

# **Disclosure**

### Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements in this presentation, and at times made by our officers and representatives, constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the "Safe Harbor" provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Generally, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as "project", "outlook", "target", "may", "will", "would", "should", "expect", "plan", "intend", "forecast", "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "predict", "potential", "likely", "goal", "strategy", "future", "maintain", and "continue" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terms. Examples of forward-looking statements in this presentation include, among others, statements regarding:

- · Future market conditions, including anticipated car and other sales levels and the supply of inventory;
- Our business strategy and plans, including achieving our 2025 Plan and related targets;
- The growth, expansion, make-up and success of our network, including our finding accretive acquisitions and acquiring additional stores;
- Annualized revenues from acquired stores;
- The growth and performance of our Driveway e-commerce home solution and Driveway Finance Corporation ("DFC"), their synergies and other impacts on our business and our ability to meet Driveway and DFC-related targets;
- The impact of sustainable vehicles and other market and regulatory changes on our business;
- Our capital allocations and uses and levels of capital expenditures in the future;
- Expected operating results, such as improved store performance, continued improvement of selling, general
  and administrative expenses ("SG&A") as a percentage of gross profit and any projections;
- Our anticipated financial condition and liquidity, including from our cash and the future availability of our credit facilities, unfinanced real estate and other financing sources;
- Our continuing to purchase shares under our share repurchase program;
- · Our compliance with financial and restrictive covenants in our credit facilities and other debt agreements;
- · Our programs and initiatives for employee recruitment, training, and retention; and
- Our strategies and targets for customer retention, growth, market position, operations, financial results and risk management.

Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict and many of which are outside of our control. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, and our actual results of operations, financial condition and liquidity and development of the industry in which we operate may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements in this presentation. Therefore, you should not rely on any of these forward-looking statements. The risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from estimated or projected results include, without limitation:

- Future national and local economic and financial conditions, including as a result of regional or global public health issues, inflation and governmental programs and spending;
- The market for dealerships, including the availability of stores to us for an acceptable price;
- Changes in customer demand, our relationship with, and the financial and operational stability of, OEMs and other suppliers;
- Changes in the completive landscape, including through technology and our ability to deliver new products, services
  and customer experiences and a portfolio of in-demand and available vehicles;
- Risks associated with our indebtedness, including available borrowing capacity, interest rates, compliance with financial covenants and ability to refinance or repay indebtedness on favorable terms;
- The adequacy of our cash flows and other conditions which may affect our ability to fund capital expenditures, obtain favorable financing and pay our quarterly dividend at planned levels;
- Disruptions to our technology network including computer systems, as well as natural events such as severe weather, or man-made or other disruptions of our operating systems, facilities or equipment;
- Government regulations and legislation; and
- The risks set forth throughout "Part II, Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of
  Operations" and in "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and in "Part II, Item
  1A. Risk Factors" of our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and from time to time in our other filings with the SEC.

Any forward-looking statement made by us in this presentation is based only on information currently available to us and speaks only as of the date on which it is made. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

### Non-GAAP Financial Measures

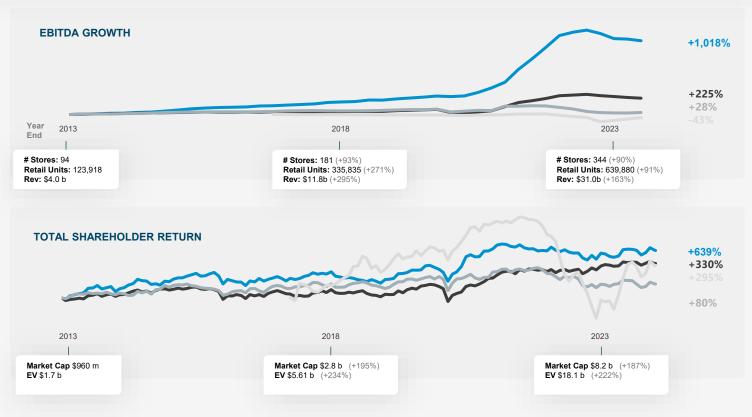
This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures such as adjusted net income and diluted earnings per share, adjusted SG&A as a percentage of revenue and gross profit, adjusted operating margin, adjusted operating profit as a percentage of revenue and gross profit, adjusted pre-tax margin and net profit margin, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, leveraged EBITDA and adjusted total debt. Non-GAAP measures do not have definitions under GAAP and may be defined differently by and not comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. As a result, we review any non-GAAP financial measures in connection with a review of the most directly comparable measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. We caution you not to place undue reliance on such non-GAAP measures, but also to consider them with the most directly comparable GAAP measures. We present cash flows from operations in the attached tables, adjusted to include the change in non-trade floor plan debt to improve the visibility of cash flows related to vehicle financing. As required by SEC rules, we have reconciled these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures in the attachments to this presentation. We believe the non-GAAP financial measures we present improve the transparency of our disclosures; provide a meaningful presentation of our results from core business operations, because they exclude items not related to core business operations and other non-cash items; and improve the period-to-period comparability of our results from core business operations. These presentations should not be considered an alternative to GAAP measures.

# Lithia & Driveway

# **Profitably Modernizing an Industry**

Building a profitable platform with the ability to respond to changing consumer and industry trends.

# HIGHLIGHTS Strategy Diverse synergistic portfolio of businesses Complete ownership lifecycle attachment 100% participation in \$2 trillion+ market Track Record\* 10-year Revenue Growth CAGR: 23% 10-year Total Shareholder Return CAGR: 25% 10-year EPS Growth CAGR: 24% Target 100% national coverage Highly profitable with significant cash flows LAD Used Car Retailer E-Commerce Auto Retailer



# **LAD Strategy Design**

Verticals – Consumer Growth (REV)

Horizontals – Consumer Synergies (EPS)

**KEY** 

<2019 2023 2030+ Revenue: \$12.3B Revenue: \$75-100B Revenue: \$31B Revenue: \$50B | EPS: \$55-60 \$1B Revenue = ~\$0.87 EPS \$1B Revenue = \$1.19 EPS \$1B Revenue = **\$1.10-\$1.25 EPS** \$1B Revenue = \$1.75 - \$2 EPS SG&A: 63% SG&A: 55-65% SG&A: 65-70% SG&A: <50% Op Margin: ~4% Op Margin: 5.5% Op Margin: 4.5-5% Op Margin: 5+%



# **Key Strategic Highlights**



# **Profitably Modernizing an Industry**

Building a profitable platform with the ability to respond to changing consumer and industry trends.

