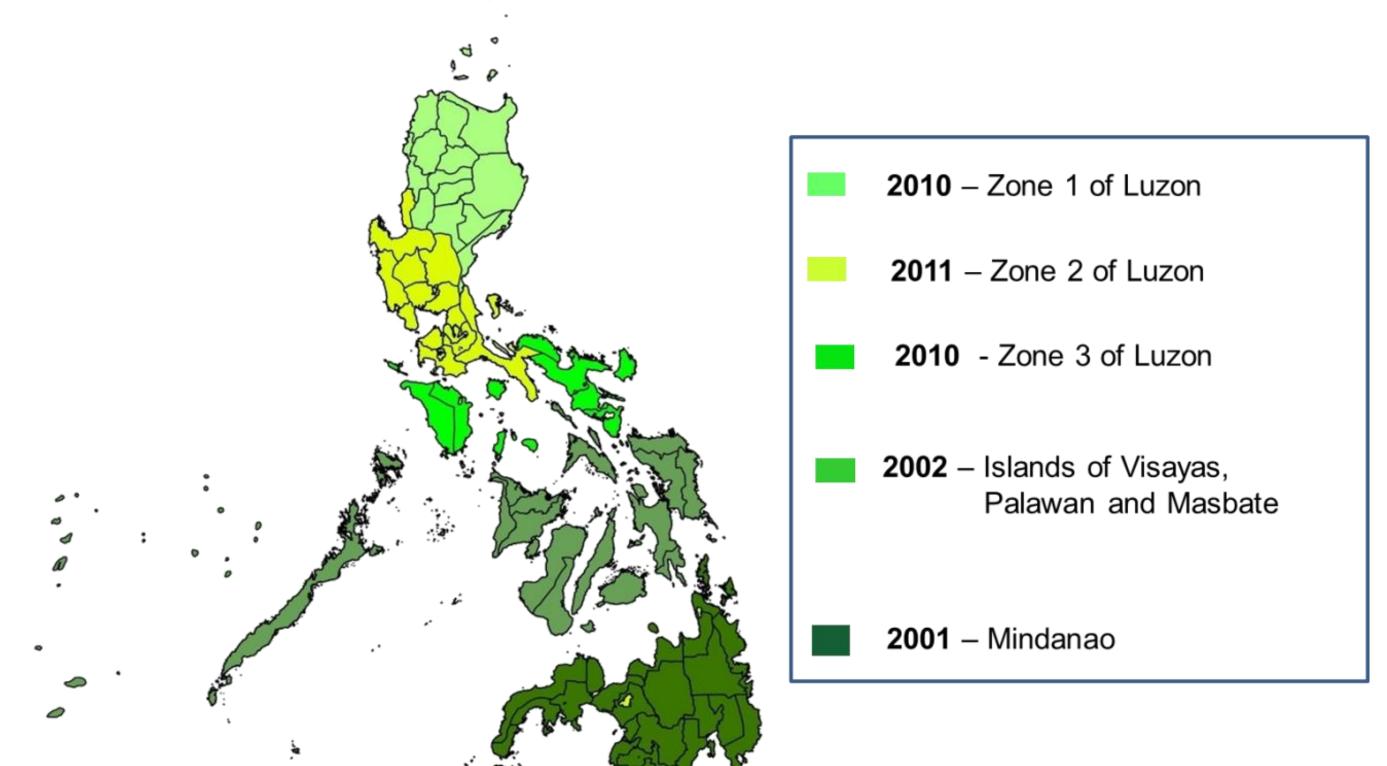
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE - BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

THE FMD EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLAN OF THE PHILIPPINES

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The Philippines OIE-recognized FMD Free zones without vaccination

(indicating the year of OIE certification)



 May 26, 2015 – The Philippines was declared as a country free of FMD where vaccination is not practised



Organisation Mondiale de la Santé World Oganisation for Animal Health

Oganización Mundial de Sanidad Animal

CERTIFICATE

Foot and mouth disease status of the Philippines

This is to certify that, following a recommendation of the OIE Scientific Commission for Animal Diseases, the World Assembly of Delegates of the OIE approved on 26 May 2015 the proposal that the Philippines be recognised by the OIE as a country free from foot and mouth disease (FMD) where vaccination is not practised in accordance with the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code (2014).

