Pakistan Strategy

Policy rate kept unchanged, beating expectations of a hike

- In a surprise move, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) of the SBP decided to keep policy rate unchanged at 22%, contrary to general expectations of an increase in the range of 100-200bps to 23-24%.
- Key reasons for the status-quo was cited as 1) the expected deceleration in the pace of inflation readings from Oct'23 particularly during the 2nd half of the ongoing fiscal year, 2) the recent appreciation in PKR against the USD with the administrative and regulatory measures taken, and 3) growth trajectory and trends in CAD largely falling in line with expectations of the MPC. Key takeaways from the Monetary Policy Statement and briefing by the SBP include:
 - The Governor SBP highlighted that the country needs to repay debt of USD24.6bn (USD21.2 principal and USD3.4bn interest), out of which, USD2.2bn (principal) and USD0.6bn (interest) has already been paid during FY24TD, leaving USD19bn principal outstanding for the remaining of FY24. Excluding total roll-over commitments of USD11bn, Pakistan needs to arrange for a net repayment of principal amounting to USD8bn during the remaining FY224.
 - Current reserves with the SBP stand at USD7.6bn with USD14bn as committed inflows during the year, SBP sees Pakistan external debt repayment capacity adequate for the current year including an estimated current account deficit of 0.5-1.5% of GDP (a CAD of approximately USD1.5-5.5bn).
 - The Governor SBP also highlighted that for the Sep-end quantitative targets of the SBP by the IMF are all met, which include, ceiling on forward swap of USD4.2bn, floor on net international reserves of USD-14.5bn, ceiling on NDA of SBP of PKR15tn, and ceiling on GoP's borrowing for budgetary support from the SBP of PKR4.7tn. The structural benchmark of average spread of 1.25% between interbank and open market exchange rate has also been met.
- Based on our estimates, inflation is expected to average above 27% from Sep'23 to Jan'24 (preliminary estimate for Sep'23 inflation is ~31%) before gradually going down to an estimated average of around 20% for Feb-Jun'24. We have however not incorporated any major hike in gas and electricity prices from here.
- With this status quo, the market may see interest rate topping-out at current level with the current inflation expectations, appreciation of PKR against USD in both open and interbank markets, and overall macroeconomic indicators remaining within SBP projections.
- Surge in international commodities prices particularly oil, rising trend in imports with removal of restrictions, continued slowdown in exports and remittances, and delays in materialization of planned USD inflows are key risks to external account, exchange rate parity, inflation expectations and hence outlook for interest rates. However, potential improvement in exports and remittances are the major silver-lining.
- Therefore, while we tend to agree that interest rates may have peaked at current level, data for the next couple of months is critical to support this view with impending hikes in fuel (petrol, diesel and gas) and energy (electricity) prices to pass on international prices and exchange loses and their ripple effects, are yet to be incorporated.
- The stock market is likely to react positively to this development and we highlight stocks of high leverage companies, and high dividend yielding stocks as outperformers in the post-MPC rally.

Annexure

Analyst Certification & Disclosures

Analyst Certification:

All of the views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal views of the responsible analyst(s) about any and all of the subject securities or issuers. No part of the compensation of the responsible analyst(s) named herein is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed by the responsible analyst(s) in this report.

Disclaimer

This information and opinion contained in this report have been complied by our research department from sources believed by it to be reliable and in good faith, but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to their accuracy, completeness or correctness. All opinions and estimates contained in the document constitute the department's judgment as of the date of this document and are subject to change without notice and are provided in good faith but without legal responsibility.

This report is not, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to BUY any securities. Next Capital Limited (the company) or persons connected with it may from time to time have an investment banking or other relationship, including but not limited to, the participation or investment in commercial banking transactions (including loans) with some or all of the issuers mentioned therein, either for their own account or the ac- count of their customers. Persons connected with the company may provide or have provided corporate finance and other services to the issuer of the securities mentioned herein, including the issuance of options on securities mentioned herein or any related investment and may make a purchase and/or sale, or offer to make a purchase and/or sale of the securities or any related investment from time to time in the open market or otherwise, in each case either as principal or agent.

This report may contain forward looking statements which are often but not always identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "expect", "forecast", "predict" and "project" and statements that an event or result "may", "will", "can", "should", "could" or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Such forward looking statements are based on assumptions made and information currently available to us and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue relevance on these forward looking statements. NCEL expressly disclaims any obligation to update or revise any such forward looking statements to reflect new information, events or circumstances after the date of this publication or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Exchange rate fluctuations may affect the return to investors. Neither the company or any of its affiliates, nor any other person, accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this report or the information contained therein.

Next Capital Limited, its respective affiliate companies, associates, directors and/or employees may have investments in securities or derivatives of securities or companies mentioned in this report, and may make investment decisions that are inconsistent with the views expressed in this report.

Rating Definition

BUY	Total stock return > 15%
NEUTRAL	Total stock return between 0% - 15%
SELL	Total Stock return < 0%

^{*} Total stock return = capital gains + dividend yield

Valuation Methodology:

- To arrive at our period end target prices, Next Capital Limited uses different valuation methodologies including but not limited to:
- Discounted cash flow (DCF, DDM)
- Relative Valuation (P/E, P/B, P/S etc.)
- Equity & Asset return based methodologies (EVA, Residual Income etc.)