01	LARGEST RETAIL INDUSTRY	Early stages of consolidation and modernization. Variety of brands, financing solutions, leasing, repair & maintenance options
02	CONSUMER ECOSYSTEM	Offerings all aspects of vehicle ownership for the entire lifecycle with omni-channel solutions
03	OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE	
		Building a diversified and highly adaptable model. Management team in place for over a decade
04	GROWTH & SCALE	Disciplined M&A generating strong returns and convenient consumer accessibility
05	ADJACENCIES	Transformative, systematic expansion creating diversification and leveraging strengths
06	PREMIER RETAILER	Dynamic retailer responsive to consumer trends and driving profitability

# **Over \$3 Trillion in Revenue Across Industries**



Proven consolidator in large, highly fragmented addressable markets













# **Strategic Omnichannel Ecosystem**

Wherever, Whenever, However







- Knowledgeable associates
- Vast new and used vehicle selection
- Offerings for all affordability levels



Omni-channel with in-store and online solutions

Creating infectious customer loyalty

## Financing

- Financing expertise
- Vast lender network, including DFC
- Full-spectrum financing solutions with monthly customer touchpoints



### Software

- Integrated experience for customers and associates
- · Customized offerings for consumers
- Flexible systems, seamless integration



### **Other Adjacencies**

- Provides additional offerings and expands potential customers
- Potential adjacencies: fleet management, consumer insurance, RVs, power sports & more



and models

**Aftersales** 

· Convenient mobile service offerings

· Online scheduling with pick up/drop off options

· Factory-trained technicians servicing all makes



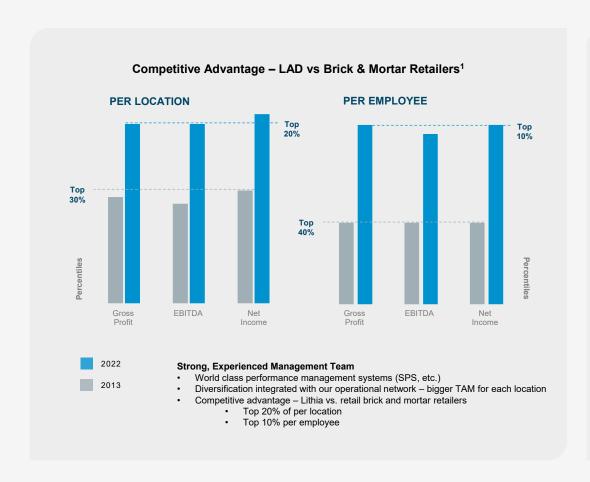


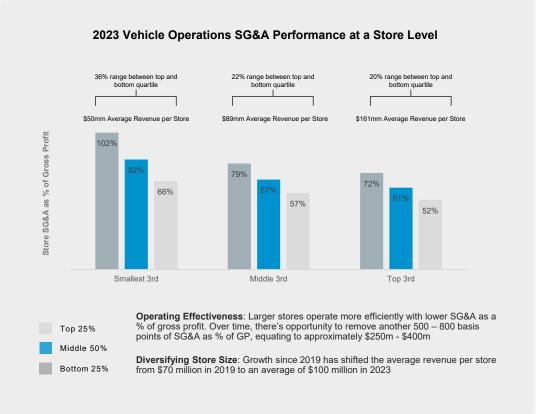






# **Operating Results and Efficiency**

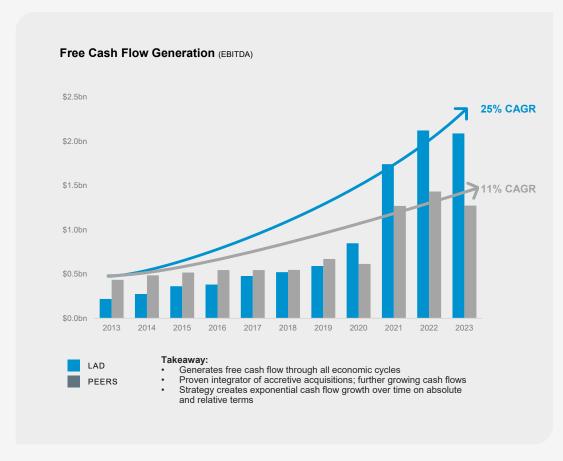


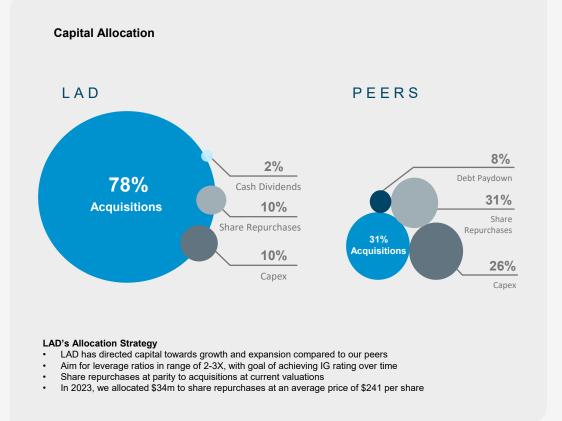


<sup>1</sup>Source: Bloomberg. Lithia Percentile Rank compared to retailers: Auto Parts: Advance Auto Parts, O'reilly, AutoZone | Clothing & Apparel: TJX, The Gap, Ross, Burlington, Lululemon | Cosmetics: Ulta | Department Stores: Macy's, Kohl's | Dollar Stores: Dollar General, Dollar Tree | Electronics: Best Buy | Home Improvement: Tractor Supply, Lowe's, Home Depot | Sporting Goods: Dick's | Supercenters: Costco, Target. |

# **Regenerative Growth Engine**

# LAD Growth Strategy vs. Peer Share Buyback Strategy





Source: Bloomberg. PEERS: Asbury, AutoNation, Group 1, Penske, Sonic; EBITDA based on full year results from 2013 – 2022 and most recent earnings available for 2023

LAD EBITDA based on results from 2013-2023 equal to Income before income taxes + Floor plan interest expense + Other interest expense + DFC interest expense + Depreciation and amortization.

Capital allocation calculated as a percent of total uses of capital. Based on 3.5-year average results between 2020-2022 and semi-annual results for 1H23 (JP Morgan Banking).

Peers: Asbury, AutoNation, Group 1, Penske, Sonic | Values in charts rounded and may not add to 100

NYSE:













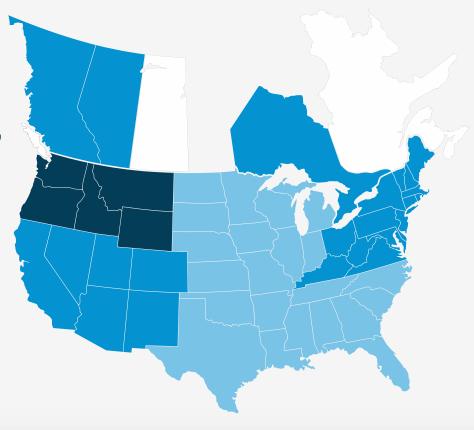
Leveraging **Growth & Scale** 



With a focus on consumer convenience and a disciplined, proven M&A strategy, LAD is reducing the distance to our customers.

National network works in tandem with eCommerce tools such as Driveway to increase consumer optionality and reach to customers.

As a result, our annualized revenue run-rate is greater than \$30 billion.







~230mi Miles to Reach 95% of U.S.

**OEM Brands** 

473 Stores Globally 90,000+ Vehicles in Inventory

\$2.1b

EBITDA 2023







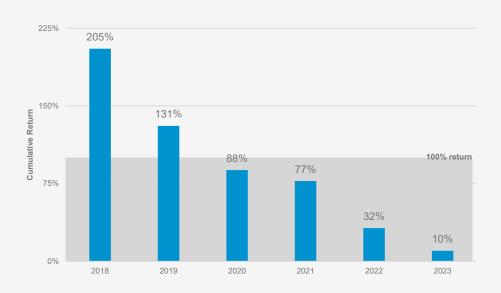






# **Mergers & Acquisitions**

### HISTORICAL RETURNS BY VINTAGE

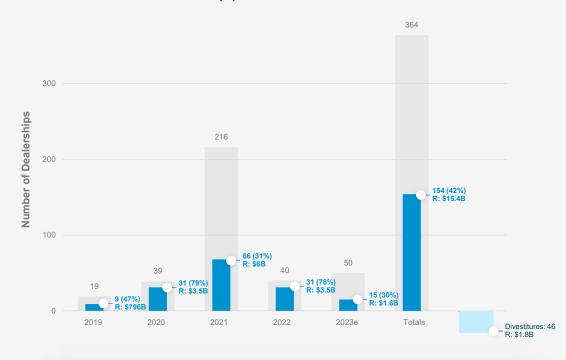


### Cumulative Returns from acquisition date to end of 20231

- Low Risk Highly fragmented market; decentralized culture empowers local leadership
- Track-Record Consistent history of acquiring and integrating stores
- Valuation Discipline Consistent hurdle rate framework; cash flow accretive
- Returns 95% success rate, consistently achieving over 25% return rate

### Note cumulative returns represents total net income from date of acquisition to 2023 divided by total intangibles [goodwill plus franchise value, cash paid at time of purchase].

### **U.S. PUBLIC DEALERSHIP TRANSACTIONS & ANNUALIZED REVENUES (R) ACQUIRED**





- · LAD is making up a large portion of public acquisitions each year. As a result, \$4.5B average annual revenues acquired internationally over the last 4 years.
- 100% success rate on acquisitions as of 2023

Source: Haig Partners, Automotive News, Lithia Motors Inc. | Transaction volume may fluctuate as more buying and selling activity becomes available. | Total Private: 280 in 2019, 305 in 2020, 491 in 2021, 594 in 2022, 427 in 2023.













# **Driveway Finance Corporation (DFC)**





### **Business Proposition**

Serving LAD customers through:

- Variety of financing options
- · Integration throughout Lithia platform



### Portfolio Design

- Full credit spectrum lender
- Focus on prime FICO portfolio
- · Maximizing risk-adjusted cash



### **Key Business Highlights**

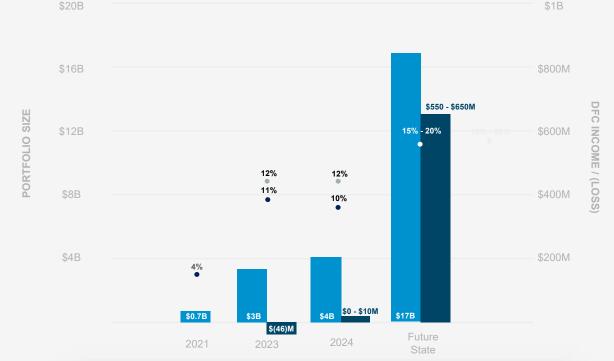
- · Market opportunity of approximately 450,000+
- DFC loans are ~3X profitable vs. third-party loans
- Targeting penetration rate of 15-20% of retail units sold



### **Focus on Consumers**

To mitigate consumer economic stress, DFC is:

- · Leveraging position at top of funnel
- Moving up in credit quality curve



# Transformative profitability differentiation, at maturity

Captive finance returns are consistent through business cycles, diversifying LAD earnings streams

### 2024 assumptions

- Breakeven profitability, still negatively impacted by CECL headwinds and lack of seasoning
- Initial expansion into leasing
- Net interest margin increasing above 400bps
- SG&A approaching 1%
- Decreasing provision rate

