Immunisation for adults pre-dialysis, on dialysis or pre-/post-kidney transplantation



- Whenever possible vaccinations should be given prior to commencing dialysis or transplant.
- The administration of non-live vaccines should not delay the transplantation process. The administration of live vaccines is contraindicated during the 4 weeks before transplant. If a patient is active on the deceased donor list and requires a live vaccine suspend them from list for 4 weeks post-vaccination. The administration of live vaccines is also contraindicated post-transplant.
- Pre-transplant includes in transplant work-up, waiting for live donor transplant, or on deceased donor list.

For children aged under 18 years, please refer to the Starship Clinical Guideline Renal vaccination record for paediatric CKD.

Vaccine	Additional notes	Recommended schedule	Pre-dialysis	Ondialysis	Pre-transplant	Post-transplant (immunosuppressed)
Influenza	 Annually, during the funded Influenza Immunisation Programme Two doses are recommended in the first year post-transplant but only the first dose is funded Influenza vaccination is recommended but not funded for household and other close contacts of pre-dialysis, dialysis, pre- and post-transplant patients. 	 If pre-dialysis, on dialysis, or pre-transplant Administer one dose annuallya If post-transplant Wait until3 months post-transplant unless at high-risk of infection: If at high risk of infection, e.g. during influenza epidemic, wait until 1 month post-transplant Administer one funded dose annually In the first-year post-transplant a second purchased influenza vaccination can be administered 4 weeks later to maximise the person's immune response to the vaccine In subsequent years only one dose is required annually 	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED
SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19)	 A third primary dose of mRNA-CV is recommended for severely immunocompromised individuals Third dose should be given 8 weeks after second dose See Immunisation Handbook in relation to timing for current/planned immunosuppressive therapies 	 If pre-dialysis, on dialysis, or pre-transplant Administer vaccine doses following the recommended schedule for the available COVID-19 vaccine If post-transplant Wait until 3months post-transplant Administer vaccine doses following the recommended schedule for the available COVID-19 vaccine 	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED
Haemophilus influenzae type b Hib (Hiberix)		Administer one dose	Recommended NOT funded	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED
Hepatitis A (Havrix)	Give on the advice of renal specialist or transplant team	Administer two doses at least 6 months apart	NOT funded	NOTfunded	FUNDED	FUNDED
Hepatitis B (Engerix-B)	 Give on the advice of renal specialist or transplant team Check serology 4 weeks after 3rd dose if non-immune, seek advice from renal specialist or transplant team 	If pre-dialysis (20mcg) Administer on 20mcgdose at each visit at 0, 1, 6-month intervals If on dialysis or pre-/post-transplant (40mcg) Coadminister two doses of 20mcg/mL (i.e. 40 mcg) at each visit at 0, 1, 6 month intervals If accelerated schedule requested by specialist or transplant team pre-transplant e.g. active on deceased donor list(40mcg) Coadminister two doses of20mcg/mL(i.e. 40mcg) a teach visit Administer three doses at 0, 1, 2 months	Recommended NOT funded	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED

