LEVEL II ENERGY AUDIT

A Bureau Veritas Group Company

SACRAMENTO CITY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

5735 47th Avenue
Sacramento, California 95824

DLR GROUP

1050 20th Street, Suite 250
Sacramento, California 95927

PREPARED BY:

EMG / A Bureau Veritas Company
10461 Mill Run Circle, Suite 1100
Owings Mills, Maryland 21117
800.733.0660
www.emgcorp.com

EMG CONTACT:

Kaustubh Anil Chabukswar
Program Manager
800.733.0660 x7512
kachabukswar@emgcorp.com

EMG PROJECT #:

136988.19R000-028.268

DATE OF REPORT:

October 9, 2019

ONSITE DATE:

September 9, 2019

ZERO NET ENERGY ASHRAE LEVEL II AUDIT

ISADOR COHEN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

9025 Salmon Falls Drive

Sacramento, California 95826

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Certification

EMG has completed an Energy Audit of Isador Cohen Elementary School located at 9025 Salmon Falls Drive in Sacramento, California 95826. EMG visited the site on September 9, 2019.

The assessment was performed at the Client's request using methods and procedures consistent with ASHRAE Level II Energy Audit and using methods and procedures as outlined in EMG's Proposal.

This report has been prepared for and is exclusively for the use and benefit of the Client identified on the cover page of this report. The purpose for which this report shall be used shall be limited to the use as stated in the contract between the client and EMG.

This report, or any of the information contained therein, is not for the use or benefit of, nor may it be relied upon by any other person or entity, for any purpose without the advance written consent of EMG. Any reuse or distribution without such consent shall be at the client's or recipient's sole risk, without liability to EMG.

Estimated installation costs are based on EMG's experience on similar projects and industry standard cost estimating tools including *RS Means and Whitestone CostLab*. In developing the installed costs, EMG also considered the area correction factors for labor rates for Sacramento, California 95826. Since actual installed costs may vary widely for particular installation based on labor and material rates at time of installation, EMG does not guarantee installed cost estimates and shall in no event be liable should actual installed costs vary from the estimated costs herein. We strongly encourage the owner to confirm these cost estimates independently. EMG does not guarantee the costs savings estimated in this report. EMG shall in no event be liable should the actual energy savings vary from the savings estimated herein.

EMG certifies that EMG has no undisclosed interest in the subject property and that EMG's employment and compensation are not contingent upon the findings or estimated costs to remedy any deficiencies due to deferred maintenance and any noted component or system replacements.

Any questions regarding this report should be directed to Kaustubh Anil Chabukswar at 800.733.0660, ext. 7512.

Prepared by: Noah Strafford
Energy Auditor
Project Manager

Reviewed by:

Bhaskar Ale, CEM
Technical Report Reviewer for
Kaustubh Anil Chabukswar, CEM CRM
Program Manager

1. Executive Summary

The purpose of this Energy Audit is to provide Sacramento City Unified School District and Isador Cohen Elementary School with a baseline of energy usage and the relative energy efficiency of the facility and specific recommendations for Energy Conservation Measures. Information obtained from these analyses may be used to support a future application to an Energy Conservation Program, Federal and Utility grants towards energy conservation, support performance contracting, justify a municipal bond funded improvement program, or as a basis for replacement of equipment or systems.

Building #	Structures Assessed	Building Type	EMG Calculated Area (SF)	Estimated Occupancy
1	Main Building 001	School Building	24,938	250
2	P01	Portable School Building	2,880	30
3	P02	Portable School Building	2,880	30
4	P03	Portable School Building	2,440	25

The study included a review of the building's construction features, historical energy and water consumption and costs, review of the building envelope, HVAC equipment, heat distribution systems, lighting, and the building's operational and maintenance practices.

1.1. Energy Conservation Measures

EMG has identified four Energy Conservation Measures (ECMs) for this property. The savings for each measure is calculated using standard engineering methods followed in the industry, and detailed calculations for ECM are provided in Appendix for reference. A 10% discount in energy savings was applied to account for the interactive effects amongst the ECMs. In addition to the consideration of the interactive effects, EMG has applied a 15% contingency to the implementation costs to account for potential cost overruns during the implementation of the ECMs.

The following table summarizes the recommended ECMs in terms of description, investment cost, energy consumption reduction, and cost savings.

Summary of Financial Information for Recommended Non-Renewable Energy Conservation Measures

Item	Estimate
Net Initial ECM Investment *(Current Dollars Only)*	$59,660 *(In Current Dollars)*
Estimated Annual Cost Savings *(Current Dollars Only)*	$10,145 *(In Current Dollars)*
ECM Effective Payback	5.88 years
Estimated Annual Energy Savings	11.2%
Estimated Annual Energy Utility Cost Savings *(Excluding Water)*	12.38%
Estimated Annual Water Cost Saving	78.07%

Solar Photovoltaic (PV) Screening for ISADOR COHEN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL

Solar Rooftop Photovoltaic Analysis		
Estimated Number of Panels	214	
Estimated KW Rating	68	KW
Potential Annual kWh Produced	103,151	kWh
% of Current Electricity Uses	54%	
Financial Summary		
Investment Cost	$236,250	
Estimated Energy Cost Savings	$16,422	
Payback without Incentives	14.4	Years
Incentive Payback but without SRECs	8.7	Years
Payback with All Incentives	8.7	Years

Key Metrics to Benchmark the Subject Property's Energy Usage Profile

- Building Site Energy Use Intensity - The sum of the total site energy use in thousands of Btu per unit of gross building area. Site energy accounts for all energy consumed at the building location only not the energy consumed during generation and transmission of the energy to the site.
- Building Source Energy Use Intensity – The sum of the total source energy use in thousands of Btu per unit of gross building area. Source energy is the energy consumed during generation and transmission in supplying the energy to your site.
- Building Cost Intensity - This metric is the sum of all energy use costs in dollars per unit of gross building area.
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions - Although there are numerous gases that are classified as contributors to the total for Greenhouse Emissions, the scope of this energy audit focuses on carbon dioxide (CO_2). Carbon dioxide enters the atmosphere through the burning of fossil fuels (oil, natural gas, and coal), solid waste, trees and wood products, and also as a result of other chemical reactions (e.g., manufacture of cement).