### **Future State assumptions**

- Portfolio fully seasoned
- LAD attained \$50 billion US revenue base
- Full deployment of loan and lease offerings across all material geographies and verticals
- Global Penetration Rate
- US Penetration Rate

S













# **Driveway Finance Corporation (DFC)**



### **UNDERWRITING METRICS**



### **PORTFOLIO SIZE**



### **Disciplined Credit Risk Strategy**

**Underwriting:** Tightening loan-level NPV hurdle rates

Risk management: Increasing down payment requirements

Data: Enhancing credit models with alternative data sources

Credit Losses: Expect net charge-off levels to peak in 1H 2024

### **Progressing Toward Capital Self-Sufficiency**

**ABS:** Developing track record as seasoned issuer in ABS market through quarterly issuances

Warehouse: \$1.75 BN in warehouse capacity with staggered maturities in 2025 and 2026

**Operations:** Growing portfolio generates significant cash through recurring principal, interest payments, & early pay-offs

### YoY Improvement in ABS Deal Structure

Compared to LADAR 23-12 transaction, LADAR 24-1 reflects material structural improvements, improving capital efficiency.

- Weighted average APR % increased 220bps
- Yield supplement overcollateralization<sup>3</sup> decreased by 600bps
- Portfolio life net charge-offs (CNL) assumed by Moody's decreased 150bps
- Initial overcollateralization requirement decreased by 320bps



# **Future Growth**

## **Diversified. Dynamic. Profitable.**

We're leveraging our platform for growth & scale in revenue and EPS.

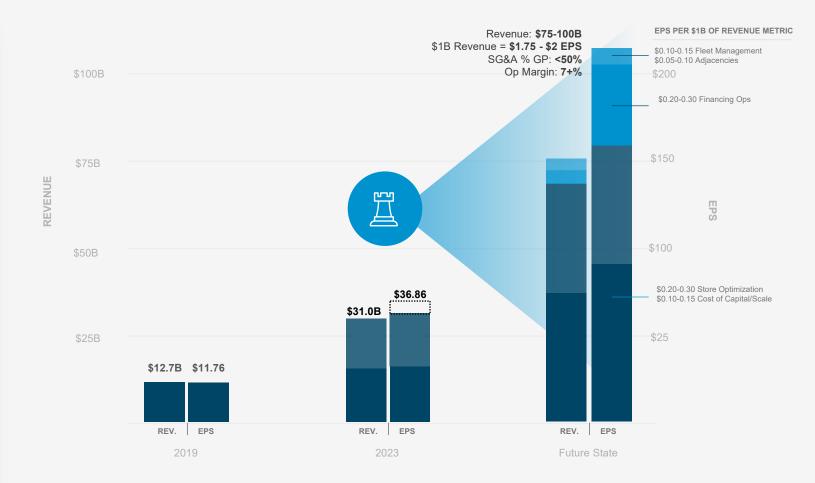
- Vehicle Ops<sup>1</sup>
- Adjacencies
- Network Expansion
- Elevated GPUs

DFC



# **Competitive Advantage**

- ✓ Diversified business lines
- ✓ Full spectrum consumer transportation
- ✓ Close proximity to end markets
- ✓ In-store & omni-channel buying options
- ✓ Transportation Solutions Sales, sourcing, service, financing, insurance, fleet management
- ✓ Capital engine \$2+ BN EBITDA
  - M&A
  - Reinvestments
  - Share buybacks and dividends
  - 2-3x leverage



# **LAD Over the Years**

The pragmatic disrupter with a proven multifaceted success strategy, uniquely and competitively leading the modernization of personal transportation by providing consumers solutions <u>wherever</u>, <u>whenever</u>, and <u>however</u> they desire.



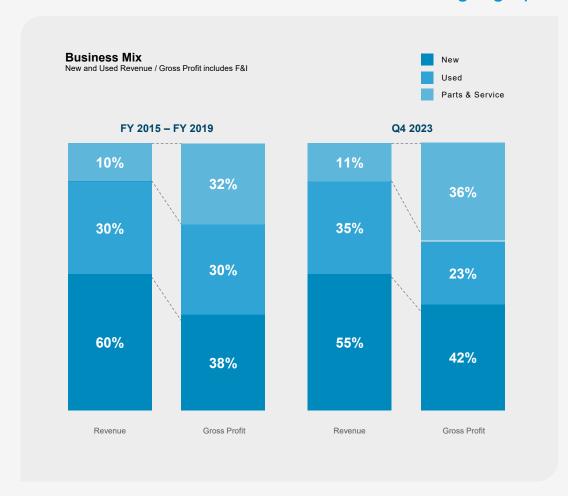


# **Appendix**

Inventory, Strategies, History, Future, & More

# **Resilient Business Model**

# Profitable business with diversified brand mix, geographic mix and multiple earnings streams



New	<b>Vehicle</b>	Mix

Segment	Segment %	Brand	Brand Revenue	Brand Unit Sales
		Toyota	14%	17%
		Honda	13%	18%
		Hyundai	6%	7%
Import	45%	Subaru	4%	6%
		KIA	2%	4%
		Nissan	1%	1%
		Other Imports <sup>1</sup>	5%	4%
		Stellantis	10%	8%
Domestic	200/	Ford	9%	8%
Domestic	26%	GM	6%	6%
		Other Domestic <sup>2</sup>	1%	1%
		BMW/MINI	8%	6%
		Mercedes	5%	3%
		Audi	4%	3%
Luxury	29%	Lexus	3%	3%
Luxury	2970	Porsche	3%	1%
		Acura	2%	2%
		Jaguar/Land Rover	2%	1%
		Other Luxury <sup>3</sup>	2%	1%