This recognition is based on the documentation submitted to the OIE by the Delegate of the Philippines. The Delegate of the Philippines to the OIE has the obligation to notify the OIE immediately if there is any change in the epidemiological situation relating to FMD in the Philippines and to confirm annually that the epidemiological situation has remained unchanged, according to the requirements of the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code.

Paris, 28 May 2015

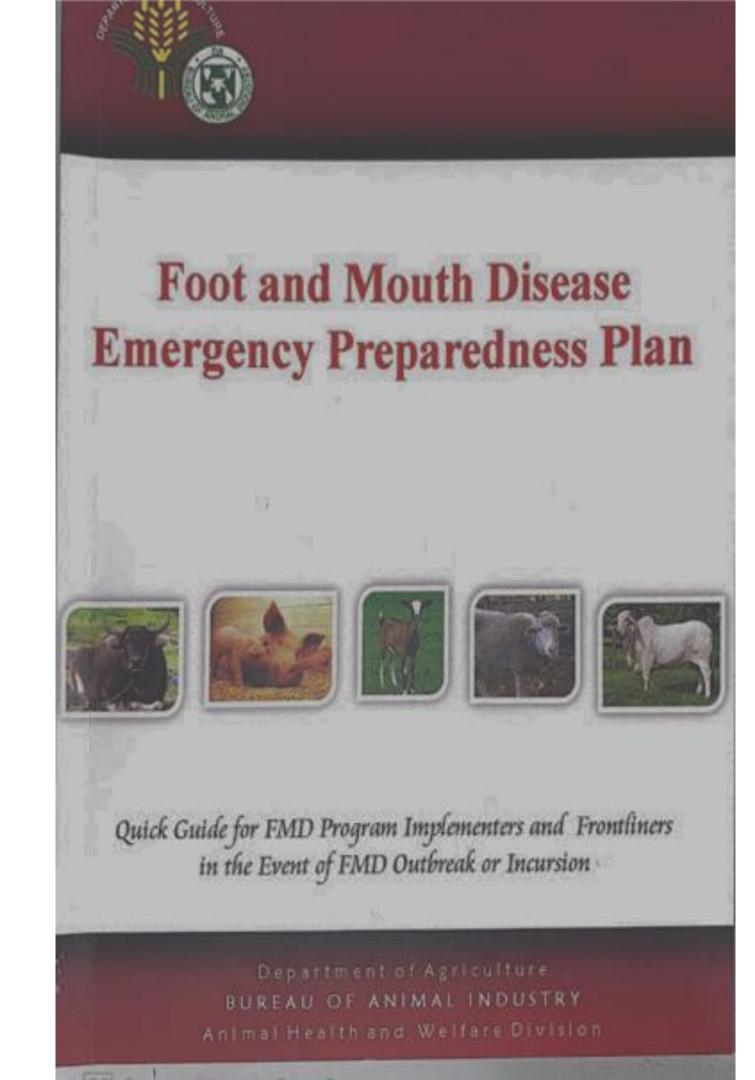
Karin Schwabenbauer
President

Bernard Vallat
Director General

FMD Emergency Preparedness Plan (FMD-EPP)

- A protocol-module handbook
- The **protocols** provide guidelines to FMD Program implementers and Frontliners in the event of FMD incursion

❖ The **modules** are aimed to sustain the awareness and review the technical knowhow of the local and regional field on the prevention, control and management of FMD.



OVERALL POLICY FOR FMD

Stamping out

Quarantine, destruction of infected and immediate slaughter of exposed animals

Quarantine and Movement Controls

Control of traffic of animals, animal products and personnel in infected areas

Decontamination

Disinfection of facilities and equipment

Outbreak Investigation

Determine source and extent of infection

Risk/Crisis Communication

Information dissemination to encourage support from stakeholders

Emergency Vaccination

For all susceptible animals in barangays (within 10km radius)

2 Types of Report

1.