Site Energy Use Intensity (EUI)	Rating
Current Site Energy Use Intensity (EUI)	29 kBtu/ft^2
Post ECM Site Energy Use Intensity (EUI)	26 kBtu/ft^2
Source Energy Use Intensity (EUI)	**Rating**
Current Source Energy Use Intensity (EUI)	75 kBtu/ft^2
Post ECM Source Energy Use Intensity (EUI)	66 kBtu/ft^2
Building Cost Intensity (BCI)	**Rating**
Current Building Cost Intensity	$1.05/ft^2
Post ECM Building Cost Intensity	$0.92/ft^2

Summary of the Greenhouse Gas Reductions from Recommended Non-Renewable Energy Conservation Measures

The following table provides a summary of the projected Greenhouse Gas Emissions reductions as a result of the recommended Energy Conservation Measures:

Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction	
Estimated Annual Thermal Energy Reduction	107 MMbtu
Total CO_2 Emissions Reduced	9.36 $MtCO_2$/Yr
Total Cars Off the Road (Equivalent)*	2
Total Acres of Pine Trees Planted (Equivalent)*	2

**Equivalent reductions per DOE emissions calculation algorithms*

Zero Net Energy Analysis for Renewable and Non-Renewable Recommended Measures

Zero Net Energy Analysis	
Building Annual Net Energy Consumption	953,965 kBtu
Total Annual Energy Savings for Non-Renewable Energy Measures	106,829 kBtu
Total Annual Energy Savings from Renewable Energy Measures	351,951 kBtu
Total Annual Energy Savings	458,780 kBtu
Net Energy Consumption from Grid Post Implementation	495,184 kBtu
% Energy Reduction (Annual Energy-Net Energy) / (Annual Energy)	48%

Energy Conservation Measures Screening:

EMG screens ECMs using two financial methodologies. ECMs which are considered financially viable must meet both criteria.

1. Simple Payback Period –The number of years required for the cumulative value of energy or water cost savings less future non-fuel or non-water costs to equal the investment costs of the building energy or water system, without consideration of discount rates. ECMs with a payback period greater than the Expected Useful Life (EUL) of the project are not typically recommended, as the cost of the project will not be recovered during the lifespan of the equipment. These ECMs are recommended for implementation during future system replacement. At that time, replacement may be evaluated based on the premium cost of installing energy efficient equipment.

$$Simple\ Payback = \frac{Initial\ Cost}{Annual\ Savings}$$

2. Savings-to-Investment Ratio (SIR) – The savings-to-investment ratio is the ratio of the present value savings to the present value costs of an energy or water conservation measure. The numerator of the ratio is the present value over the estimated useful life (EUL) of net savings in energy or water and non-fuel or non-water operation and maintenance costs attributable to the proposed energy or water conservation measure. The denominator of the ratio is the present value of the net increase in investment and replacement costs less salvage value attributable to the proposed energy or water conservation measure. It is recommended that energy efficiency recommendations should be based on a calculated SIR, with larger SIRs receiving a higher priority. A project is typically only recommended if SIR is greater than or equal to 1.0, unless other factors outweigh the financial benefit.

$$SIR = \frac{Present\ Value\ (Annual\ Savings, i\%, EUL)}{Initial\ Cost}$$

List of Recommended Energy Conservation Measures For Isador Cohen Elementary School

ECM #	Description of ECM	Projected Initial Investment	Estimated Annual Energy Savings					Estimated Annual Water Savings	Estimated Cost Savings	Estimated Annual O&M Savings	Total Estimated Annual Cost Savings	Simple Payback	S.I.R.	Life Cycle Savings	Expected Useful Life (EUL)
			Natural Gas	Propane	No.2 Oil	Steam	Electricity								
		$	Therms	Gallons	Gallons	Mlbs	kWh	kgal	$	$	$	Years		$	Years
No/Low Cost Recommendations															
1	Install Low Flow Faucet Aerators Location: Restrooms And Classrooms	$366	0	0	0	0	7,341	45	$2,019	$0	$2,019	0.18	47.10	$16,855	10.00
Totals for No/Low Cost Items		**$366**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**7,341**	**45**	**$2,019**	**$0**	**$2,019**	**0.18**			
Capital Cost Recommendations															
1	Control External Air Leakage In Commercial Buildings Location: Exterior Doors	$1,824	237	0	0	0	1,368	0	$549	$27	$576	3.16	3.77	$5,058	15.00
2	Install Low Flow Tankless Restroom Fixtures Location: Restrooms	$13,000	0	0	0	0	0	206	$3,864	$0	$3,864	3.36	3.55	$33,125	15.00
3	Upgrade Building Lighting to LED and Install Automatic Lighting Controls Location: Building Interior And Exterior	$36,689	0	0	0	0	19,129	0	$3,049	$1,764	$4,813	7.62	1.57	$20,771	15.00
Total For Capital Cost		**$51,513**	**237**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**20,497**	**206**	**$7,462**	**$1,792**	**$9,253**	**5.57**			
	Interactive Savings Discount @ 10%		-24	0	0	0	-2,784	-25	-$948	-$179	-$1,127				
	Total Contingency Expenses @ 15%	$7,782													
Total for Improvements		**$59,660**	**213**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**25,054**	**227**	**$8,533**	**$1,612**	**$10,145**	**5.88**			

In addition to the above measures, EMG has identified the following measure(s) but has not recommended as they fail to meet the above-mentioned financial criteria of SIR>1.0. Thus, EMG has classified the measure(s) as recommended for consideration.

List of Recommended For Consideration Energy Conservation Measures For Isador Cohen Elementary School

ECM #	Description of ECM	Initial Investment	Annual Energy Savings					Annual Water Savings	Cost Savings	Estimated Annual O&M Savings	Total Estimated Annual Cost Savings	Payback	S.I.R.	Life Cycle Savings	Expected Useful Life (EUL)
		$	Natural Gas	Propane	No.2 Oil	Steam	Electricity	kgal	$	$	$	Years		$	Years
1	Replace External Windows Location: Throughout	$73,061	1,290	0	0	0	13,407	0	$3,938	$39	$3,978	18.37	0.95	-$3,800	25.00
Total for Improvements		**$73,061**	**1,290**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**13,407**	**0**	**$3,938**	**$39**	**$3,978**	**18.37**			

2. Introduction

The purpose of this Energy Audit is to provide Isador Cohen Elementary School and Sacramento City Unified School District with a baseline of energy usage, the relative energy efficiency of the facility, and specific recommendations for Energy Conservation Measures. Information obtained from these analyses may be used to support a future application to an Energy Conservation Program, Federal and Utility grants towards energy conservation, as well as support performance contracting, justify a municipal bond-funded improvement program, or as a basis for replacement of equipment or systems.

