June 30, 2019 and 2018

Combined Financial Statements And Supplementary Information

With

Independent Auditor's Report



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Independent Auditor's Report

Commissioners of the Arkansas Natural Resources Commission

Board of Directors Arkansas Development Finance Authority Little Rock, Arkansas

Report on the Combined Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying combined financial statements of the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program, which comprise the combined statement of net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related combined statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the combined financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Combined Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these combined financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of combined financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these combined financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the combined financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the combined financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the combined financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the combined financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of

expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinions. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the combined financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the combined financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1.a., the accompanying combined financial statements present only the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Arkansas as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis information on pages 4 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic combined financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic combined financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic combined financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic combined financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic combined financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the combined financial statements that collectively comprise the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program's basic combined financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic combined financial statements.

The supplementary information on pages 26 through 28 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards on page 35 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic combined financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic combined financial statements or to the basic combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic combined financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 30, 2019, on our consideration of the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Frast, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Little Rock, Arkansas October 30, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

This discussion and analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant issues and activities and to identify any significant changes in the financial position of the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program (the "Program"). Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in conjunction with the combined financial statements and notes as a whole, which follow this section of the report.

Discussion of Combined Financial Statements

The June 30, 2019 basic combined financial statements include three required statements: The combined statement of net position; the combined statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; and the combined statement of cash flows. Comparative totals as of and for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are also presented. Although not required, these comparative totals are intended to facilitate an enhanced understanding of the Program's financial position and results of operations for the current fiscal year in comparison to the prior fiscal years. Additional information, following the *Notes to Combined Financial Statements*, includes the combining statement of net position; the combining statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position; as well as the combining statement of cash flows. These combining statements detail the Revolving Loan Fund and the Fees and Expenses Fund, which comprise the Program.

Condensed Financial Information – Combined Statements of Net Position

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
(In thousands) Total assets	\$ 422,489	\$ 413,000	\$ 408,829
Liabilities	 	 	
Current liabilities	3,107	3,247	2,654
Noncurrent liabilities	 18,850	 21,978	 25,325
Total liabilities	 21,957	 25,225	 27,979
Net position			
Restricted by bond resolution and program requirements	\$ 400,532	\$ 387,775	\$ 380,850

The Program's total assets have increased over the past three years. At June 30, 2019, the total assets increased \$9.5 million as compared to June 30, 2018, which is primarily attributable to an increase of \$24.4 million in loans receivable - restricted and \$21.2 million in total investments, which is offset by a decrease of \$36.1 million in cash and cash equivalents. At June 30, 2018, the total assets increased \$4.2 million as compared to June 30, 2107, which is primarily attributable to the increase of \$42.4 million in cash and cash equivalents and loan receivable - restricted, which is offset by the decline of \$38.3 million in total investments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (cont.)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

The following table reports loan activity for each year:

	<u>2019</u>			<u>2017</u>	
(In thousands)					
Loan disbursements	\$ 38,789	\$	32,056	\$ 29,511	
Loan repayments	 14,410		18,849	 23,416	
Net increase in loans receivable	\$ 24,379	\$	13,207	\$ 6,095	

The following table reflects the disbursement of funds to new and existing loan borrowers:

	<u>2019</u>			<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
(In thousands)						
New loans	\$	18,000	\$	63,150	\$ 94,175	
Loan disbursements - new loans		25		3,058	13,170	
Existing loans	\$	174,550	\$	150,875	\$ 56,000	
Loan disbursements - existing loans		38,764		28,998	16,341	

The Program continually made loans from Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") federal grant funds, prepayment funds, state matching funds and revolving Program funds. The Program received federal subsidy in the form of an annual capitalization grant (Base). In the current fiscal year, the Program committed an additional \$18.0 million of Program and grant funds of which only \$25,000 has been disbursed. The Program has disbursed \$38.8 million from Program funds, base federal grants and state match funds. In the prior fiscal year, the Program closed four new loans committing \$63.2 million of Program and grant funds of which \$60.1 million is still to be funded. The Program utilized \$30.3 million of \$32.1 million disbursed in revolving Program funds. In fiscal year 2018, the Program disbursed the \$1.7 million of Federal fiscal year 2017 state matching funds to fund loans, which was available for disbursement in fiscal year 2017. Per EPA guidelines and Arkansas Natural Resources Commission ("ANRC") policy, all state match funds must be matched with federal dollars on or prior to the receipt of the federal funds and ANRC has chosen to fund loans with state match funds prior to utilizing the federal capitalization grant. The 2009 Issue Prepayment Funds (Prepayments) fluctuate based upon the loan payoffs. The Program's general bond resolution allows prepayment funds to be used to make new loans within 90 days of receipt, pay principal and interest at debt service or pay principal and interest on called bonds. In fiscal year 2019, the Program did not utilize any Prepayment funds for loan fundings. The Prepayments used to fund loans in fiscal years 2018 were from current and prior year loan payoffs. The Program has available \$8.1 and \$10.1 million of the Federal Fiscal Year 2017 and 2018 grants, respectively to utilize for additional subsidy and repayable loans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (cont.)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

The table below reflects the amounts used from each funding source for fiscal years 2019, 2018 and 2017:

	<u>2019</u>			<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>		
(In thousands)							
EPA federal base	\$	3,701	\$	-	\$	7,486	
State matching funds		2,100		1,732		-	
2009 issue prepayment funds		-		57		5,701	
Revolving Program funds		32,988	_	30,267		16,324	
	\$	38,789	\$	32,056	\$	29,511	

Also, the Program utilized its cash within the Program as an additional funding source, essentially revolving the assets. The Federal fiscal year 2019 Base grant has been approved by the EPA in the amount of \$10.4 million and became available in October 2019.

