

EXCLUSION SUMMARY

for Child Care and Early Education Operations During COVID-19

UPDATED JANUARY 2021

If child or staff member has had illness with fever, unusual cough, new loss of taste or smell or shortness of breath in the last 10 days:

If a child or staff member has been exposed to someone with a current **presumptive** case or positive COVID-19 case:

If a child or staff member develops symptoms listed in column 1 or learns they have been exposed to a positive or **presumptive case** while at the facility:

If a child or staff member has a household member with symptoms of COVID-19 who is not a presumptive case or confirmed case:

Remember to check for the normal (non-COVID) childhood illnesses:

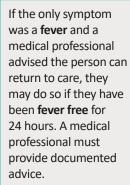


Person should be sent home. If person tests positive or does not get tested, they must stay away from the facility for 10 days after onset of symptoms and 24 hours after both fever free and cough resolves.

The person must be excluded from care if they were exposed to a presumptive case or positive COVID-19 case during the infectious period.



If person tests negative for COVID-19, they may return 24 hours after resolution of cough and are fever free.



Exposed person must quarantine for 10 days. Start counting 10 days from the last time the person had contact with a presumptive case or confirmed case while the case was in the infectious period. For household contacts, quarantine starts the day after the infectious

period ends.



Separate the person until they can leave the facility and send home as soon as possible.

Carefully monitor the person for symptoms. Encourage the ill household member to get tested.

Important Definitions

Unusual cough means out of the ordinary for this person – e.g., not usual asthma or allergies.

Fever means 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit or more.

Fever free means a temperature less than 100.4 degrees Fahrenheit without the use of fever reducing medication.

Exposure means close contact with a COVID-19 case (less than six feet) for longer than 15 minutes in a 24-hour period.

Presumptive case means a person who was exposed to a positive COVID-19 case and has developed symptoms.

The infectious period is two days before to 10 days after the person with COVID-19 first becomes symptomatic. If the COVID-19 case doesn't have symptoms, infectious period is 2 days before the day the test was taken (not the day they got their test result) to 10 days after.

Quarantine means you stay away from other people when you may become sick, even if you have no symptoms. Quarantine should last at least 10 days. Quarantine may be shortened to 7 days if: you take a test between days 5 and 7 of your quarantine, the test is negative, and you don't have symptoms.

Children cannot be denied care because of the fear of transmission of COVID-19:

In addition to Oregon laws prohibiting discrimination, a provider cannot refuse to enroll a child in the program based on a belief that the child is more susceptible to contracting COVID-19 due to the child's or parent's occupation, race, ethnicity, geographic location, disability, or pre-existing health condition.

For more information, visit oregonearlylearning.com/COVID-19-Resources. Providers can also submit questions by emailing ProviderContact@state.or.us.





Diarrhea, vomiting, headache with a stiff neck. "pink eye," rash, etc.



Child may return to care after 24 hours symptom-free (48 hours for vomiting or diarrhea).