The energy audit consisted of an onsite visual assessment to determine current conditions, itemize the energy consuming equipment (i.e. Boilers, Make-Up Air Units, DWH equipment); review lighting systems both exterior and interior; and review efficiency of all such equipment. The study also included interviews and consultation with operational and maintenance personnel. The following is a summary of the tasks and reporting that make up the Energy Audit portion of the report.

The following is a summary of the tasks and reporting that make up the Energy Audit portion of the report.

Energy and Water Using Equipment

- EMG has surveyed the common areas, office areas, rooms, maintenance facilities and mechanical rooms to document utility-related equipment, including heating systems, cooling systems, air handling systems and lighting systems.

Building Envelope

- EMG has reviewed the characteristics and conditions of the building envelope, checking insulation values and conditions. This review also includes an inspection of the condition of walls, windows, doors, roof areas, insulation and special use areas

Recommendations for Energy Savings Opportunities

- Based on the information gathered during the on site assessment, the utility rates, as well as recent consumption data and engineering analysis, EMG has identified opportunities to save energy and provide probable construction costs, projected energy/utility savings and provide a simple payback analysis.

Analysis of Energy Consumption

- Based on the information gathered during the on-site assessment, EMG has conducted an analysis of the energy usage of all equipment, and identified which equipment is using the most energy and what equipment upgrades may be necessary. As a result, equipment upgrades, or replacements are identified that may provide a reasonable return on the investment and improve maintenance reliability.

Energy Audit Process

- Interviewing staff and review plans and past upgrades
- Performing an energy audit for each use type
- Performing a preliminary evaluation of the utility system
- Analyzing findings, utilizing ECM cost-benefit worksheets
- Making preliminary recommendations for system energy improvements and measures
- Estimating initial cost and changes in operating and maintenance costs based on implementation of energy efficiency measures
- Ranking recommended cost measures, based on the criticality of the project and the largest payback

Reporting

The EMG Energy Audit Report includes:

- A comprehensive study identifying all applicable Energy Conservation Measures (ECMs) and priorities, based on initial cost and payback
- A narrative discussion of building systems/components considered and a discussion of energy improvement options;
- A summary of ECMs including initial costs and simple paybacks, based on current utility rates and expected annual savings.

3. Facility Overview and Existing Conditions

3.1. Building Occupancy and Point of Contact

Facility Schedule	
Hours of Operations / Week	35
Operational Weeks / Year	36
Estimated Facility Occupancy	320
% of Male Occupants	50%

Point of Contact	
Point of Contact Name	Louis Flores
Point of Contact Title	Plant Manager
Point of Contact – Contact Number	916.667.1256

3.2. Building Heating, Ventilating and Air-Conditioning (HVAC)

Description:

Heating and Cooling to permanent building 001 is provided primarily by packaged rooftop units utilizing natural gas for heat. Portable classrooms are served by wall mounted gas/ electric packaged units.

The Mechanical Equipment Schedule in Appendix E contains a summary of the HVAC Equipment at the property.

Building Central Heating System	
Primary Heating System	Package Rooftop Units
Secondary Heating System	Wall Mounted Heat Pump
Hydronic Distribution System	NA
Primary Heating Fuel	Natural Gas
Heating Mode Set-point	69
Heating Mode- Set-back Temperature	53

Building Cooling System	
Primary Cooling System	Package Rooftop Units
Secondary Cooling System	Wall Mounted Heat Pump

Building Cooling System	
Hydronic Distribution System	NA
Cooling Mode Set-point	73
Cooling Mode- Set-back Temperature	93

Air Distribution System	
Building Ventilation	Roof-top Exhaust Fans
On-Demand Ventilation System in Use?	No
Energy Recovery Wheel / Enthalpy Wheel Exhaust Fans	No

Domestic Hot Water System	
Primary Domestic Water Fuel	Natural Gas

3.3. Lighting

Description:

The lighting in the school building primarily consists of T8 linear fluorescent lamp fixtures in classrooms and hallways. The fixtures were observed to be operating on bi-level mode in the classrooms. The exterior lights were primarily High Intensity Discharge (HID) fixtures.

The detailed lighting schedule and the proposed LED alternative is provided in Appendix.

4. Utility Analysis

Establishing the energy baseline begins with an analysis of the utility cost and consumption of the building. Utilizing the historical energy data and local weather information, we evaluate the existing utility consumption and assign it to the various end-uses throughout the buildings. The Historical Data Analysis breaks down utilities by consumption, cost and annual profile.

This data is analyzed, using standard engineering assumptions and practices. The analysis serves the following functions:

- Allows our engineers to benchmark the energy and water consumption of the facilities against consumption of efficient buildings of similar construction, use and occupancy.
- Generates the historical and current unit costs for energy and water
- Provides an indication of how well changes in energy consumption correlate to changes in weather.
- Reveals potential opportunities for energy consumption and/or cost reduction. For example, the analysis may indicate that there is excessive, simultaneous heating and cooling, which may mean that there is an opportunity to improve the control of the heating and cooling systems.

By performing this analysis and leveraging our experience, our engineers prioritize buildings and pinpoint systems for additional investigation during the site visit, thereby maximizing the benefit of their time spent on-site and minimizing time and effort by the customer's personnel.

Based upon the utility information provided about the Sacramento City Unified School District, the following energy rates are utilized in determining existing and proposed energy costs.

Utility Rates used for Cost Analysis

Electricity (Blended Rate)	Natural Gas	Water / Sewer
$0.16 /kWh	$1.40 /therm	$18.72/kGal

The data analyzed provides the following information: 1) breakdown of utilities by consumption, 2) cost and annual profile, 3) baseline consumption in terms of energy/utility at the facility, 4) the Energy Use Index, or Btu/sq ft, and cost/sq ft. For multiple water meters, the utility data is combined to illustrate annual consumption for each utility type.