CLINICAL SURVEILLANCE REPORTS 2.



FMD SUSPICION /
OUTBREAK
INCIDENT REPORTS

1.



CLINICAL SURVEILLANCE REPORTS

- Negative Monitoring Reports
- Checkpoint Monitoring Reports
- Slaughterhouse Monitoring
 Reports

1.



CLINICAL SURVEILLANCE REPORTS

a. Negative Monitoring Reports

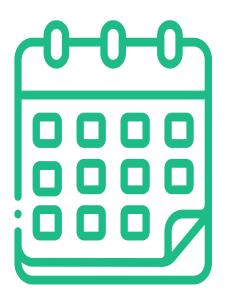
- Regularly submitted by LGUs as they conduct field visits in farms which includes inspection for signs of FMD
- Reports of **no clinical signs** are collated and encoded by the Provisional Veterinary Office (PVO) and submitted monthly to DARFOs

CLINICAL SURVEILLANCE REPORTS

b. Checkpoint Monitoring Reports

- Submitted by Veterinary Quarantine Checkpoints
 - Validation of shipping documents (Veterinary Health Certificate and Shipping Permit)
 - Ocular inspection for FMD signs
 - * Presence of signs warrants confiscation and condemnation of the animal

1.



CLINICAL SURVEILLANCE REPORTS

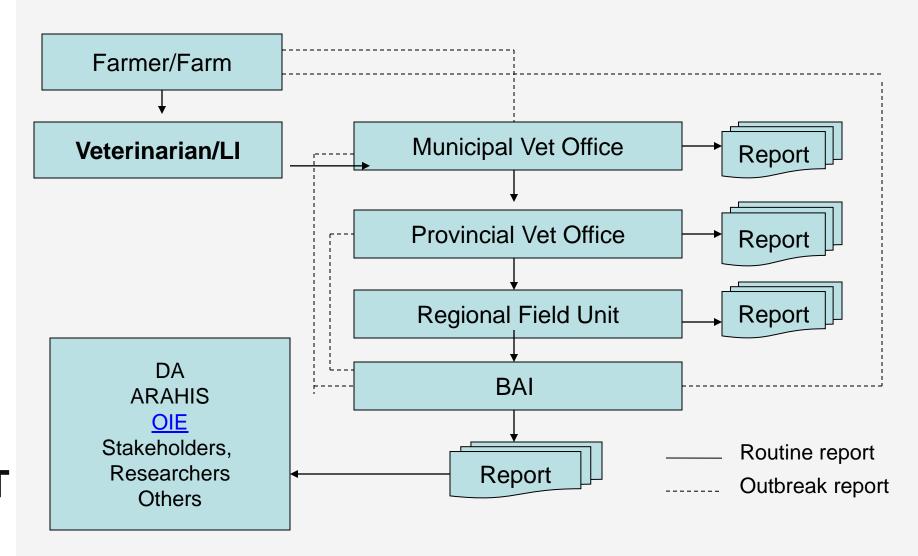
c. Slaughterhouse Monitoring Reports

- Submitted by meat inspectors
- Reports indicate absence of FMD signs including details on shipment origin

2.