The Program's total liabilities decreased to \$22.0 million at June 30, 2019 from \$25.2 million at June 30, 2018, from \$28.0 million at June 30, 2017. In fiscal years 2019 and 2018, The Program's decline in total liabilities was primarily attributable to the payment of scheduled principal payments on Revolving Loan Fund Series 2011 C ("2011 C Issue") of \$2.9 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. The 2011 C Issue matures in 2028.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (cont.)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Condensed Financial Information – Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
(In thousands)			
Operating revenues			
Total interest income	\$ 7,125	\$ 6,272	\$ 5,361
Other	3,308	2,199	1,808
Total operating revenues	10,433	8,471	7,169
Operating expenses			
Total interest on bonds and notes	1,067	1,187	1,307
Total amortization expense	(384)	(427)	(470)
Federal financial assistance	741	469	1,210
Administrative expenses	268	258	254
Total operating expenses	1,692	1,487	2,301
Operating income	8,741	6,984	4,868
Base federal grants	4,816	766	9,131
Transfers (out) in, net	(800)	(825)	623
Changes in net position	12,757	6,925	14,622
Net position - beginning of year	387,775	380,850	366,228
Net position - end of year	\$ 400,532	\$ 387,775	\$ 380,850

Total operating revenues have increased over the past three years. In the current fiscal year, total operating revenues increased \$2.0 million. The interest on investments increased \$617,000, which was due to the increase in rates in the money market mutual funds and the State of Arkansas State Treasurer's money management trust fund ("MMTF"). The Program had \$32.0 million in investments mature and the Program's management reinvested those funds into MMTF at higher interest rate as those investments stated interest rate. The Program utilized the MMTF, an internal investment pool administrated by the State of Arkansas. The funds are available within one business days' notice and offer a higher rate of return. The net appreciation on investments increased \$900,000, which is an adjustment in the market value of the Program's investments. In the prior fiscal year, the Program had increases of \$1.4 million in interest on investments, financing fee income and net depreciation on investments, which is offset by a decline in interest on loans of \$134,000. The Program monitors cash and investment yields and the cash needs of the Program to ensure liquidity and to maximize investment options.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (cont.)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Interest on loans has fluctuated over the past three years. Interest on loans increased \$236,000 in fiscal year 2019 and decreased \$134,000 in fiscal year 2018. Financing fee income, which represents the 1% financing fee paid by the borrowers, has increased over the past three years. Financing fee income increased \$209,000 and \$78,000 during fiscal years 2019 and 2018, respectively. The Program did not receive any prepayment funds in fiscal year 2019. The Program received \$3.8 million in loan prepayments during fiscal years 2018. The Program is continually working to meet the challenges the Program is facing due to the economy, increased loan prepayment rate, the interest rate environment and the regulations placed on the Program by governing agencies. The average return on loans was 1.56%, 1.56% and 1.72% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Interest on investments was \$3.0 million, \$2.4 million and \$1.3 million for fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Program maintains liquidity to fund projects as needed. The Program invested excess funds in U. S. Treasury obligations to diversify its portfolio concentration. The Program's long-term investments mature in September 2019 and January 2020. Another investment option the Program utilized is the MMTF, which had a yield of 2.74% at fiscal year-end. The Program has \$55.2 million invested in the MMTF at fiscal year-end, which is reported as a part of cash and cash equivalents. The average return on cash, cash equivalents and investments was 1.93%, 1.28% and 0.63% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Total operating expense increased \$205,000 in fiscal year 2019, which is primarily attributable to an increase in federal financial assistance. Total operating expenses declined \$814,000 in fiscal year 2018, which was primarily attributable to the decline in federal financial assistance and interest on bonds and notes. Federal financial assistance fluctuates with the volume of principal forgiveness loans available for funding and the rate at which the borrowers request reimbursement. During fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the Program forgave principal of \$741,000 and \$469,000, respectively. The Program's interest on bonds and notes decreased \$120,000 during fiscal years 2019 and 2018, which correlated to the decrease in bonds payable. Program administration expenses totaled \$268,000, \$258,000 and \$254,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively. These expenses included amounts paid for audit expense, trustee fees, legal fees, membership fees to national water related authorities and the administrative fee paid to the Arkansas Development Finance Authority ("ADFA").