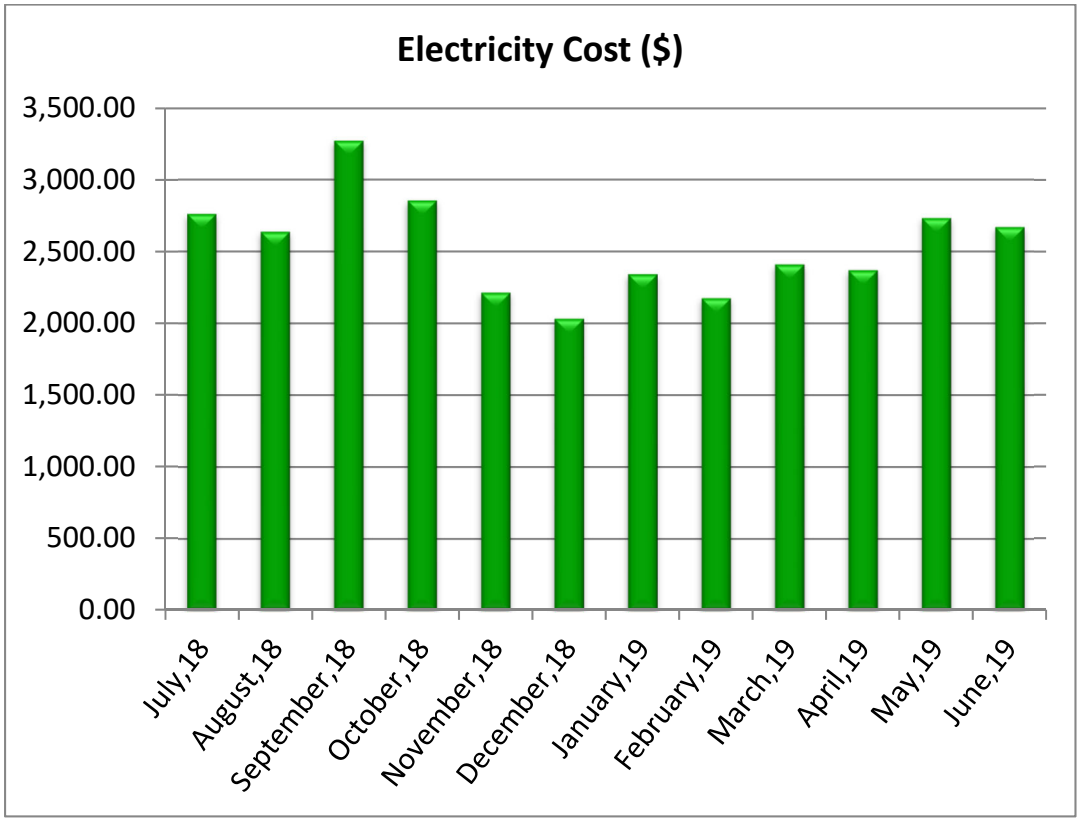
4.1. Electricity

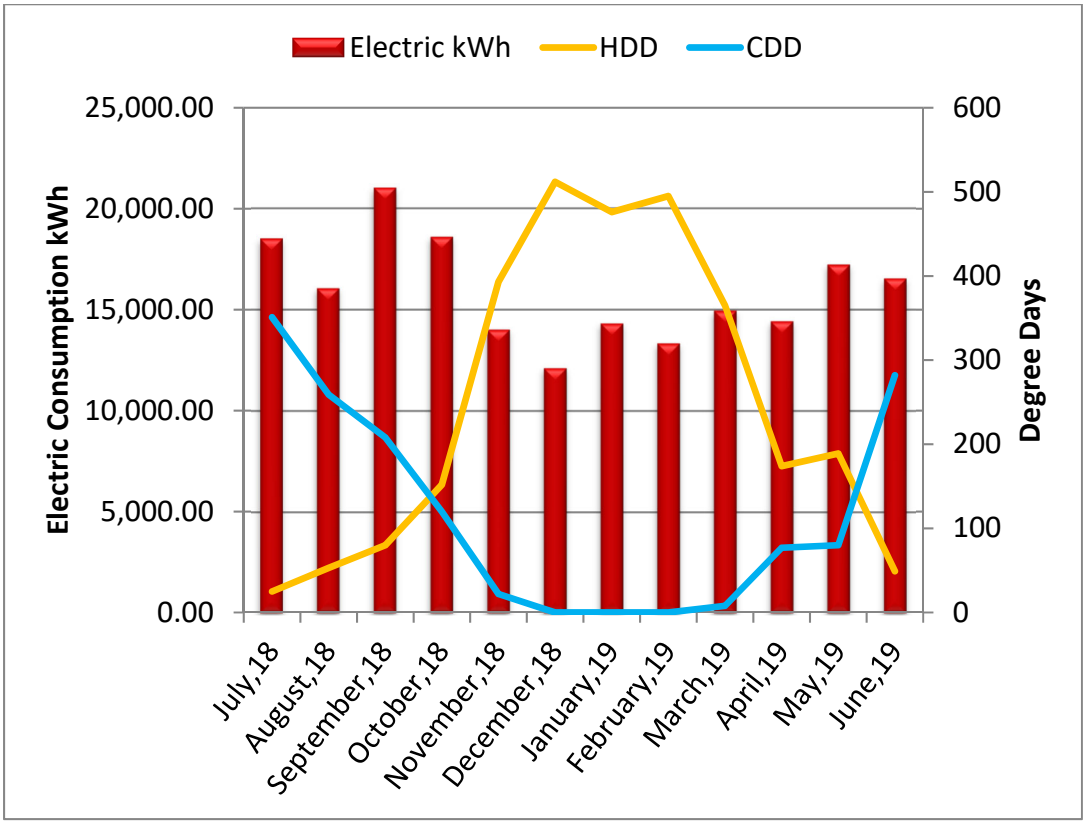
PGE satisfies the electricity requirements for the facility. The primary end uses for electric utility compromises of lighting, cooling, office/school equipment, and appliances in the break room.

The table below provides the electric use for the period of twelve continuous months.