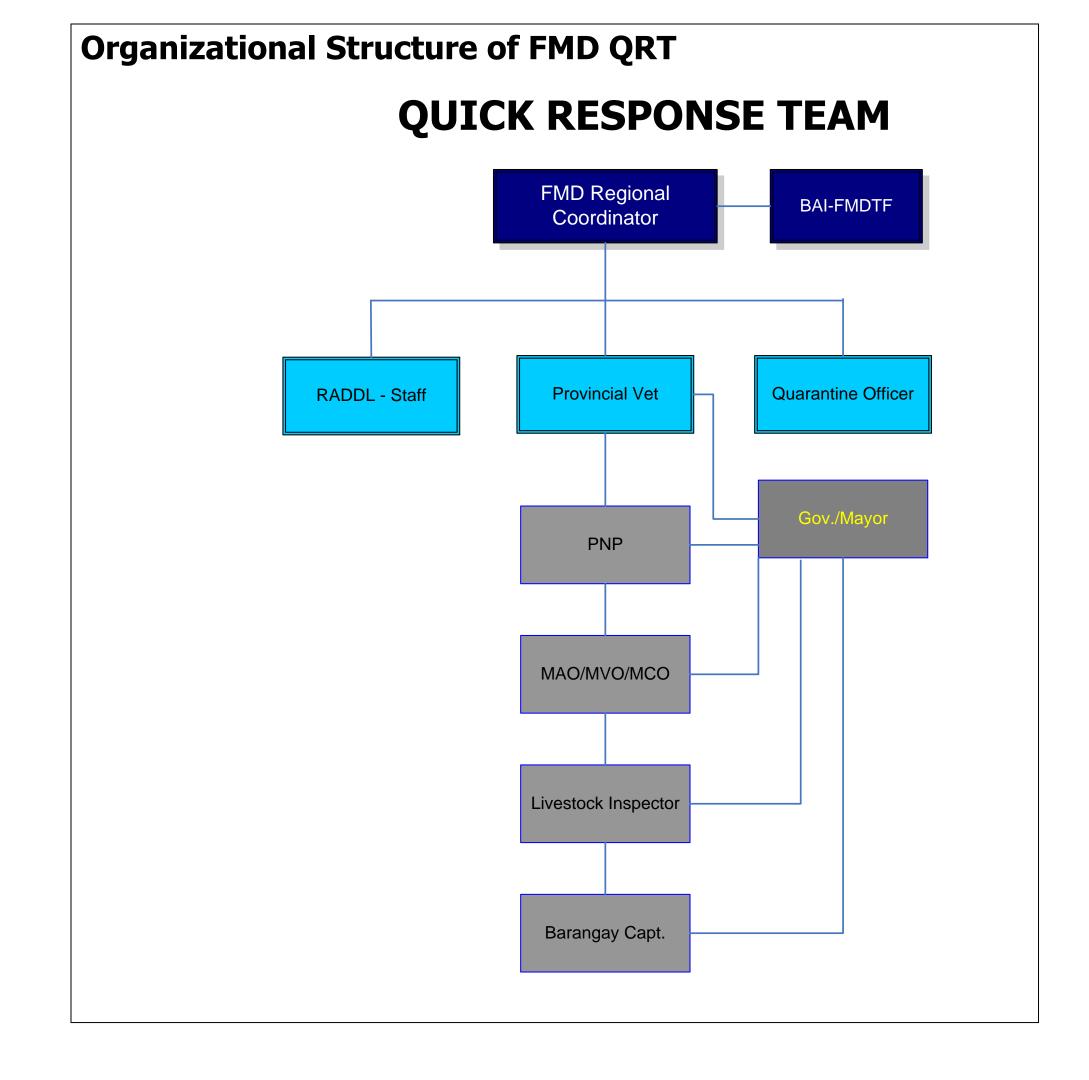
FMD SUSPICION /
OUTBREAK INCIDENT
REPORTS



FMD Flow of Reporting

The Quick Response Team (QRT)

investigates the area in question once report is received



FMD OUTBREAK MANAGEMENT

FMD Investigation Procedure

LGU

Establish FMD presence through observation of clinical signs and lesions.

DA-RFO

Verify for sample collection and submission to PAHC. Assess extent of outbreak

BAI Director

Declare area under Quarantine once found positive by the FMD Laboratory

BAI

Identification of index case (extensive trace back) for determination of type of recommendations needed

* Reports are promptly submitted to **PVO**, **BAI and Local Chief Executives** for Appropriate Actions



1. Collection of Epithelial/Vesicular samples

For diagnosis by the National FMD Diagnostic Laboratory.

- Liquid Phase Blocking (LPB) ELISA
- Non-Structural Protein (NSP) ELISA



2. Quarantine

- Affected area put under quarantine
- Exposed animals destroyed or vaccinated
- Intensive cleaning and disinfection
- Monitoring of animals
- Local Chief Executives to issue an Executive
 Order (EO) to immediately address the concern.
- The BAI Director to issue a Memorandum Order to the owner/operator for temporary closure or suspension



3. Outbreak Management

- All infected animals confiscated and destroyed
- Exposed susceptible animals vaccinated
- Ring vaccination instituted
- All susceptible animals within a 3km radius quarantined and monitored



4. Use of Sentinel Animals

- Sentinel animals shall be kept in the affected establishment for 2 weeks
- Blood samples shall be collected prior to entry to serve as baseline data
- Blood samples are also collected during their stay for confirmation of the virus
- Serosurveillance shall be conducted in adjacent villages



Animal Movement Management

Two zones shall be established:

- A. FMD Control Zone within 3 km radius of infected premises
- B. FMD Surveillance Zone succeeding 10 kms. around the Control Zone.
 - Establishment of checkpoints between villages in the Control Zone
 - •Inventory and intensive monitoring and surveillance of all susceptible animals
 - Mass vaccination of all susceptible animals within 10 kms. around the infected premises
 - Intensified Public Awareness activities



FMD Quick Guide and Directory cards





ANIMAL DISEASE RECOGNITION

Annex 1

ANIMAL DISEASE EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

Annex 2

CONTINUING EDUCATION (MODULES)

VETERINARY QUARANTINE NETWORK

Annex 3

INTEGRATED RISK AND CRISIS COMMUNICATION PLAN FOR ANIMAL HEALTH PROGRAMS

Annex 4

COMPREHENSIVE SCENARIO INDUCED-SIMULATION EXERCISE

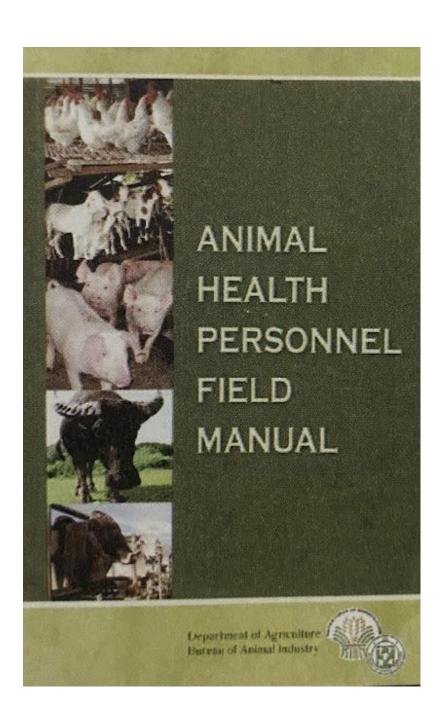
Annex 5



Animal Disease Recognition (Annex 1)

• Field Manual for Animal Health Personnel

Provides continuing
 education of personnel at
 the forefront of the FMD
 Campaign.





Training Module for FMD Preparedness Workshop (Annex 2)

- •A quick guide in addressing the outbreak of FMD (or any animal disease emergency) at the soonest possible time.
- Provides the field personnel a systematic procedure to address outbreaks.
- •Covers topics on outbreak management, condemnation and disposal of diseased animals.



Training Module for Quarantine Network (Annex 3)

- Pertinent Shipment Documentation
- Standard Operating Procedures in Veterinary Quarantine Facilities
- Maintenance of Veterinary Quarantine
 Facilities
- Common Sanctions and Violations



Risk and Crisis Communication (Annex 4)

•This module supports implementers at different levels in managing information appropriately in case of disease emergencies.



