# STAYSAFU AUDIT

JULY 13TH, 2022

SHINRAI INU

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## **AUDIT SUMMARY**

This report was written for Shinrai Inu (SHINRAI) in order to find flaws and vulnerabilities in the Shinrai Inu project's source code, as well as any contract dependencies that weren't part of an officially recognized library.

A comprehensive examination has been performed, utilizing Static Analysis, Manual Review, and Shinrai Inu Deployment techniques. The auditing process pays special attention to the following considerations:

- Testing the smart contracts against both common and uncommon attack vectors
- Assessing the codebase to ensure compliance with current best practices and industry standards
- Ensuring contract logic meets the specifications and intentions of the client
- Cross referencing contract structure and implementation against similar smart contracts produced by industry leaders
- Through line-by-line manual review of the entire codebase by industry expert

## **AUDIT OVERVIEW**

## **PROJECT SUMMARY**

Project name	Shinrai Inu
Description	Shinrai Inu is a BNB Chain token that generates passive income to holders, receiving a percentage of auto reflections on every transaction with a primary use case developing an easy to use dapp, dashboard and nft character collection with Staking features
Platform	BNB Chain
Language	Solidity
Codebase	https://bscscan.com/address/0xd397fcbd4fb 3f8cd3b3053d7b3e418dc47d357ea#code

## FINDINGS SUMMARY

Vulnerability	Total
• Critical	0
<ul><li>Major</li></ul>	0
<ul><li>Medium</li></ul>	2
<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>	1

Informational

0

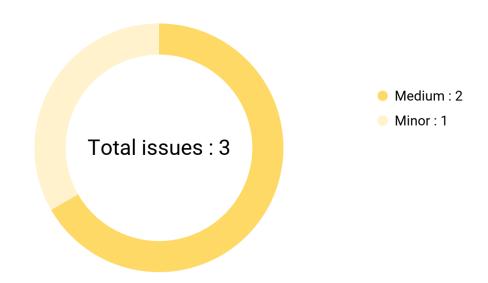
#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Shinrai Inu is a BEP20 token that powers the entire Shinrai Inu project, which includes NFTs, P2E game, and rewarding mechanisms. The token includes reflection mechanisms, splitted as it follows:

- -Automatic burn 1%
- -Liquidity mechanism 2%
- -Marketing fee 4%
- -Reflections 1%

There have been no major or critical issues related to the codebase and all findings listed in the process are informational or minor. The major security problems are the dependence on a decentralized exchange platform and the centralization of privileges.

# **AUDIT FINDINGS**



Code	Title	Severity
CENT-1	Centralization of major privileges	<ul><li>Medium</li></ul>
EXT-1	External protocol dependencies	<ul><li>Medium</li></ul>
BLOC-1	Usage of block.timestamp	<ul><li>Minor</li></ul>

# BLOC-1 | Using block.timestamp

#### Description

The use of block.timestamp can be problematic. The timestamp can be partially manipulated by the miner (see <a href="https://cryptomarketpool.com/">https://cryptomarketpool.com/</a> block-timestamp-manipulation-attack/ ). In this smart contract this is not critical as in the worst case an attacker could force the automatic liquidity mechanism to run faster or unpause the contract earlier.

#### Recommendation

We fully understand the smart contract's logic of the Shinrai Inu token. The use of block.timestamp is required to power the auto-liquify mechanism and we cannot replace it. Nevertheless, it is still useful to point out this kind of potential security problem.

# CENT-1 | Centralization of major privileges

### Description

The onlyOwner modifier of the smart contract gives major privileges over it (owner can change the marketing wallet address or exclude/include addresses from taxes)\*. This can be a problem, in the case of a hack, an attacker who has taken possession of these privileged accounts could damage the project and the investors.

\*This list is not exhaustive but presents the most sensitive points

#### Recommendation

We recommend at least to use a multi-sig wallet as the owner address, and at best to establish a community governance protocol to avoid such centralization. For more information, see <a href="https://solidity-by-example.org/app/multi-sig-wallet/">https://solidity-by-example.org/app/multi-sig-wallet/</a>

## EXT-1 | Dependence to an external protocol

#### Description

The contract is serving as the underlying entity to interact with third party PancakeSwap protocols. The scope of the audit would treat this third party entity as black box and assume it is fully functional. However in the real world, third parties may be compromised and may have led to assets lost or stolen.

#### Recommendation

We encourage the team to constantly monitor the security level of the entire PancakeSwap project, as the security of the token is highly dependent on the security of the decentralized exchange platform.

## Global security warnings

These are safety issues for the whole project. They are not necessarily critical problems but they are inherent in the structure of the project itself. Potential attack vectors for these security problems should be monitored.

## CENT-1 | Global SPOF (Single Point Of Failure)

The project's smart contracts often have a problem of centralized privileges. The owner system in particular can be subject to attack. To address this security issue we recommend using a multi-sig wallet, establishing secure project administration protocols and strengthening the security of project administrators.

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#### StaySAFU security assessment

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This report in no way provides investment advice, nor should be leveraged as investment advice of any sort. This report represents an extensive assessing process intending to help our customers increase the quality of their code while reducing the high level of risk presented by cryptographic tokens and blockchain technology.

Blockchain technology and cryptographic assets present a high level of ongoing risk.

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