Electric Consumption and Cost Data

Billing Month	Consumption (KWH)	Unit Cost/KWH	Total Cost
July,18	18,500.91	0.15	2,759.23
August,18	16,042.61	0.16	2,635.66
September,18	21,012.65	0.16	3,269.14
October,18	18,583.07	0.15	2,852.71
November,18	14,005.19	0.16	2,212.24
December,18	12,109.75	0.17	2,029.99
January,19	14,308.81	0.16	2,339.05
February,19	13,327.76	0.16	2,173.05
March,19	14,943.22	0.16	2,407.86
April,19	14,417.58	0.16	2,366.99
May,19	17,209.68	0.16	2,729.95
June,19	16,530.84	0.16	2,667.89
Total/average	**190,992.08**	**0.16**	**30,443.76**


Electricity Cost ($)
3,500.00
3,000.00
2,500.00
2,000.00
1,500.00
1,000.00
500.00
0.00
July,18
August,18
September,18
October,18
November,18
December,18
January,19
February,19
March,19
April,19
May,19
June,19


Electric kWh
HDD
CDD
Electric Consumption kWh
25,000.00
20,000.00
15,000.00
10,000.00
5,000.00
0.00
Degree Days
600
500
400
300
200
100
0
July,18
August,18
September,18
October,18
November,18
December,18
January,19
February,19
March,19
April,19
May,19
June,19

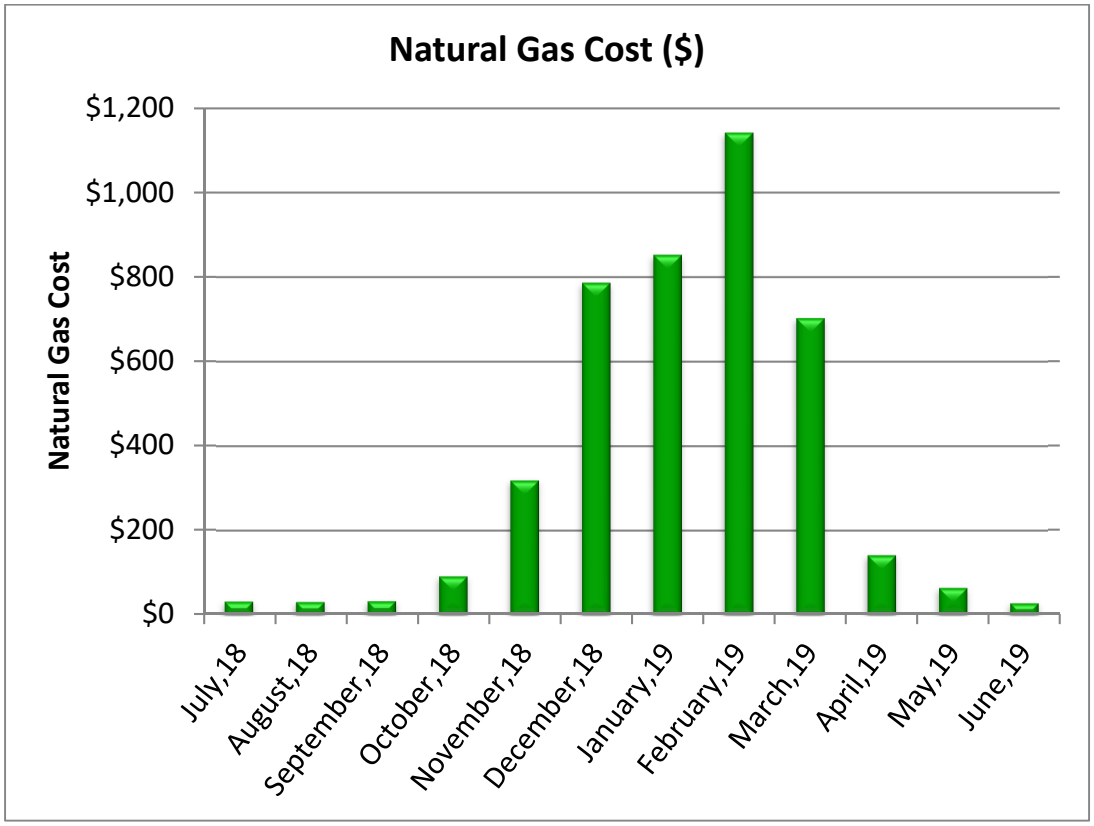
4.2. Natural Gas

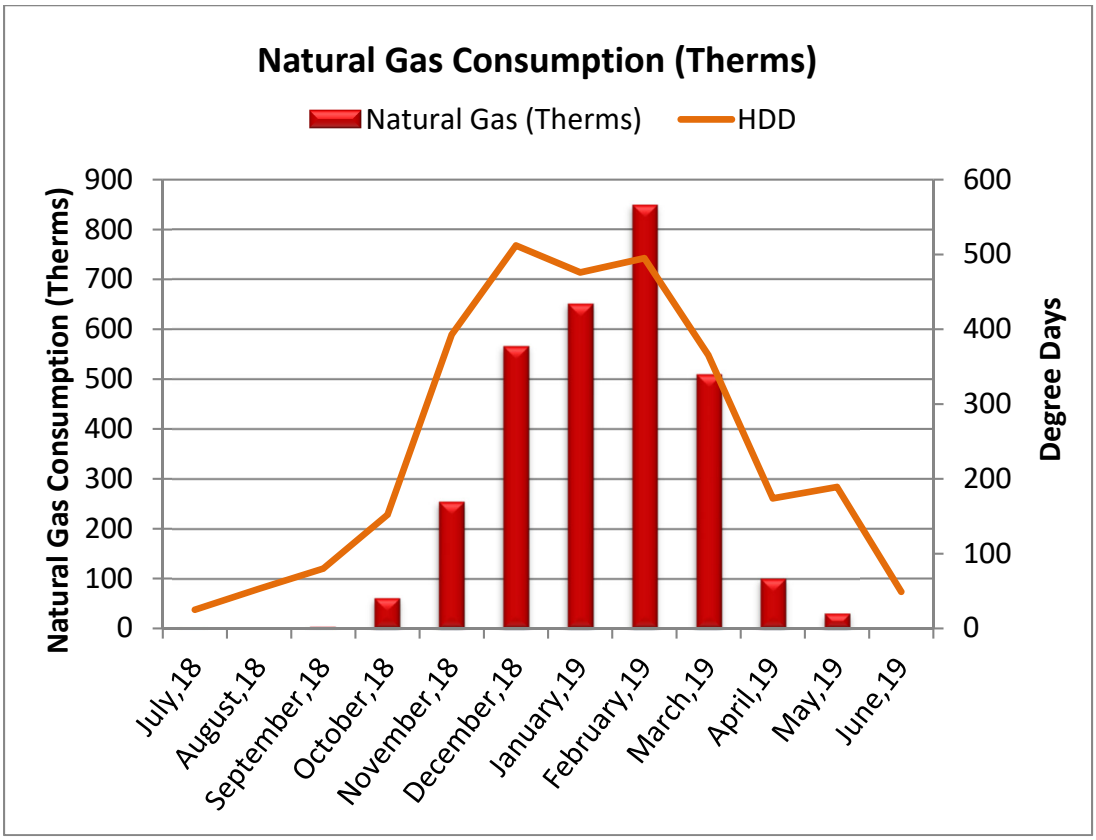
SPURR Gas satisfies the natural gas requirements of the facility. The primary end use of natural gas is for building heating, domestic water heating, and cooking in the cafeteria.

