to capital assets		46,846		16,445
Amortization of capital assets		77,187		39,570
BALANCE, END OF YEAR		(18,934)		(20,630)
DALANCE, END OF TEAK	S	1,127,184	S _	1,022,085

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Kevin W. Melnichuk, Chartered Professional Accountant

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

AS AT MARCH 31, 2017

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
SOURCE (APPLICATION) OF CASH		
From Operating Activities		
Excess of revenues over expenses	0	
Plus expenses not involving an outlay of funds Amortization	\$ 6,582	\$ 44,871
	18,934	20,630
Changes in non-cash items	<u>25,516</u>	65,501
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	(109,048)	16,741
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(19,803)	(16,102)
Withholding taxes payable	(25,159)	17,018
Deferred revenue	(6,289)	4,716
	1.677,668	2,724
Total cash from operating activities	1,542,885	90,598
From Financing Activities	····	
Increase (decrease) in long term debt	(46,846)	(16,445)
From Investing Activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(77,187)	(39,570)
Increase (Decrease) in cash	1,418,852	34,583
Cash, beginning of year	862,541	827,958
Cash, end of year	6 2001 202	_
	\$ <u>2,281,393</u>	\$ <u>862,541</u>
CASH DETERMINATION		
Cash and term deposits	\$ 272,965	\$ 472,697
Restricted cash and term deposits	<u>2,008,428</u>	\$ 472,697 389,844
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	\$ <u>2.281,393</u>	\$ <u>862,541</u>
Interest Paid	\$ <u>870</u>	\$1,557

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS AT MARCH 31, 2017

1) Purpose of the Organization

Matthews House Hospice was incorporated without share capital under the laws of Canada. The purpose of the organization is to provide caring and compassionate community and in-home, non-medical support for people affected by life threatening illnesses.

The organization is a registered charitable organization. As a registered charity it must comply with certain requirements to maintain its status under the Income Tax Act and, while registered, is exempt from income taxes and may issue income tax receipts.

2) Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

a) Revenue Recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received, or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Donated goods and services are not recorded in the financial statements, except when they are used in the normal course of business and when a value for such goods and services can be readily determined.

b) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost and amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following annual rates:

Building 5% declining balance
Fence and sign 20% declining balance
Parking lot 20% declining balance
Furniture and equipment 20% declining balance

Purchases in excess of \$2,500 are capitalized upon meeting the criteria for recognition as a capital asset. Otherwise, costs are expensed as incurred.

c) Contributed Services

Volunteers contribute numerous hours each year to assist in the programs. Because of the difficulty in determining the market value of such efforts, the value of contributed services has not been recognized in the financial statements.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS AT MARCH 31, 2017

2) Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities (if any) at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results may vary from the current estimates.

3) Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated as follows:

Cost		Accumulated Amortization		2017 <u>Net</u>			2016 <u>Net</u>	
Land Building Capitalized residential costs Fence and sign Parking lot Furniture and equipment	s	778,594 279,427 126,179 3,194 6,548 77,880	\$	93,638 - 2,658 3,866 44,476	\$	778,594 185,789 126,179 536 2,682 33,404	\$	778,594 195,567 48,992 670 3,353 41,755
	S_	1,271,822	\$	144,638	S_	1,127,184	\$_	1,068,931

4) Mortgage Payable

The organization paid off the remaining balance on the mortgage on January 16, 2017. The mortgage was at an interest rate of prime less 0.3%. The mortgage matured January 16, 2017 and requires monthly blended payments of \$1,500. The mortgage was guaranteed by a board member and his spouse and is secured with the land and building as collateral.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS AT MARCH 31, 2017

5) Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consists of the following:

		2017		2016
Ontario Trillium Foundation	\$	-	\$	11,650
Restricted donations Accessibility project		2,134,606	•	438,836
Residence equipment		51,104		53,795
Office equipment		12,757		15,945
	_	2,294		2,867
	<u>s_</u>	2,200,761	<u>\$</u>	523,093

The restricted donations were received to pursue the concept of a residential facility. These funds are currently held in cash and short term investments in money market funds.

Restricted funds in the amount of \$634,648 were received during the 2014 fiscal year for the purchase of land in relation to the future residential facility. Under the deferral method of accounting for restricted contributions, funds restricted for the purchase of capital assets continue to be deferred and brought into income as the related asset is amortized. Land is not a depreciable asset and therefore the funds restricted for its purchase are reflected as a direct increase to net assets invested in capital assets.

6) Commitments

During the year, the organization renewed lease agreements to rent three townhouse units for the residential program. All three leases run for a one year term, ending on May 31, 2017, August 5, 2017 and September 5, 2017. As of the date of these statements, the landlord and organization have agreed to extend each lease for an additional year, therefore the organization's commitment under these leases for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018 is \$76,800.

7) Related Party Transactions

The premises leased under note 6 above are owned by a member of the board of directors and a company controlled by this individual. During the year, rent payments in the amount of \$76,800 were paid to the related party.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS AT MARCH 31, 2017

8) Financial Instruments

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. These risks include liquidity risk, credit risk and interest rate risk. The following analysis provides a measure of the organization's risk exposure at the financial statement date:

a) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. Cash flow from operations provides a substantial portion of the organization's cash requirements, however the organization is exposed to liquidity risk in respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and withholding taxes payable.

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that parties may default on their obligations. Credit risk on cash is minimized by holding all cash at major financial institutions. Credit risk on accounts receivable arises from the possibility that the amounts may not be paid to the organization.

c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The organization has exposure to interest rate risk.

d) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument or future cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The organization's cash includes amounts that earn interest at market rates and its mortgage payable pays interest at market rates.

9) Comparative Figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's method of presentation.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements