

INPATIENT / NEPHROLOGY

# Hypercalcemia

## Checklist

- **Gut Check:** Correct for albumin (corrected Ca = Serum Ca + 0.8 x (4 - albumin))
- **Admission Criteria:** If severe (Ca >14, symptoms) requires admission for treatment and expedited workup
- **Chart Check:** history of malignancy, age-appropriate cancer screening, stones, CKD, prior iCal, PTH; thiazide, calcitriol, lithium use
- **HPI Intake:** symptoms, new malignancy (weight loss, poor PO, lymphadenopathy, night sweats, blood in stool, smoking)
- **Can't Miss:** new malignancy, severe disease, AKI and renal failure
- **Admission Orders:** BMP (creatinine), LFTs (albumin, alk phos), iCal, PTH, 1,25(OH) VitD, UA (stones); malignancy - PTHrP, SPEP/UPEP, strict I/O
- **Initial Treatment to Consider:** aggressive fluids with normal saline, calcitonin for severe disease
- **Other:** hold thiazides, don't give any calcium products, consult to renal/oncology as needed

## Assessment:

- **History:** \*\*\* known malignancy, new malignancy, nephrolithiasis, CKD
- **Clinical:** \*\*\* bone pain, weakness, stones, n/v, anorexia, constipation, fatigue, confusion
- **Exam:** \*\*\* AMS, volume assessment, abdominal tenderness or distention (constipation), pain to palpation over sites of bony disease
- **Data:** \*\*\* iCal, PTH, VitD, Creatinine
- **Etiology/DDx:** \*\*\* Primary hyperPTH, CKD, malignancy (SCC lung and head/neck, breast, RCC, myeloma most common), sarcoid; uncommon - VitD toxicity, meds (thiazine, lithium), immobilization, milk alkali, hyperthyroid, adrenal insufficiency

## Plan:

### Workup

- f/u iCal, PTH, VitD, BMP (renal function), LFTs (alk phos)
- low PTH or high concern for malignancy - PTHrP, SPEP/UPEP/SFLC, consider pan scan
- surgery consult if primary hyperPTH and symptomatic OR Ca >11.5, osteoporosis/fracture, nephrolithiasis, age <50

### Treatment

- **Fluids:** \*\*\* PO vs IV - for severe hyperCa, bolus NS then aggressive 200-300cc/hr for goal UOP 100-150 cc/hr and diurese as needed to avoid overload
- **Calcitonin** 4-8U/kg BID for 48 hours if Ca >14 or severe symptoms
- **Bisphosphonates:** zoledronic acid 4mg IV > pamidronate 90mg IV q3-4 weeks; need to take for 2-4 days for effect; replete VitD <20 along with bisphosphonates cautiously (400-800 units daily); do not give if profound AKI
- Consider denosumab for patients with CKD or other bisphosphonate contraindication (60mg) or refractory to zoledronic acid 8mg (120mg)
- Avoid contributory medications including thiazides, lithium, IV phosphate
- If not surgical candidate with Primary hyperPTH - bisphosphonate, cinacalcet, and tamoxifen are all options