The analysis of the 12 months of consumption is provided below.

Natural Gas Consumption and Cost Data

Billing Month	Consumption (Therms)	Unit Cost/Therm	Total Cost
July,18	1	$35.99	$31
August,18	0	-	$30
September,18	3	$9.68	$32
October,18	61	$1.50	$91
November,18	254	$1.25	$318
December,18	566	$1.39	$786
January,19	651	$1.31	$853
February,19	849	$1.35	$1,142
March,19	509	$1.38	$703
April,19	100	$1.41	$141
May,19	30	$2.13	$64
June,19	0	-	$27
Total/average	**3,023**	**$1.40**	**$4,219**


Natural Gas Cost ($)
Natural Gas Cost
$1,200
$1,000
$800
$600
$400
$200
$0
July,18
August,18
September,18
October,18
November,18
December,18
January,19
February,19
March,19
April,19
May,19
June,19


Natural Gas Consumption (Therms)
Natural Gas (Therms)
HDD
Natural Gas Consumption (Therms)
900
800
700
600
500
400
300
200
100
0
600
500
400
300
200
100
0
Degree Days
July,18
August,18
September,18
October,18
November,18
December,18
January,19
February,19
March,19
April,19
May,19
June,19

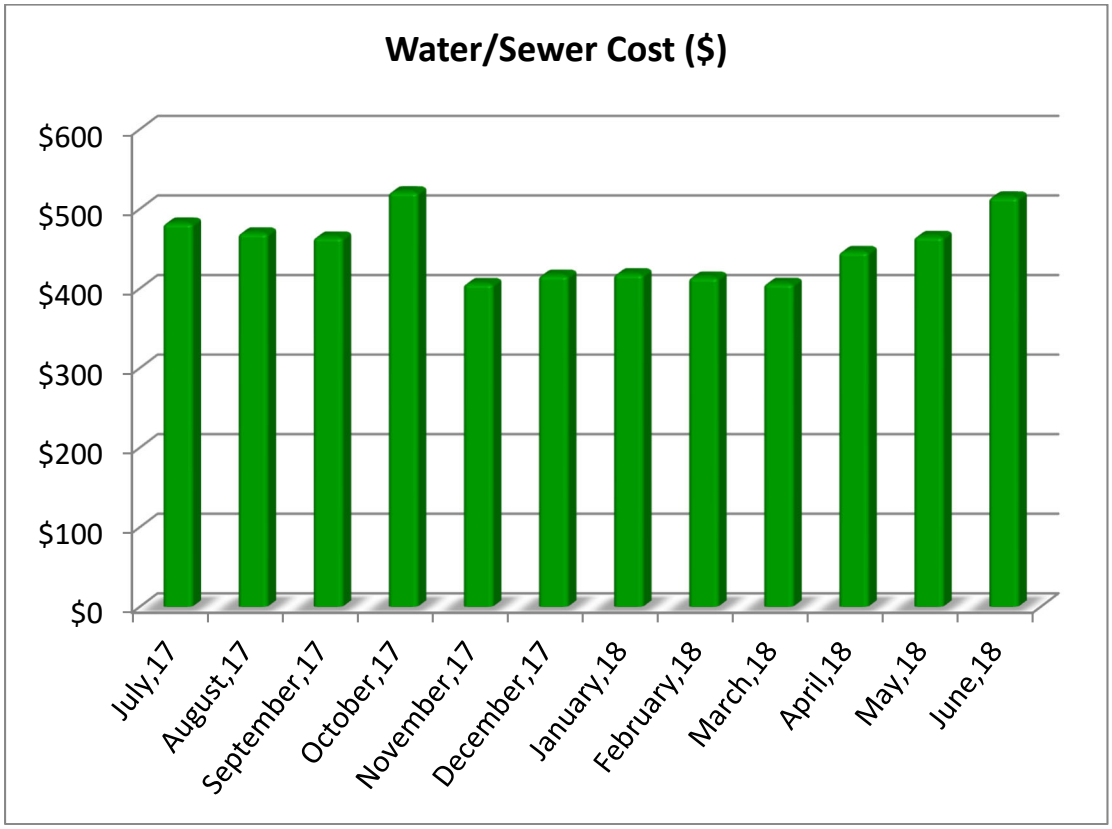
4.3. Water and Sewer

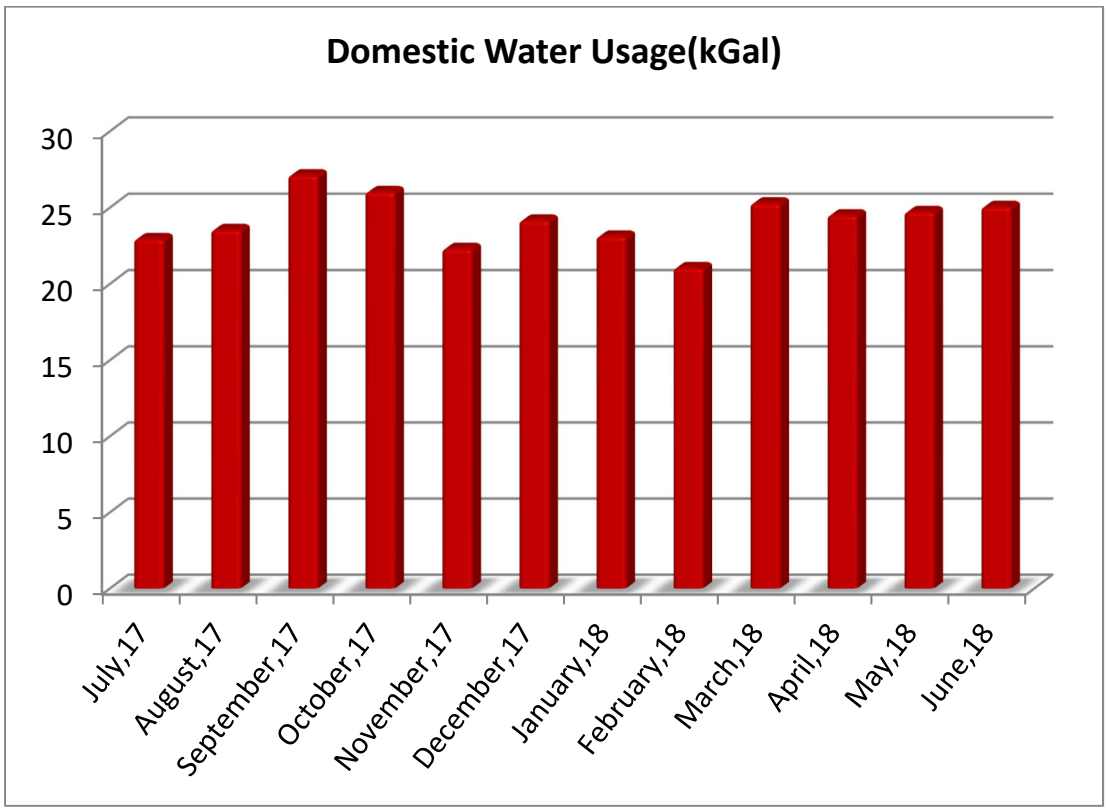
The City of Sacramento satisfies the water requirements for the facility. The primary end use of water is the plumbing fixtures such as staff showers, water closets, and lavatories. The table below provides the twelve continuous months' worth of consumption and cost for water in kGal for the facility.

Note: The utility bills for July 2017 - June 2018 was used instead of July 2018 - June 2019 due to unknown fluctuation in consumption data for the latter.

Water and Sewer Consumption and Cost Data

Billing Month	Consumption (KGAL)	Unit Cost/KGAL	Total Cost
July,17	23	$21.00	$483
August,17	24	$19.95	$470
September,17	27	$17.12	$465
October,17	26	$20.02	$522
November,17	22	$18.20	$407
December,17	24	$17.24	$417
January,18	23	$18.09	$419
February,18	21	$19.67	$415
March,18	25	$16.07	$407
April,18	25	$18.21	$447
May,18	25	$18.82	$466
June,18	25	$20.54	$515
Total	290	$18.72	$5,433


Water/Sewer Cost ($)
$600
$500
$400
$300
$200
$100
$0
July,17
August,17
September,17
October,17
November,17
December,17
January,18
February,18
March,18
April,18
May,18
June,18


Domestic Water Usage(kGal)
30
25
20
15
10
5
0
July,17
August,17
September,17
October,17
November,17
December,17
January,18
February,18
March,18
April,18
May,18
June,18

5. Renewable Energy Discussions

5.1. Rooftop Solar Photovoltaic Feasibility

Solar Energy Feasibility

A photovoltaic array is a linked collection of photovoltaic modules, which are in turn made of multiple interconnected solar cells. The cells convert solar energy into direct current electricity via the photovoltaic effect. The power that one module can produce is seldom enough to meet requirements of a home or a business, so the modules are linked together to form an array. Most PV arrays use an inverter to convert the DC power produced by the modules into alternating current that can plug into the existing infrastructure to power lights, motors, and other loads. The modules in a PV array are usually first connected in series to obtain the desired voltage; the individual strings are then connected in parallel to allow the system to produce more current. Solar arrays are typically measured by the peak electrical power they produce, in watts, kilowatts, or even megawatts.