Federal grant revenue increased \$4.1 million in fiscal year 2019. Currently, the Program has \$8.1 million and \$10.1 million in Federal fiscal year 2017 and 2018 grants, respectively available for funding. The Program decided to allocate the maximum amount of \$19.5 million allowed of the 2012 through 2018 base federal grants as additional subsidy loans, which was approved by the EPA, which have not been funded, but reserved for future projects. Base federal grants guidelines allow for the funding of forgiveness of principal, repayable loans and the reimbursement of expenses of the Program. This change allows more funds to be utilized as principal forgiveness loans. Federal grant revenue declined \$8.4 million in fiscal year 2018. At the 2018 fiscal year, the Program has \$5.5 million in committed principal forgiveness loans of the \$12.8 million allowed by EPA guidelines and ANRC's approved policy for 2012 through 2017 grant year. The Program has \$7.3 million in federal funds still available to be allocated for future principal forgiveness loans. Base federal grants revenue declined \$3.7 million in the prior fiscal year. The loans of the Program have approximately a two to five-year construction period in which many existing loans are being funded. The Program receives federal grant revenue for reimbursement of the Program's expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (cont.)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

Information regarding when base federal grant awards were expended for construction draws and principal forgiveness loans is as follows:

	Beginning Amount Expended								
	<u>B</u>	alance		<u>2019</u>	2018		<u>2017</u>		
Federal Award Year		(In thousands)							
2014	\$	5,002	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,002	
2015		8,380		4,217		469		3,694	
2016		8,315		226		-		-	
2017		10,080							
	\$	31,777	\$	4,443	\$	469	\$	8,696	

Transfers in and out are comprised of transfers to or from other state programs or agencies. In the fiscal years 2019 and 2018, the Program had transfers out of \$800,000 and \$825,000, respectively to ANRC for administrating the Program. The funding source for the administrative expenses is the 4% set aside of the EPA base capitalization grant along with other funds deposited into the Fees and Expenses Fund.

The net position of the Program increased \$19.7 million in the past two years. The bond resolutions and the Program restrict all of the net position.

The overall financial position and results of operations of the Program have improved.

Contact Regarding the Program

This financial report is designed to provide bondholders, constituents and business partners with a general overview of the Program's finances and to show the Program's accountability for the funds it administers. Questions about this report and requests for additional financial information should be directed to the ADFA Chief Financial Officer by telephoning 501.682.5900 or by contacting the ANRC Water Development Division Chief at 501.682.1611.

Combined Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2019 and 2018

(In Thousands)

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
<u>Assets</u>			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	86,194	\$ 122,313
Accrued interest receivable			
Investments		191	319
Loans		283	157
Accounts receivable			
Borrowers		170	99
EPA		106	166
Current portion of investments - restricted		56,336	31,915
Total current assets		143,280	 154,969
Noncurrent assets			
Investments - restricted		-	3,201
Loans receivable - restricted			
Construction loans		278,722	254,343
Wetlands Mitigation		487	 487
Total noncurrent assets		279,209	 258,031
Total assets		422,489	 413,000
Liabilities and Net Position			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable		284	237
Accrued interest payable		78	90
Current portion of bonds payable		2,745	2,920
Total current liabilities	-	3,107	3,247
Noncurrent liabilities			
Bonds payable, net of unamortized premiums and current portion		18,850	 21,978
Total liabilities		21,957	 25,225
Net position			
Restricted by bond resolution and Program requirements	\$	400,532	\$ 387,775

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these combined financial statements.

Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>			<u>2018</u>
Operating revenues				
Interest on investments	\$	2,986	\$	2,369
Interest on loans		4,139		3,903
Financing fee income		2,652		2,443
Net appreciation (depreciation) of investments		656		(244)
Total operating revenues		10,433		8,471
Operating expenses				
Program administration		268		258
Federal financial assistance - base		741		469
Bond interest		1,067		1,187
Amortization of bond premiums		(384)		(427)
Total operating expenses		1,692		1,487
Operating income		8,741		6,984
Nonoperating income				
Base federal grants		4,816		766
Income before transfers out, net		13,557		7,750
Transfers out, net		(800)		(825)
Changes in net position		12,757		6,925
Net position - beginning of year		387,775		380,850
Net position - end of year	\$	400,532	\$	387,775

Combined Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

		<u>2018</u>	
Cash flows from operating activities			
Financing fee income received	\$	2,580	\$ 2,467
Cash paid for program administration		(220)	 (230)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,360	 2,237
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Repayments of bonds payable		(2,920)	(2,345)
Cash paid for interest		(1,079)	(1,197)
Nonoperating grants received		4,876	704
Transfers out		(800)	(825)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		77	 (3,663)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received on investments		3,114	2,280
Interest received on loans		4,013	3,954
Purchases of investments		(52,576)	(3,104)
Proceeds from maturities of investments		32,013	41,200
Loan disbursements		(38,789)	(32,056)
Principal repayments on loans		14,410	18,849
Federal grant funds expended		(741)	 (469)
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities		(38,556)	 30,654
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(36,119)	29,228
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		122,313	 93,085
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	86,194	\$ 122,313