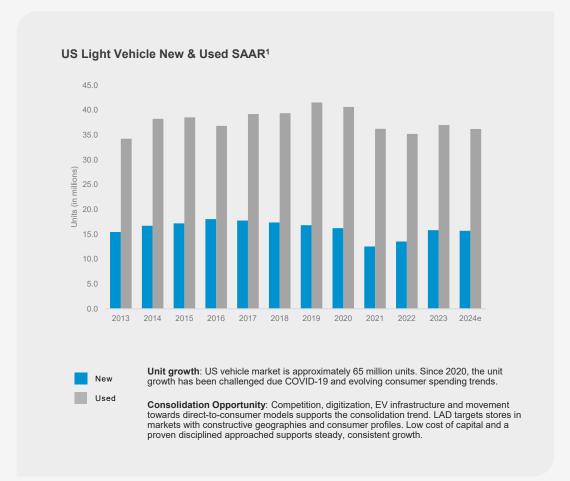
For the three-months ending December 31, 2023,

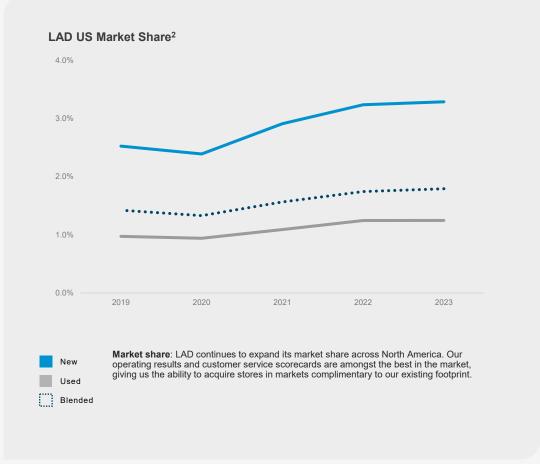
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Other import brands include VW and Mazda

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Other domestic brands include Harley-Davidson, Airstream

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Other luxury brands include Infiniti, Lamborghini, Genesis, Volvo, Rolls-Royce, McLaren, Bently, Ferrari, Maserati, Aston Martin, INEOS, Pagani

# **SAAR** and Market Share





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Cox Automotive

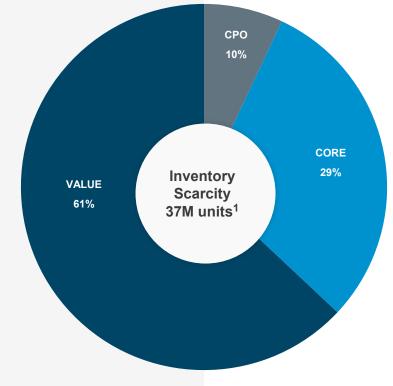
<sup>2</sup> Based on Lithia's US-only sales divided by IHS registration data. Accounts for periods within our operating markets. Adjusted for periods where Lithia owned stores.

# **Used Vehicle Marketplace**

Addressing largest proportion of used vehicle TAM of any retailer

 Inventory procurement and reconditioning are critical. Network growth supercharges ability to procure, distributed network allows it turn faster

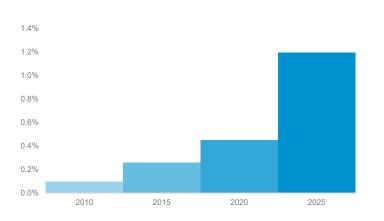
- LAD retails 0 to 20-year-old vehicles
- Value autos are highest gross margin %, turns fastest in normalized environment
- ~85% of total consumers with an average of \$5,900 disequity at pre-pandemic values
- ~70% of LAD's used vehicle inventory procured from consumers



### Q4 2023 Same Store Metrics<sup>2</sup>

	Average Selling Price	% Mix	ROI
СРО	\$32,407	15%	59%
Core <sup>4</sup>	\$29,630	64%	36%
Value Autos	\$15,790	20%	129%

# **Projected LAD Market Share**<sup>3</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> TTM IHS used vehicle registration data grouped by vehicle age (CPO 0-3 years, Core 4-8 years, Value Autos 9+ years)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> non-GAAP actual results. ROI defined as (GPU / Cost of Sales) x (365 / Days to Turn)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 2010, 2015, and 2020 calculated as Lithia used vehicle retail units sold divided by U.S. annual used unit sales. 2025 estimates based or internal forecasts with an assumption of 40 million U.S. used unit sales.

<sup>4</sup> Core includes vehicles with less than 40 000 miles

# **Omnichannel Solutions**

### **Fully Proprietary New Car Shopping Experience with Driveway**

Integrates applicable incentives and rebates for transparent upfront pricing.

### **Real Time Payment**

First in market offering, pays consumers instantly when selling a car to Driveway, no more waiting for the check to clear.



Average monthly unique visitors 2023 across all digital channels1

38k

Total internet sales

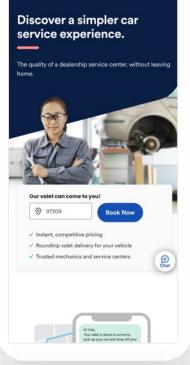


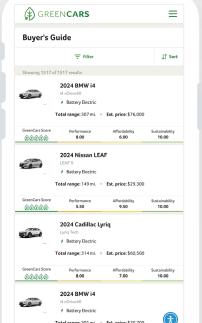
Average shipping distance in miles 2023<sup>2</sup>

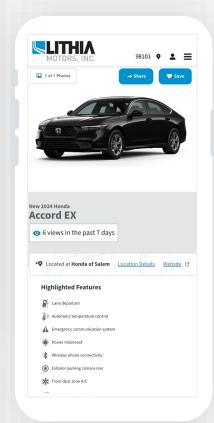


₩ 4.4

Average Google review score out of 5 stars 20232















# GreenCars | everything in one place



Accelerate the adoption of more sustainable vehicles, while capturing growth

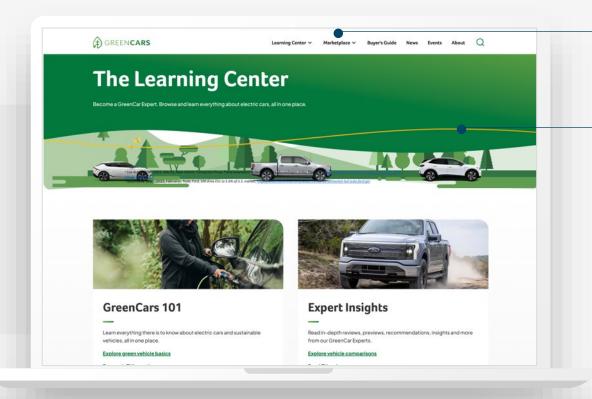


### **Business Proposition**

**Engage** our teams internally and across the stores to embrace the sustainable vehicle revolution.

**Educate** consumers and the public about sustainable vehicles.

**Expand** LAD's share of the market by selling more green vehicles through a seamless path to purchase – whenever and however consumers want