When determining if a site is suitable for a solar application, two basic considerations must be evaluated:

- At minimum, the sun should shine upon the solar collectors from 9 AM to 3 PM. If less, the application may still be worthwhile, but the benefit will be less.
- The array should face south and be free of any shading from buildings, trees, rooftop equipment, etc. If the array is not facing directly south, there will be a penalty in transfer efficiency, reducing the overall efficiency of the system.

Solar PV Questionnaire	Response
Does the property have a south, east, or west facing roof or available land of more than 250 square feet per required Solar Array Panel?	Yes
Is the area free from any shading such as trees, buildings, equipment etc throughout the whole day?	Yes
Can the panels be mounted at an incline of roughly 25-45 degrees? (equal to latitude of property)	Yes
Is the property in an area with acceptable average monthly sunlight levels?	Yes
Has the roofing been replaced within the past 3-5 years?	No
Is the roof structure sufficient to hold solar panels?	Additional study required
Is the property located in a state eligible for net metering?	Yes

A solar feasibility analysis of the site has resulted in the building containing more than sufficient amount of roof area for solar electricity generation. The analysis through the use of National Renewable Energy Laboratory's solar photovoltaic software assisted in calculating the potential electricity generated from the allocated land and roof area set for solar photovoltaic installment. The allocated roof area was through looking at the roof and surrounding areas at a bird's eye view. Also detailed in the report are incentives and rebates that can potentially bring down the installation cost of the ECMs and result in a higher return on investment and quicker payback period.

The approach taken in the solar photovoltaic (PV) roof analysis begins with surveying the roof and determine areas on the roof where solar PV panels can potentially be installed.

1) Conducting a preliminary sizing of solar PV panels on the roofs and on the ground and its potential electricity production for its first year of installment using the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) PV WATTS Version 2 Software.

2) Calculate energy and cost savings for the site as a sole proprietor of the system capable of collecting state, local, and federal tax credits and incentives and interconnecting and selling the renewable energy electrical production to the building.

Solar Rooftop Photovoltaic Analysis		
Estimated Number of Panels	214	
Estimated KW Rating	68	KW
Potential Annual kWh Produced	103,151	kWh
% of Current Electricity Uses	54%	
Financial Summary		
Investment Cost	$236,250	
Estimated Energy Cost Savings	$16,422	
Payback without Incentives	14.4	Years
Incentive Payback but without SRECs	8.7	Years
Payback with All Incentives	8,7	Years

A photovoltaic array is a linked collection of photovoltaic modules, which are in turn made of multiple interconnected solar cells. The cells convert solar energy into direct current. Modules of cells are linked together to form an array. Most PV arrays use an inverter to convert the DC power produced by the modules into alternating current that can connect to existing AC infrastructure to power lights, motors, and other loads.