	2019	<u>2018</u>
Reconciliation of changes in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities		
Operating income	\$ 8,741 \$	6,984
Adjustments to reconcile operating income of changes in		
net assets to net cash provided by operating activities		
Interest on investments	(2,986)	(2,369)
Interest on loans	(4,139)	(3,903)
Bond interest	1,067	1,187
Amortization of bond premiums	(384)	(427)
Net (appreciation) depreciation of investments	(656)	244
Federal grants expended	741	469
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable - borrowers	(71)	24
Accounts payable	 47	28
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,360 \$	2,237

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. **Nature of operations and reporting entity** – The State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program (the "Program"), an enterprise fund of the State of Arkansas, was created pursuant to the 1987 Amendments (P.L. 100-4) to the "Clean Water Act" (P.L.92-500) to provide a perpetual fund for financing the construction of wastewater treatment facilities for municipalities and other public entities. The Program is to be capitalized with federal grants from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") and state matching funds on a ratio of five federal dollars to one state dollar.

As of July 2001, the Arkansas Natural Resources Commission ("ANRC") became the lead agency for the Program (previously led by Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality). Effective July 1, 2019, ANRC is a division of the Arkansas Department of Agriculture. As lead agency, ANRC is responsible for performing technical project reviews, monitoring construction and coordinating the total management of the Program. Act 1243 of 2006 authorized the name change to ANRC, which has not had an impact on the Program. Arkansas Development Finance Authority ("ADFA") serves as financial manager for the Program under an interagency agreement. ADFA is responsible for investing and disbursing funds as authorized by the lead agency, servicing loans, preparing and submitting monthly financial reports and annual combined financial statements and procuring audit services. ADFA is reimbursed for the Program's administration costs through a calculation based on loans outstanding in accordance with the interagency agreement. The amounts incurred to ADFA for administration costs were approximately \$220,000 and \$205,000 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, and are included in the Program's administration expenses.

The Arkansas Agriculture Water Quality Loan Program ("AAWQLP") is accounted for within the Program. Under the AAWQLP, the ANRC establishes noninterest-bearing cash accounts with financial institutions. In fiscal 2007, an agreement was established with AgriBank in which AAWQLP would purchase a noninterest-bearing bond in conjunction with loans made by AgriBank under the AAWQLP guidelines. Loans are originated by the financial institution or AgriBank to the farmers or property owners that provide for the installation of water quality, antipollution equipment. Interest income normally earned on these balances at the financial institutions or on the bond is used to reduce the interest rates applicable to the loans obtained by the farmers or other property owners. ANRC has established a program contribution limit to AAWQLP in the amount of \$25 million. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the AAWQLP had \$5.9 million and \$6.5 million, respectively, in deposits and investments with various financial institutions.

b. Use of estimates – The preparation of combined financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the combined financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change relate to the determination of fair values of investments.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

c. **Measurement focus and basis of accounting** – The Program is accounted for as an enterprise fund for financial reporting purposes and utilizes the economic resource measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting wherein revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred.

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items in the Program's statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating items.

d. **Recently issued accounting pronouncements** – Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 87, "Leases." This statement establishes a new single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases represent the financing of the right to use an underlying asset. The effective date is for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Program has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, that this statement could have on its combined financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This statement improves the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. During fiscal 2019, the Program implemented GASB Statement No. 88, which did not have a material effect on its combined financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." This statement enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This statement supersedes paragraphs 5 through 22 of GASB Statement No. 62, "Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements." This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The requirements of this statement should be applied prospectively. The Program has not yet determined the potential impact, if any, this statement could have on its combined financial statements.

e. Cash and cash equivalents – The Program considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, cash equivalents of approximately \$86.2 million and \$122.3 million, respectively, consisted primarily of money market mutual funds with variable interest rates and an internal governmental investment pool administered by the State of Arkansas.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont.)

Included in cash equivalents on the Program's statement of net position is the Fees and Expenses Fund with a balance of approximately \$7.6 million and \$11.4 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. This fund contains fees charged on loans of the Program as allowed by the EPA, federal grant administration set aside funds and interest earnings of the fund. These funds may be used at the discretion of the ANRC to fund expenses of the Program.

- f. **Investments** Investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices. Investment income is related to interest earned on cash, cash equivalents and investments.
- g. **Bond premiums** Premiums on sales of bonds are capitalized and are amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Early retirement of bonds results in the acceleration of amortization of premiums.
- h. **Finance fees** The Program receives a 1% annual financing fee from the borrowers as part of the contractual payment.
- i. **Net position restricted by bond resolution, enabling legislation and program requirements** Net position restricted by bond resolution, enabling legislation and program requirements represents funds restricted due to the specific provisions of the Program.
- j. **Income taxes** As an essential government function of the State of Arkansas, the Program is exempt from income taxes under Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law.