Comprehensive Scenario Induced-Simulation Exercise (CSI-SimEx) (Annex 5)

- •This aims to assess the skills of the DA
 Regional Field Unit personnel and the LGU
 Staff in responding to animal disease
 emergencies. as specified in the EMPRES Good Emergency Management Program.
- •With 2 levels:
- 1. CSI-SimEx for program implementers
- 2. CSI-SimEx for frontline field personnel

PREVENTION ACTIVITES TO MAINTAIN FREEDOM

- Annual/Bi-annual Risk-based Serosurveillance
- Monthly Clinical Surveillance (Negative Monitoring Reports)
- Implementation of synergies between FMD and other Animal Health Programs to maximize resources
- Continuing education of BAI staff through attendance to on-line training programs
- Nomination of focal persons to SEACFMD EpiNet and LabNet

- > Conduct of Risk Analysis on importation of live animals and meat
- > Inspection of hand-carried meat products
- > Confiscation of goods without SPS Import Clearance







➤Installation of foot mats at airports





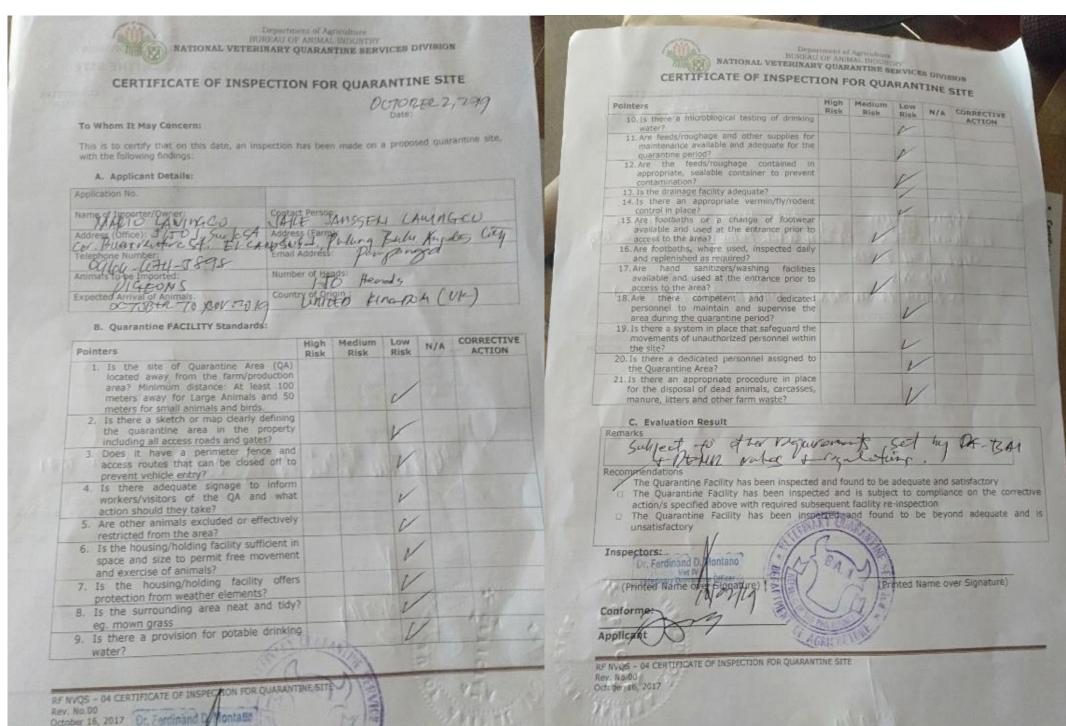
➤ Inspection at seaports





> Inspection of quarantine sites





> Establishment of checkpoints







WAYS FORWARD

- Procurement of FMD Vaccine Buffer Stock through a private vaccine bank
- Review and Revision of FMD Emergency Preparedness Plan Manual
- Updating of List of Regional and Provincial FMD Coordinators
- Orientation and re-tooling of field personnel on disease recognition and diagnosis
- Conduct of Table Top Simulation Exercises
- Conduct of risk assessment for future incursions of exotic FMDVs
- Construction of the first Cold Examination Facility for Agriculture (CEFA)
- Development of new IEC materials