### Marketplace

Powered by Driveway, the marketplace accelerates a net-zero world with the largest selection

### Learning Center

Everything you need to learn and research sustainable vehicles, all in one place.



### ~887k MUVs

Average monthly unique visitors Q4 2023



### ~500 models & 30+ brands

Evaluated in the GreenCars Buyer's Guide



### \$50,051 1

Average selling price for BEVs in Q4 2024



8% of Light Vehicle Sales<sup>1</sup> attributed to BEVs in

Q4 2023

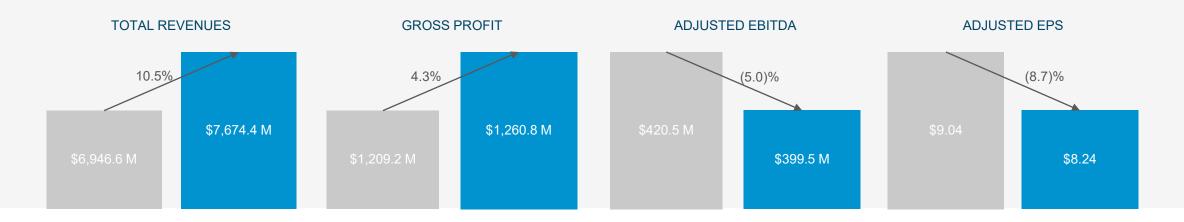
# **Driving Positive Change**



2023 HIGHLIGHTS

# **Q4's Income Statement Summary**



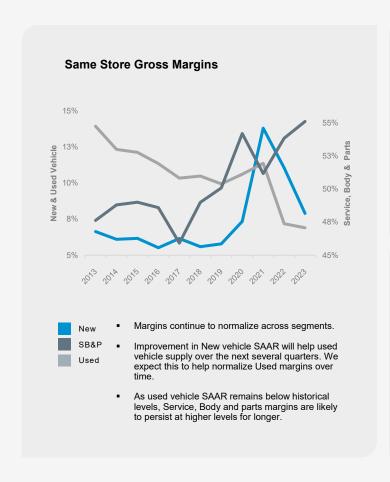


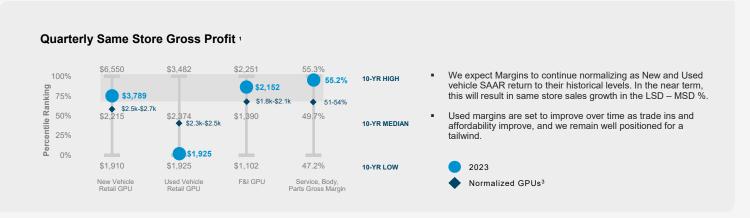
### SAME STORE YEAR-OVER-YEAR COMPARISON VS. Q4 2022

	REVENUE	GROSS PROFIT
New vehicle retail	10.1%	(22.2)%
Used vehicle retail	(10.8)%	(15.6)%
Finance and insurance	1.5%	1.5%
Service, body and parts	2.7%	4.8%
Totals	(2.0)%	(6.1)%

# Revenues, Profitability - Through the Cycle

Current expectations near cycle lows, margin of safety in implied outlook







- Near term expectations are for continued deceleration in unit economics, cashflow, and earnings.
- Relative to history, expectations are near their historic lows, with improvement in SAAR and lower rates expected in the coming quarters.



2024 Bloomberg Consensus

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Lithia Motors. Percentile ranking based on Quarterly Same Store results starting 1Q13 and ending 4Q23

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: Lithia Motors, Bloomberg. Percentile ranking based on Annual Same Store results starting 2013 and ending 2023. Full year 2024 analyst estimates as of 2/9/24

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Assumes steady state estimates based on LAD targets

# **Valuation Framework**

### **Implied Valuation Inputs**

- Shares trading at a discount on relative and absolute multiples
- High visibility in cash flow outlook provides a margin of error
- Increased scale and balanced capital allocation has resulted in a ROE greater than 15% over the past decade
- Long term growth set to improve with normalizing inventory, interest rates, and incentives. Flexible balance sheet options
- Current expectations discount trough margins, multiples, and a higher cost of capital

Source: Bloomberg, S&P Capital IQ Pro

<sup>1</sup>Lithia 10-year averages calculated from 2013 through 2023

<sup>2</sup> Lithia 5-year averages calculated from 2018 through 2023.

 $^3$  7-year DCF based on Bloomberg and S&P Capital IQ Pro estimates. Assumes an approximate 7.5% WACC, EV/EBITDA of 6.5x – 7.0x, and a 1% terminal growth rate.