2. **Deposits and Investments**

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Program's deposits may not be returned to it. The Program's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law and bond indentures. Deposits are collateralized for those amounts exceeding federal depository insurance, typically with obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities or municipal bonds having an aggregate market value at least equal to 105% of the amount of the deposits as directed in the State Board of Finance Cash Management of Funds Rule 2012-A.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, \$1.6 million and \$1.7 million of the Program's deposits (and carrying value) of \$3.3 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

(In thousands)
Uninsured and collateral held by Pledging
Financial Institution agent in the Program's
name

\$\frac{2019}{1,575} \frac{2018}{5}

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (cont.)

Investments

Arkansas statutes and the Program's General Resolution authorizes the Program to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. government; obligations on which the principal and interest are fully guaranteed or are fully secured, insured or covered by commitments or agreements to purchase by the U.S. government; obligations of agencies and instrumentalities created by act of the United States Congress and authorized thereby to issue securities or evidence of indebtedness, regardless of guarantee of repayment by the U.S. government; obligations of political subdivisions of the United States; certain obligations issued by the State Board of Education; short-term warrants of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas and municipalities; the sale of federal funds with a maturity of not more than one business day; demand, savings or time deposits fully insured by a federal deposit insurance agency; repurchase agreements that are fully insured by obligations of the U.S. government, any U.S. state or any political subdivision thereof; securities of, or other interest in, any open-end type investment company or investment trust registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and which is considered a money market fund, provided that the portfolio is limited principally to U.S. government obligations and the investment company or trust takes delivery of collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian; guaranteed investment contracts; and bank certificates of deposit.

At June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Program had the following investments and maturities:

	Maturities in Years									
	Le	ess than 1		<u>1 - 5</u>		<u>6 - 10</u>	Mo	re than 10		<u>Total</u>
(In thousands)										
June 30, 2019										
U.S. agencies obligations	\$	5,877	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,877
U.S. Treasury obligations		50,459		-		-		-		50,459
Money market mutual funds		27,730		-		-		-		27,730
State Treasurer Money										
Management Trust Fund		55,166			_	<u>-</u>			_	55,166
	\$	139,232	\$		\$		\$		\$	139,232
June 30, 2018										
U.S. agencies obligations	\$	31,915	\$	3,201	\$	_	\$	_	\$	35,116
Money market mutual funds		38,492		-		_		_		38,492
State Treasurer Money		,								,
Management Trust Fund		80,204								80,204
	\$	150,611	\$	3,201	\$	_	\$	_	\$	153,812

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (cont.)

- a. **Interest rate risk** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses due to rising interest rates, the Program limits the maturity of investments to expected cash flow needs of the Program. The Program has also begun investing in an internal governmental investment pool administrated by the State of Arkansas. The Program may request withdrawal of its funds with one business days' notice.
- b. Credit risk Credit risk is the risk the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Program's investments in U.S. agencies obligations not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government were rated "Aaa" or not rated by Moody's Investors Service and rated "AA+" or not rated by Standard & Poor's and its investments in money market mutual funds or investments of those funds were rated "AAAm" or "AAA" by Standard & Poor's and "Aaa-mf" or "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service.
- c. Custodial credit risk For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Program will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Program's investment in mutual funds is not classified by custodial credit risk category, as they are not evidenced by securities in physical or book entry form.
- d. Concentration of credit risk The Program places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. Investments of the Program (not guaranteed by the U.S. government or considered mutual funds) representing 5% or more of total investments are as follows:

	2019					2018			
<u>Issuer</u>	<u>Fa</u>	ir Value	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>F</u>	air Value	<u>Percentage</u>			
(In thousands)									
Money Management Trust									
Fund	\$	55,166	40%	\$	80,204	52%			
Federal Home Loan Mortgage									
Corporation		-	0%		19,245	13%			
Federal National Mortgage									
Association		-	0%		8,984	6%			

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

2. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments are included in the combined statements of net position as follows:

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
(In thousands)			
Carrying value			
Deposits	\$	3,298	\$ 3,617
Investments		139,232	 153,812
	<u>\$</u>	142,530	\$ 157,429

Included in the following combined statements of net position captions:

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
(In thousands)		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 86,194	\$ 122,313
Investments		
Current portion	56,336	31,915
Restricted	 	 3,201
	\$ 142,530	\$ 157,429

3. Loans Receivable

The Program originates loans with Arkansas municipalities, sewer improvement districts, and water facilities boards for financing the construction of wastewater treatment facilities. The loans are payable in semiannual installments. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, such loans had a carrying value of approximately \$279.2 million and \$254.8 million, respectively, of which approximately \$55.0 million and \$49.4 million, respectively, are for projects still under construction. The loans bear interest ranging from 0.00% to 3.75% and are collateralized by special assessments, user charges or sales and use tax bonds issued by the municipalities, sewer improvement districts and water facilities board.

In fiscal 2010, the Program funded loans with American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") federal funds. As of June 30, 2019, the Program's current loan balance of ARRA loans was \$3.4 million, which was funded with ARRA and other program funds.

