

## Economy

November 28, 2022

Pakistan Equities  
Economy

### Key Points

- The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) of the SBP in a surprise move has increased the policy rate by 100bps to 16% in its meeting held on Nov. 25, 2022. The discount rate now stands at its highest level since Jul'98.
- Subsequently the discount rate, floor of the interest rate corridor, minimum deposit rate on savings accounts, and rates on export refinance schemes and LTFF have also been increased by 100bps.
- The MPC in its Monetary Policy Statement (MPS) highlighted that inflationary pressures have proven to be stronger and more persistent than previously expected and required a monetary response. These pressures are spilling over into broader prices and wages and hence leading to higher core NFNE inflation.
- Our estimates for National CPI inflation are 0.9%MoM/24.1%YoY for Nov'22, compared to 26.6% of Oct'22. Slowdown in food inflation from 5.6%MoM in Oct'22 to an estimated 1.6%MoM in Nov'22, and absence of electricity price adjustment after the resumption of FCA component in Oct'22, are the key reasons for a relatively softer inflation compared to the previous month.
- The MPC have revised upwards its expected inflation range for FY23 to 21-23% maintaining that inflation is expected to moderate towards the 7% target by the end of FY24. It also highlighted that even after incorporating Post-Disaster Needs Assessment of the floods and latest developments, FY23 growth and CAD projections are maintained at around 2% and 3% of GDP, respectively.
- For equities market, we opine, political uncertainties particularly in case the 2 key provincial assemblies are dissolved, despite smooth-sailing of the appointment of COAS, would play a critical role in shaping investor sentiments and liquidity in the market.

### Policy rate jacked-up further by 100bps

The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) of the SBP in a surprise move, has increased the policy rate by 100bps to 16% in its meeting held on Nov. 25, 2022. This would take the discount rate to 17% while the minimum deposit rate, floor of the interest rate corridor, and rates on export refinance and LTFF, would also be increased by 100bps. The discount rate has reached highest level since Jul'98.

### Persistent inflationary pressures, the main cause of further tightening

The MPC in its Monetary Policy Statement (MPS) highlighted that inflationary pressures have proven to be stronger and more persistent than previously expected. These pressures despite being mainly due to supply shocks leading to cost push inflation, are spilling over into broader prices and wages. This is also resulting in higher core non-food-non-energy inflation. Hence this cost push inflation can not be overlooked, which can elevate inflationary expectations and undermine medium-term growth. At the same time, curbing food inflation through administrative measures to resolve supply-chain bottlenecks and any necessary imports remains a high priority.

### Nov'22 CPI inflation expected at 24.1%

Our estimates for National CPI inflation are 0.9%MoM/24.1%YoY for Nov'22. This compares favourably with 4.7%MoM/26.6%YoY of the previous month. Slowdown in food inflation from 5.6%MoM in Oct'22 to an estimated 1.6%MoM in Nov'22, and absence of electricity price adjustment after the resumption of FCA component, are the key reasons for a relatively softer inflation compared to the previous month. The estimated inflation for Nov'22 would take the 5MFY23 average inflation to 25.2% compared to 9.3% of the same period last year.

### Outlook

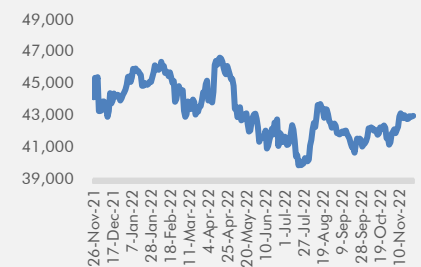
The MPC have revised upwards its expected inflation range for FY23 to 21-23%, which is also in-line with our estimates. This also implies that the expected trajectory for monthly YoY inflation out-turns is expected to decelerate in the remaining months of the ongoing year. Moreover, the MPC maintained that inflation is expected to moderate towards the 7% target by the end of FY24. Regarding growth and CAD projections, the MPC highlighted that even after incorporating Post-Disaster Needs Assessment of the floods and latest developments, FY23 growth and CAD projections are maintained at around 2% and 3% of GDP, respectively. The hike in interest rates despite larger expectations of status-quo may lead to some pressure in the capital markets. For equities market, we opine, political uncertainties particularly in case the 2 key provincial assemblies are dissolved, despite smooth-sailing of the appointment of COAS, would play a critical role in shaping investor sentiments and liquidity in the market.