Immunisation for adults pre-dialysis, on dialysis or pre-/post-kidney transplant



Vaccine	Additional notes	Recommended schedule	Pre-dialysis	On dialysis	Pre-transplant	Post-transplant (immunosuppressed)
Human papillomavirus HPV9 (Gardasil 9) femal	Recommended for males and females 18–45 years of age inclusively ^a	If pre-dialysis, on dialysis, or pre-/post-transplant • Administer three doses at 0, 2, and 6 month intervals If accelerated schedule requested by specialist or transplant team pre-transplant, e.g. active on deceased donor list • Administer three doses at 0, 1, and 2 month intervals	FUNDED up to 27 years of age	FUNDED up to 27 years of age	FUNDED up to 27 years of age	FUNDED up to 27 years of age
	inclusively		Recommended NOT funded 27 years or older	Recommended NOT funded 27 years or older	Recommended NOT funded 27 years or older	Recommended NOT funded 27 years or older
Meningococcal B 4CMenB (Bexsero)	Can be coadministered with any other vaccine	 Administer two doses 8 weeks apart Schedule a precall for a booster dose every 5 years 	NOT funded unless on immunosuppressive therapy for longer than 28 days	NOT funded unless on immunosuppressive therapy for longer than 28 days	FUNDED	FUNDED
Meningococcal MenACWY (MenQuadfi)	No NeisVac-C (MenCCV) required Prescription required for second primary dose	 Administer two doses 8 weeks apart Schedule a pre-call for a booster dose every 5 years ^b 	NOT funded unless on immunosuppressive therapy for longer than 28 days	NOT funded unless on immunosuppressive therapy for longer than 28 days	FUNDED	FUNDED
Pneumococcal PCV13 (Prevenar 13)	 A minimum of 4 weeks is required between administrationofPrevenar13 and Menactra If Pneumovax 23 has been administered before Prevenar13, wait one year to give Prevenar 13 	Administer one dose	Recommended NOT funded	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED
Pneumococcal 23PPV (Pneumovax23)	Administer Pneumovax 23 a minimum of 8 weeks after Prevenar 13	 If aged 18 years to under 60 years Administer one dose Schedule a pre-call for the second dose in 5 years Schedule a pre-call for the third/final dose 5 years after second dose or at age 65 years, whichever is later If aged 60 years or older Administer one dose Schedule a pre-call for the second/final dose in 5 years 	Recommended NOT funded	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED

Footnote

- a. Gardasil 9 is prescribed off-label for males aged 27-45 years inclusively. No safety concerns are expected. Vaccine efficacy is not expected to be significantly different to efficacy in females in the same age group.
- b. Although the need for a booster dose after this vaccination schedule has not been established, it is recommended and funded for certain special groups (Refer to Immunisation Handbook Section 13.5)

Immunisation for adults pre-dialysis, on dialysis or pre-/post-kidney transplant



Vaccine	Additional notes	Recommended schedule	Pre-dialysis	On dialysis	Pre-transplant	Post-transplant (immunosuppressed)
Polio IPV (Ipol)	Check immunisation history for a primary course of three polio containing vaccines	If unsure of polio immunisation history • Administer threedoses with a minimumof4 weeks between each dose	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED
Tetanus/diphtheria/pertussis Tdap (Boostrix)	Check immunisation history for a primary course of three tetanus/diphtheria containing vaccines	If unsure of tetanus/diphtheria immunisation history • Administer threedoses with a minimumof4 weeks between each dose If has a confident recollection of completed tetanus/diphtheria immunisation • Administer one Tdap at age 45 years if less than four documented tetanus containing vaccine doses • Administer one Tdapat age 65 years	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED
Measles/mumps/rubella MMR (Priorix)	Individuals born in 1969 or later who do not have two documented doses of MMR vaccine, or on the Advice of renal specialist or transplant team	If less than two documented doses Complete a documented course of two MMR doses Administer up to two doses at least 4 weeks apart, a,b,c or Doses as advised by renal specialist or transplant team	FUNDED	FUNDED	FUNDED for individuals who meet the eligibility criteria	CONTRAINDICATED
Varicella (chickenpox) VV (Varivax)	Give on the advice of renal specialist or transplant team	Administer two doses at least 4 weeks aparta,b,c,d	Recommended NOT funded	Recommended NOT funded	from 4 weeks pre- transplant	
Herpes zoster Recombinant rZV (Shingrix)	Recommended for: Adults from the age of 50 years and above Adults from the age of 18 years and above who are at increased risk of shingles	Administer two doses, at least 2–6 months apart	Recommended NOT funded			
			FUNDED Aged 65 years			

Footnotes

- a. Patients who have received immunoglobulin or other blood products may require time for passive antibodies to decrease prior to administration of live varicella and MMR vaccines. Refer to Table A6.1: Suggested intervals between immunoglobulin product administration or blood transfusion and MMR or varicella vaccination in the current *Immunisation Handbook*.
- b. Two or more live vaccines can be given at the same visit. However, when live vaccines are administered at different visits, a minimum interval of 4 weeks is required.
- C. Live vaccines should not be given in the 4 weeks prior to transplant. If a patient is active on the deceased donor list and requires a live vaccine, suspend them from list for 4 weeks post-vaccination.
- d. Two doses of varicella vaccine are funded for a household contact of a pre- or post-transplant patient who is not immune to varicella, where the household contact has no clinical history of varicella infection or immunisation.