During the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, \$815.3 million and \$797.3 million, respectively, in cumulative loans had been approved for funding. At June 30, 2019 and 2018, \$104.7 million and \$125.4 million, respectively, remained encumbered and awaiting disbursement to loan recipients.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

4. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable consist of the following:

			Final				
			Maturity		<u>2019</u>		2018
<u>Series</u>	Interest 1	Rate Range	<u>Dates</u>		(In thou	ısands	s)
2011-C Serial	3.25% - 5.00%	,)	June 1, 2028	\$	20,220	\$	23,140
	Unamortized p	oremiums			1,375		1,758
				\$	21,595	\$	24,898
Activity in	bonds payable co	onsists of the fol	lowing:				
							_
							ount Due
	Beginning				Ending		hin One
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	<u>I</u>	Balance		<u>Year</u>
(In thousands)							
June 30, 2019							
2011-C Serial	\$ 23,140	\$ -	\$ (2,920)	\$	20,220	\$	2,745
June 30, 2018							
2011-C Serial	\$ 25,485	\$ -	\$ (2,345)	\$	23,140	\$	2,920

The principal amount shown above differs from the amount on the combined statements of net position due to unamortized premiums of approximately \$1.4 million and \$1.8 million at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

4. **Bonds Payable** (cont.)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

	<u>P</u> 1	rincipal		<u>Interest</u>		
		(In thousands)				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,						
2020	\$	2,745	\$	933		
2021		2,640		796		
2022		2,525		664		
2023		2,530		538		
2024		2,525		411		
2025 - 2028		7,255		561		
		20,220		3,903		
Unamortized premiums		1,375				
	\$	21,595	\$	3,903		

The Program has not had new bond issuances in fiscal 2019 nor 2018.

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level I** Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities.
- **Level II** Quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs, which are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- **Level III** Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e., supported by little or no market activity).

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (cont.)

Recurring Measurements

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying combined financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall:

		N	in Active Iarkets for Identical		gnificant Other bservable	Uno	gnificant bservable
	Fair		Assets		Inputs		Inputs
	<u>Value</u>		(Level I)	<u>(</u>	Level II)	<u>(L</u>	evel III)
(In thousands)							
June 30, 2019							
U.S. agencies obligations	\$ 5,877	\$	-	\$	3,236	\$	2,641
U.S. Treasury obligations	50,459		-		50,459		-
State Treasurer Money							
Management Trust Fund	 55,166				55,166		
	\$ 111,502	\$		\$	108,861	\$	2,641
June 30, 2018							
U.S. agencies obligations	\$ 35,116	\$	-	\$	32,221	\$	2,895
State Treasurer Money							
Management Trust Fund	 80,204				80,204		
	\$ 115,320	\$		\$	112,425	\$	2,895

The following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying combined financial statements, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the years ended June 30, 2019 or 2018.

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level I of the valuation hierarchy. The Program's investments were not classified as Level I securities at June 30, 2019 or 2018. Level II securities include U.S. government and federal agencies and the State Treasurer Money Management Trust Fund ("MMTF") and U.S. Treasury notes. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by an independent third party pricing service using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. For these investments, the inputs used by the pricing service to determine fair

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (cont.)

value may include one, or a combination of observable inputs such as benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers and reference data market research publications. The fair value of MMTF is calculated by the internal governmental investment pool. All these types of Program's investments are classified within Level II of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level I or Level II inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level III of the hierarchy. The Program has classified one investment as Level III. The Program has a relationship with AgriBank in where the Program purchases a Federal Farm Credit Bank bond. This investment is marketed only to the Program and the Program has concluded the fair market value to be equal to the par amount.

The fair value amounts in the previous table do not reflect all investments included in the amounts presented in the combined statements of net position. GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application," provides certain exceptions for money market mutual funds.

6. Concentrations

Economic Dependency

The Program's federal revenue is dependent upon the amount of annual federal grants awarded and the amounts available for disbursement. The amount awarded varies from year to year and does have an impact on the Program's total revenue. For the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Program received 32% and 8%, respectively, of total revenue in the form of federal grants. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Program has \$18.4 million of the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2017 grants remaining to disburse.

Principal Forgiveness Loans

In the fiscal 2013, the Program began funding principal forgiveness ("PF") loans with base federal capitalization grant funds. The EPA required, as part of the base capitalization grant requirements, that a percentage of the grant be available as subsidy to eligible borrowers. With the federal fiscal 2010 and 2011 capitalization grant, at least 30% of the grant would be in the form of forgiveness of principal, negative interest loans or grants. The percentage was changed to be not less than 20%, but not greater than 30% of the federal fiscal 2012 through 2014. The 2015 grant conditions did not include a minimum. However, the 2015 grant conditions allowed up to 30% of the capitalization grant may be provided as additional subsidization consistent with the provisions provided under Water Resources Reform and Development Act ("WRRDA"). States are not required to provide a minimum amount of additional subsidization for this grant. However, the above requirement only applies to the portion of the total base capitalization grant federal appropriation that exceeds \$1 billion.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

6. Concentrations (cont.)

The amendments to the Clean Water Act, also known as the WRRDA signed into law by President Obama on June 10, 2014, provide an additional 30% available for additional subsidization (WRRDA Sec. 603 (i)) and applies to amounts received by the state in capitalization grants for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2014. Going forward, there is no minimum additional subsidy requirement that CWSRFs must comply with.