12x

10-year average TTM P/E<sup>1</sup>

~8x Current

11x

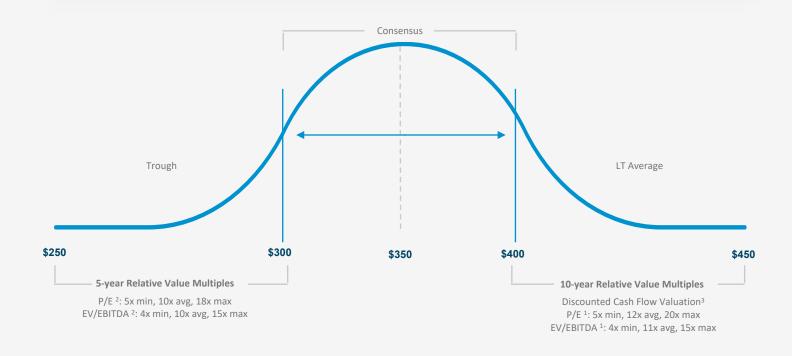
10-year average TTM EV/EBITDA<sup>1</sup>

~9x Current

24%

10-year average TTM ROE<sup>1</sup>

~18% 2023 ROE



# 2023 Quarterly Income Statement

\$М	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	FY2023
New vehicle retail	\$3,974.8	\$3,885.8	\$4,014.7	\$3,278.9	\$15,154.2
Used vehicle retail	2,267.5	2,620.2	2,455.1	2,227.5	9,570.2
Used vehicle wholesale	242.9	316.1	403.9	362.4	1,325.3
Finance and insurance	331.5	349.4	337.9	318.3	1,337.0
Service, body and parts	818.3	838.0	804.4	736.3	3,197.1
Fleet and other	39.4	267.5	95.4	56.0	458.5
Total Revenues	\$7,674.4	\$8,277.0	\$8,111.4	\$6,979.5	\$31,042.3
New vehicle retail	\$314.3	\$358.9	\$387.2	\$333.8	\$1,394.1
Used vehicle retail	154.1	189.0	212.8	165.7	721.4
Used vehicle wholesale	(8.9)	(6.0)	(0.7)	(2.8)	(18.4)
Finance and insurance	331.5	349.4	337.9	318.3	1,337.0
Service, body and parts	450.3	462.8	443.9	394.4	1,751.4
Fleet and other	19.5	17.3	4.2	2.1	43.4
Gross Profit	\$1,260.8	\$1,371.3	\$1,385.3	\$1,211.5	\$5,228.9
Finance operations Income	(2.1)	(4.4)	(18.6)	(20.8)	(45.9)
Selling, general, and administrative	836.8	850.8	842.0	765.2	3,294.8
Depreciations and Amortization	49.4	50.8	49.1	46.6	195.8
Operating Income	\$372.5	\$465.3	\$475.7	\$378.9	\$1,692.4
Floor Plan Interest Expense	48.3	40.2	34.7	27.7	150.9
Other Interest Expense	59.7	58.5	43.8	39.1	201.2
Other Income (expense) net	15.2	(5.3)	9.8	2.2	22.0
Income before income taxes	\$279.7	\$361.3	\$407.0	\$314.3	\$1,362.3
Income tax provision	63.5	96.4	105.9	84.7	350.6
Net Income	216.2	264.9	301.0	229.6	1,011.7
Net Income attributable to non-controlling interests	(2.7)	(3.4)	(3.9)	(0.9)	(10.9)
Net Income attributable to LAD	\$213.5	\$261.5	\$297.2	\$228.7	\$1,000.8

# 2022 Quarterly Income Statement

\$M	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	FY'2022
New vehicle retail	\$3,275.1	\$3,306.9	\$3,250.7	\$3,061.8	\$12,894.5
Used vehicle retail	2,228.1	2,465.8	2,496.7	2,234.5	9,425.0
Used vehicle wholesale	293.7	363.2	382.4	385.8	1,425.2
Finance and insurance	308.4	333.3	330.4	313.2	1,285.4
Service, body and parts	716.2	712.2	682.6	627.8	2,738.8
Fleet and other	125.0	114.3	97.3	82.2	418.9
Total Revenues	\$6,946.5	\$7,295.7	\$7,240.1	\$6,705.3	\$28,187.8
New vehicle retail	364.2	403.8	410.4	401.3	\$1,579.7
Used vehicle retail	162.1	201.3	238.3	223.8	825.4
Used vehicle wholesale	(15.4)	(11.6)	3.8	7.8	(15.4)
Finance and insurance	308.4	333.3	330.4	313.2	1,285.4
Service, body and parts	386.3	384.2	363.5	329.0	1,463
Fleet and other	3.6	3.3	4.3	3.1	14.3
Gross Profit	\$1,209.2	\$1,314.2	\$1,350.8	\$1,278.1	\$5,152.4
Finance operations Income	(7.7)	(4.6)	3.3	4.9	(4.0)
Selling, general, and administrative	753.4	754.0	796.8	739.9	3,044.1
Depreciations and Amortization	48.2	40.5	38.0	36.5	163.2
Operating Income	399.9	\$515.2	\$519.3	\$506.7	\$1,941.1
Floor Plan Interest Expense	(19.3)	(10.7)	(3.8)	(4.9)	(38.8)
Other Interest Expense	(38.3)	(36.3)	(28.3)	(26.2)	(129.1)
Other Income (expense) net	(6.1)	(12.4)	(18.9)	(5.8)	(43.2)
Income before income taxes	336.2	\$455.7	\$468.3	\$469.8	\$1,730.0
Income tax provision	(86.3)	(125.4)	(130.6)	(126.2)	(468.4)
Net Income	249.9	330.3	337.7	343.6	1,261.6
Net Income attributable to non-controlling interests	(2.2)	(0.7)	(6.3)	(1.4)	(10.6)
Net Income attributable to LAD	\$247.7	\$329.6	\$331.4	\$342.2	\$1,251.0