### Key Data

KSE100 Index	42,937
KSE-All Share Value (PKRmn)	6,052
KSE-All Share Value (USDmn)	27.0
KSE-All Share Volume (Shmn)	177.1
Market Capitalization (PKRtn)	6.9
Market Capitalization (USDbn)	30.6
1 Year High	46,970
1 Year Low	39,541

Source: PSX, Next Research

### KSE100 1 Year Performance



Source: Mettis Global, Next Research

**Shahab Farooq**

+92-21-35222204

shahab.farooq@nextcapital.com.pk

# Analyst Certification, Disclosures & Contacts

## Analyst Certification

All of the views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal views of the responsible analyst(s) about any and all of the subject securities or issuers. No part of the compensation of the responsible analyst(s) named herein is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed by the responsible analyst(s) in this report.

## Disclaimer

This information and opinion contained in this report have been compiled by our research department from sources believed by it to be reliable and in good faith, but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to their accuracy, completeness or correctness. All opinions and estimates contained in the document constitute the department's judgment as of the date of this document and are subject to change without notice and are provided in good faith but without legal responsibility.

This report is not, and should not be construed as, an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any securities. Next Capital Limited (the company) or persons connected with it may from time to time have an investment banking or other relationship, including but not limited to, the participation or investment in commercial banking transactions (including loans) with some or all of the issuers mentioned therein, either for their own account or the account of their customers. Persons connected with the company may provide or have provided corporate finance and other services to the issuer of the securities mentioned herein, including the issuance of options on securities mentioned herein or any related investment and may make a purchase and/or sale, or offer to make a purchase and/or sale of the securities or any related investment from time to time in the open market or otherwise, in each case either as principal or agent.

This report may contain forward looking statements which are often but not always identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "expect", "forecast", "predict" and "project" and statements that an event or result "may", "will", "can", "should", "could" or "might" occur or be achieved and other similar expressions. Such forward looking statements are based on assumptions made and information currently available to us and are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue relevance on these forward looking statements. NCEL expressly disclaims any obligation to update or revise any such forward looking statements to reflect new information, events or circumstances after the date of this publication or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Next Capital Limited, its respective affiliate companies, associates, directors and/or employees may have investments in securities or derivatives of securities of companies mentioned in this report, and may make investment decisions that are inconsistent with the views expressed in this report.

## Rating System

Next Capital Limited employs a three tier rating system depending upon sector's proposed weight in the portfolio as compared to sectors weight in KSE-100 index, as follows:

Rating	Sector's proposed weight in the portfolio
Over Weight	> Weight in KSE 100 index
Market Weight	= Weight in KSE 100 Index
Under Weight	< Weight in KSE 100 Index

Next Capital Limited also employs a three tier rating system, depending upon expected total return (R) of the stock, as follows:

Rating	Expected Total Return
Buy	$R \geq 15\%$
Neutral	$0\% \geq R < 15\%$
Sell	$R < 0\%$

Where;

$R = \text{Expected Dividend Yield} + \text{Expected Capital Gain}$

R' is before tax

Investment horizon is between six months to twelve months

Ratings are updated regularly based on the latest developments in the economy/sector/company, changes in stock prices, and changes in analyst's assumptions.

## Karachi Head Office

2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Imperial Court Building,  
Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed Road,  
Karachi75530 , Pakistan

☎: +92-21-111-639-825

☎: +92-21-35632321

## Lahore Office

63-A, Agora Eden City  
DHA Phase VIII,  
Lahore, Pakistan

☎: +92-42-37135843-8

☎: +92-42-37135840

## Research

☎: 92-21-111-639-825 (Ext:109, 129)

✉: [research@nextcapital.com.pk](mailto:research@nextcapital.com.pk)

## Sales and Trading

☎: 92-21-111-639-825 (Ext: 106)

✉: [equitysales@nextcapital.com.pk](mailto:equitysales@nextcapital.com.pk)

## Corporate Finance & Advisory

☎: 92-21-111-639-825 (Ext: 131)

✉: [cf@nextcapital.com.pk](mailto:cf@nextcapital.com.pk)

[www.nextcapital.com.pk](http://www.nextcapital.com.pk)