However, the 2016 through the 2019 Cap Grant conditions has a minimum for additional subsidy. In addition to the additional subsidy that can be used at a state's discretion as described in the WRRDA, the recipient agrees to use 10% of the funds available in the capitalization grant to provide additional subsidy to eligible recipients.

Affordability Criteria/Additional Subsidization

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act section 603(i)(2) requires states to develop affordability criteria that will assist them in identifying applicants that would have difficulty financing projects without additional subsidization. Arkansas provides additional subsidization in the form of principal forgiveness.

ANRC has developed the following affordability criteria to determine if a project is eligible for additional subsidization funds for the Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund ("CWRLF"):

- 1. The current utility rates or proposed utility rates for 4,000 gallons of water on an annual basis are at least 1.5% of the Median Household Income ("MHI") for the project area.
- 2. If 51% of the customers who benefit from a project are either Low or Moderate Income as defined by the U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Community Block Grant Program; and have 1.25% of MHI; or
- 3. At least a 5% change in population, for communities of 25,000 or less, compared to the population trends for 1990, 2000 and 2010 census data. The change in population figure will be determined by multiplying the average of the population trends for 1990, 2000 and 2010 by 1.05 and compared to the 2010 population (*Data Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census: 2010 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File, 2000 Census Redistricting Data (Public Law 94-171) Summary File)*; or
- 4. If the unemployment figures (average of last three 5-year American Community Survey Census Bureau numbers) are 250% higher than the state's unemployment figures.

Once a project has been determined to be eligible for additional subsidization from the CWRLF, additional priority will be given to projects that meet the Green standards set by ANRC. ANRC has allocated just over \$9.3 million for projects or project components eligible for additional subsidization, of which \$5.5 million had a closing date on or before March 31, 2018.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

6. Concentrations (cont.)

The chart below shows the minimum and maximum allowed for PF loans:

	Grant	PF		PF	~			F Amount		
	Award	Minimum	Maximum		Maxımum		Cu	mulative	k	Remaining
Federal	Amount	<u>Amount</u>		<u>Amount</u>	Disb	ursements		to Fund		
Fiscal Year			(In	thousands)						
2010	\$ 13,328	\$ 1,996	\$	6,654	\$	1,996	\$	-		
2011	9,657	895		2,983		2,435		548		
2012	9,239	513		770		350		420		
2013	8,722	411		616		-		616		
2014	9,165	499		748		-		748		
2015	9,117	-		2,735		-		2,735		
2016	8,729	873		3,491		-		3,987		
2017	8,661	866		3,464				3,464		
2018	10,500	1,050		4,200				4,200		
					\$	4,781	\$	16,718		

The Program has allocated the minimum amount for 2010 and the maximum amounts for the 2011 to the 2018 base capitalization grants as shown above. The 2015 base capitalization grant does not have a minimum amount, but the maximum amount is \$2.7 million. The Program has the option to spend up to the maximum amount for each base capitalization grant.

The Program forgives the loans as the construction draws are disbursed. In fiscal 2019 and 2018, \$741,000 and \$469,000, respectively, in PF loans were expensed.

Contingencies

The Program is partially capitalized by state funds and a federal grant program, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agency. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agency; therefore, to the extent the Program has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable a may be impaired. In the opinion of the management of the Program, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such a contingency.

Notes to Combined Financial Statements

June 30, 2019 and 2018

7. Subsequent Events Evaluation Date

The Program evaluated the events and transactions subsequent to its June 30, 2019 statement of net position date and determined there were no significant events to report through October 30, 2019, which is the date the Program issued its combined financial statements.

Combining Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2019

<u>Assets</u>	Revolving Loan Fund	Fees and Expenses	<u>Total</u>
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 78,618	\$ 7,576	\$ 86,194
Accrued interest receivable			
Investments	175	16	191
Loans	283	-	283
Accounts receivable			
Borrowers	-	170	170
EPA		106	106
Current portion of investments - restricted	52,378	3,958	56,336
Total current assets	131,454	11,826	143,280
Noncurrent assets			
Loans receivable - restricted			
Construction loans	278,722	-	278,722
Wetlands Mitigation	153	334	487
Total noncurrent assets	278,875	334	279,209
Total assets	410,329	12,160	422,489
<u>Liabilities and Net Position</u>			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	64	220	284
Accrued interest payable	78	- -	78
Current portion of bonds payable	2,745	-	2,745
Total current liabilities	2,887	220	3,107
Noncurrent liabilities			
Bonds payable, net of unamortized premiums and current portion	18,850	-	18,850
Taylor portion	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
Total liabilities	21,737	220	21,957
Net position			
Restricted by bond resolution and Program requirements	\$ 388,592	\$ 11,940	\$ 400,532