# 2023 Adjusted non-GAAP Income Statement

	YTD	Not	dianagal	loss (gain	u) on						lnou	rance							Contract		YTD
	2023	Net	sale o	f stores	1) 011		Investment	loss (gain	)			erves			Acquisitio	n expenses	6		Buyouts		2023
\$M, except for per share amounts	As Reported	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q3	Q4	Adjusted
Selling, general and administrative	3,294.8	7.2	1.0	23.2	(0.2)	_	_	_	_	(0.1)	(2.4)	(4.6)	1.7	(1.3)	(4.5)	(4.8)	(16.6)	(10.1)	(4.2)	_	3,279.1
Operating income	1,692.4	(7.2)	(1.0)	(23.2)	0.2	_	_	_	_	0.1	2.4	4.6	(1.7)	1.3	4.5	4.8	16.6	10.1	4.2	_	1,708.1
Other income (expense), net	22.0	_	_	_	_	0.4	(1.2)	0.7	1.9	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	23.7
Income before income taxes	1,362.3	(7.2)	(1.0)	(23.2)	0.2	0.4	(1.2)	0.7	1.9	0.1	2.4	4.6	(1.7)	1.3	4.5	4.8	16.6	10.1	4.2	_	1,379.7
Income tax (provision) benefit	(350.6)	1.9	0.4	6.2	(0.3)	_	_	_	(4.0)	_	(0.6)	(1.2)	0.5	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.8)	0.6	(2.7)	(1.1)	_	(352.6)
Net income	\$1,011.7	(5.3)	(0.6)	(17.0)	(0.1)	0.4	(1.2)	0.7	(2.1)	0.1	1.8	3.4	(1.2)	1.0	4.0	4.0	17.2	7.4	3.1	_	\$1,027.1
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(10.9)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(10.9)
Net income attributable to LAD	\$1,000.8	(5.3)	(0.6)	(17.0)	(0.1)	0.4	(1.2)	0.7	(2.1)	0.1	1.8	3.4	(1.2)	1.0	4.0	4.0	17.2	7.4	3.1	-	\$1,016.2
Diluted earnings per share	\$36.29	\$(0.19)	\$(0.02)	\$(0.62)	\$—	\$0.02	\$(0.05)	\$0.02	\$(0.08)	\$—	\$0.06	\$0.12	\$(0.04)	\$0.04	\$0.14	\$0.15	\$0.62	\$0.27	\$0.11	\$—	\$36.86
Diluted share count	27.6																				

# 2022 Adjusted non-GAAP Income Statement

	YTD 12/31/22			loss (gain) on f stores	l		Investmen	t loss (gain)		Insurance Reserves		Acquisitio	n expenses		YTD 12/31/22
\$M, except for per share amounts	As Reported	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Adjusted
Selling, general and administrative	3,044.1	10.0	3.1	36.5	16.4	_	-	-	-	(4.9)	(6.6)	(1.5)	(2.0)	(5.0)	3,090.2
Operating income	1,941.1	(10.0)	(3.1)	(36.5)	(16.4)	_	-	-	-	4.9	6.6	1.5	2.0	5.0	1,895.0
Other income (expense), net	(43.2)	-	-	-	-	14.9	18.1	(0.3)	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	(4.0)
Income before income taxes	1,730.0	(10.0)	(3.1)	(36.5)	(16.4)	14.9	18.1	(0.3)	6.5	4.9	6.6	1.5	2.0	5.0	1,723.1
Income tax (provision) benefit	(468.4)	2.6	0.9	9.8	5.9	_	-	_	-	(1.3)	(1.9)	(0.5)	1.9	(3.5)	(454.6)
Net income	1,261.6	(7.4)	(2.2)	(26.7)	(10.5)	14.9	18.1	(0.3)	6.5	3.6	4.7	1.0	3.9	1.5	1,268.5
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(10.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10.6)
Net income attributable to LAD	\$1,251	(7.4)	(2.2)	(26.7)	(10.5)	14.9	18.1	(0.3)	6.5	3.6	4.7	1.0	3.9	1.5	\$1,257.9
Diluted earnings per share	\$44.17	(0.26)	(0.08)	(0.95)	(0.37)	0.53	0.64	(0.01)	0.23	0.13	0.16	0.03	0.14	0.05	\$44.42
Diluted share count	28.3														

<sup>\*</sup> Sum of QTD may not equal YTD due to rounding

# EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA, and Net Debt

\$M	FY'2023	FY'2022	FY'2021	FY'2020	FY'2019
Net Income attributable to LAD	1,011.7	1,261.6	1,062.7	470.3	271.5
Add: Flooring interest expense	150.9	38.8	22.3	34.4	72.8
Add: Other interest expense	201.2	129.1	103.4	71.6	58.8
Add: Financing operations interest expense	170.5	52.2	4.8	1.5	1.8
Add: Income tax expense	350.6	468.4	422.1	178.2	103.9
Add: Depreciation and amortization	195.8	163.2	124.8	92.3	82.4
Add: Financing operations depreciation expense	8.4	9.5	2.5	<del>-</del>	_
EBITDA	\$2,089.1	\$2,122.8	\$1,742.6	\$848.3	\$591.2
Less: Flooring interest expense	(150.9)	(38.8)	(22.3)	(34.4)	(72.8)
Less: Financing operations interest expense	(170.5)	(52.2)	(4.8)	(1.5)	(1.8)
Less: Used vehicle line of credit interest	(19.6)	(9.6)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(5.5)
Add: Acquisition expenses	27.2	15.0	20.2	3.1	2.5
Add (Less): Loss (Gain) on divestitures & investments	(29.5)	(26.8)	66.4	(60.4)	(9.7)
Add: Reserve adjustments	5.4	4.9	5.8	6.1	9.5
Add: Loss on redemption of senior notes	<del></del>	_	10.3	_	_
Add: Asset impairments		_	1.9	7.9	2.6
Add: Vendor contract buyouts	14.3	_	_	_	_
Adjusted EBITDA	\$1,765.5	\$2,015.3	\$1,820.0	\$768.6	\$516.1
Total Debt	10,900.5	7,647.5	4,599.5	3,927.9	3,537.4
Less: Temporary paydown on flooring		_	_	(113.4)	_
Less: Floor plan related debt	(4,538.3)	(2,993.8)	(1,690.1)	(1,797.2)	(2,216.6)
Less: Financing operations related debt	(2,292.6)	(1,352.2)	(407.6)	(39.0)	_
Less: Unrestricted cash	(825.0)	(168.1)	(153.0)	(160.1)	(84.0)
Less: Availability on used vehicle and service loaner facility	(25.5)	(17.9)	(267.4)	(491.0)	(239.8)
Net Debt	\$3,219.1	3,115.0	2,081.4	1,357.2	997.0

# Thank You