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating revenues	Revolving Loan Fund			Fees and Expenses		<u>Total</u>
Interest on investments	\$	2,760	\$	226	\$	2,986
Interest on loans	Ψ	4,139	Ψ	220	Ψ	4,139
Financing fee income		-,137		2,652		2,652
Net appreciation of investments		606		50		656
Total operating revenues		7,505		2,928		10,433
Total operating revenues		7,303		2,928		10,433
Operating expenses						
Program administration		-		268		268
Federal financial assistance - base		741		-		741
Bond interest		1,067		-		1,067
Amortization of bond premiums		(384)				(384)
Total operating expenses		1,424		268		1,692
Operating income		6,081		2,660		8,741
Nonoperating income						
Base federal grants		4,442		374	-	4,816
Income before transfers in (out), net		10,523		3,034		13,557
Transfers in (out), net		2,100		(2,900)		(800)
Changes in net position		12,623		134		12,757
Net position - beginning of year		375,969		11,806		387,775
Net position - end of year	<u>\$</u>	388,592	\$	11,940	\$	400,532

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Revolving	Fees and	
	Loan Fund	Expenses	<u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities			
Financing fee income received	\$ -	\$ 2,580	\$ 2,580
Cash paid for program administration	33	(253)	(220)
Net cash provided by operating activities	33	2,327	2,360
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		•	
Repayments of bonds payable	(2,920)	-	(2,920)
Cash paid for interest	(1,079)	-	(1,079)
Nonoperating grants received	4,442	434	4,876
Transfers in (out)	2,100	(2,900)	(800)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	2,543	(2,466)	77
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received on investments	2,886	228	3,114
Interest received on loans	4,013	-	4,013
Purchases of investments	(48,673)	(3,903)	(52,576)
Proceeds from maturities of investments	32,017	(4)	32,013
Loan disbursements	(38,789)	-	(38,789)
Principal repayments on loans	14,410	-	14,410
Federal grant funds expended	(741)		(741)
Net cash used by investing activities	(34,877)	(3,679)	(38,556)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(32,301)	(3,818)	(36,119)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	110,919	11,394	122,313
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 78,618	\$ 7,576	\$ 86,194

	Revolving Loan Fund		Fees and Expenses		<u>Total</u>	
Reconciliation of changes in net assets to net cash provided						
by operating activities						
Operating income	\$	6,081	\$	2,660	\$ 8,741	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income of changes in						
net assets to net cash provided by operating activities						
Interest on investments		(2,760)		(226)	(2,986)	
Interest on loans		(4,139)		-	(4,139)	
Bond interest		1,067		-	1,067	
Amortization of bond premiums		(384)		-	(384)	
Net appreciation of investments		(606)		(50)	(656)	
Federal grants expended		741		-	741	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Accounts receivable - borrowers		-		(71)	(71)	
Accounts payable		33		14	 47	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	33	\$	2,327	\$ 2,360	



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Commissioners of the Arkansas Natural Resources Commission

Board of Directors Arkansas Development Finance Authority Little Rock, Arkansas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the combined financial statements of the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program (the "Program"), which comprise the combined statement of net position as of June 30, 2019, and the related combined statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the basic combined financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2019, which contained an "emphasis of matter" paragraph regarding a definition of the reporting entity.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the combined financial statements, we considered the Program's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the combined financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's combined financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Program's combined financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Frast, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Little Rock, Arkansas October 30, 2019



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With the Uniform Guidance

Commissioners of the Arkansas Natural Resources Commission

Board of Directors Arkansas Development Finance Authority Little Rock, Arkansas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program's (the "Program") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Program's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Program's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Program's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations ("CFR") Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Program's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Program's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Program complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Program is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Program's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Program's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Frast. PLLC

Little Rock, Arkansas October 30, 2019

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Combined Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None Reported
Noncompliance material to combined financial statements noted?	Yes	X No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
• Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs.		Unmodified
Are any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	X No
Identification of major federal programs:		
CFDA Number(s) and Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750,000	
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	X Yes	No

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Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Reference Number	Summary of Finding	Status	
	· ·		
No matters are reportable			

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Federal		Total
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	CFDA	Provided to	Federal
Grantor Program or Cluster Title	<u>Number</u>	<u>Subrecipients</u>	Expenditures
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency/Capitalization			
Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds			
(Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster)	66.458	\$ 4,442,187	\$ 4,815,989

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

- 1. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("SEFA") includes the federal award activity of the State of Arkansas Construction Assistance Revolving Loan Fund Program (the "Program") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in the SEFA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the SEFA presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Program, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Program.
- 2. Expenditures reported on the SEFA are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following, as applicable, the cost principles in U.S. Office of Management and Budget A-110 or contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Program has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- 3. Expenditures reflected in CFDA 66.458, Capitalization Grants for the Clean Water State Revolving Funds, include loans to municipalities and other public entities for construction of water treatment facilities. The funding source for these loans includes federal grant funds, state match funds, bond funds and revolving Program funds. The funds are disbursed to the subrecipients after expenses have been incurred as forgiveness of principal and repayable loans. The Program's outstanding loan receivable balance from subrecipients was \$278.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2019. Total federal disbursements totaled \$4.4 million during fiscal year 2019, which represented funding for principal forgiveness and repayable loans. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Program received \$374,000 in federal funds for administrative costs.