Cost of production has fallen years with increasing demand and through production and technological advances. The cost dropped from $8–10/watt in 1996 to $4–7/watt in 2006. The market is diversifying with new types of panels suited to unique installation methods including stick on sheets and PV spray coating. The solar PV cost used in the analysis was set at $7.0/Watt which includes design, construction, administration, and installation and maintenance cost throughout the life of the solar panels.

One breakthrough for PV is “Net Metering”. When more PV electric power is generated than is consumed on site, the electric service meter reverses to “sell” the excess power directly back onto the power grid. The economics of PV for commercial industrial installations become attractive when coupled with incentives from Federal and state agencies, as well utility companies.

A kilowatt-hour costing $0.15 might be valued at $0.30 when produced by PV and sent to the grid. The economics of PV for commercial industrial installations become attractive when coupled with incentives from Federal and state agencies, as well utility companies.

The low payback period is highly dependent on the marketing potential of selling Solar Renewable Certificates to electricity generated providers who are under state regulations to contain a certain percentage of their electricity generation derived from renewable energy such as wind and solar.

Solar facilities are encouraged to sell their SRECs on the market (either spot market or through long-term contracts). Utilities may use SRECs for compliance under the state RPS for the year in which they are generated. Utilities may purchase up to 10% more SRECs than they require for compliance and "bank" those surplus SRECs for compliance during the following two years. Any SRECs pricing can range from $300 - $450/MWh and can be sold across state borders to other utility providers looking to purchase SRECs. EMG has selected to use the market value of $300/MWh minus 5% administrative fee in the analysis.

A number of states and corresponding electrical utility supplier are required under regulation to have a certain percentage of its electricity be produced by solar energy. To offset that they allow other utility companies to buy Renewable Energy Credits (REC) credit off their customers and facilities that produce their own solar energy. Typically the national market, the utility market is $400 per MWh to Utility Suppliers for not meeting this standard percentage so these REC credits are sold for $350 per MWH. (1 REC credit = 1 MWH).

State charges these utility companies to meet their state compliance of 0.2% of the entire electricity consumption from solar energy by 2022 (from.005% in 2008 aggregated up to 0.2% by 2022). The REC credits correspond to these percentages as they aggregate each year.

6. Operations and Maintenance Plan

The quality of the maintenance and the operation of the facility's energy systems have a direct effect on its overall energy efficiency. Energy-efficiency needs to be a consideration when implementing facility modifications, equipment replacements, and general corrective actions. The following is a list of activities that should be performed as part of the routine maintenance program for the property.

Building Envelope

- ✓ Ensure that the building envelope has proper caulking and weather stripping.
- ✓ Patch holes in the building envelope with foam insulation and fire rated caulk around combustion vents
- ✓ Inspect building vents semiannually for bird infestation
- ✓ Inspect windows monthly for damaged panes and failed thermal seals
- ✓ Repair and adjust automatic door closing mechanisms as needed.

Heating and Cooling

- ✗ Pilots lights on furnaces and boilers be turned off in summer
- ✗ All preventive maintenance should be performed on all furnaces and boilers, which would include cleaning of burners and heat exchanger tubes.
- ✗ Ensure that the combustion vents exhaust outside the conditioned space and the vent dampers are functional
- ✗ Ensure that the control valves are functioning properly before start of every season
- ✗ Ensure steam traps are functional before start of each heating season
- ✗ Ensure use of chemical treatment for boiler make up water
- ✗ Ensure boiler outside temperature re-set is set to 55F
- ✗ Ensure use of chemical treatment for Colling tower water to prevent corrosion
- ✓ Ensure the duct work in unconditioned space is un-compromised and well insulated
- ✓ Duct cleaning is recommended every 10 years. This should include sealing of ducts using products similar to 'aero-seal'
- ✗ Ensure use of economizer mode is functional and used
- ✗ Ensure that the outside air dampers actuators are operating correctly
- ✗ Ensure air coils in the AHU and FCA's are pressure washed annually
- ✓ Return vents should remain un-obstructed and be located centrally
- ✓ Temperature settings reduced in unoccupied areas and set points seasonally adjusted.
- ✓ Evaporator coils and condenser coils should be regularly cleaned to improve heat transfer
- ✓ Refrigerant pipes should be insulated with a minimum of ¾" thick Elastomeric Rubber Pipe Insulation
- ✓ Ensure refrigerant pressure is maintained in the condensers
- ✓ Change air filters on return vents seasonally. Use only filters with 'Minimum Efficiency Rating Value'(MERV) of 8

Central Domestic Hot Water Heater

- ✓ Never place gas fired water heaters adjacent to return vents so as to prevent flame roll outs
- ✓ Ensure the circulation system is on timer to reduce the losses through re-circulation
- ✓ Ensure all hot water pipes are insulated with fiberglass insulation at all times
- ✓ Replacement water heater should have Energy Factor (EF)>0.9
- ✓ Tank-type water heaters flushed monthly

Lighting Improvements

- ✓ Utilize bi-level lighting controls in stairwells and hallways.
- ✓ Use LED replacement lamps
- ✓ Clean lighting fixture reflective surfaces and translucent covers.
- ✓ Ensure that timers and/or photocells are operating correctly on exterior lighting
- ✓ Use occupancy sensors for offices and other rooms with infrequent occupancy

Existing Equipment and Replacements

- ✓ Ensure that refrigerator and freezer doors close and seal correctly
- ✓ Ensure kitchen and bathroom exhaust outside the building and the internal damper operates properly
- ✓ Ensure that bathroom vents exhaust out
- ✓ Office/ computer equipment either in the “sleep” or “off” mode when not used

7. Appendices

APPENDIX A: Glossary of Terms

APPENDIX B: Mechanical Equipment Inventory

APPENDIX C: Lighting System Schedule

APPENDIX D: ECM Checklist

APPENDIX E: ECM Calculations

APPENDIX F: Solar PV

APPENDIX A:
Glossary of Terms

Glossary of Terms and Acronyms

ECM – Energy Conservation Measures are projects recommended to reduce energy consumption. These can be No/Low cost items implemented as part of routine maintenance or Capital Cost items to be implemented as a capital improvement project.

Initial Investment – The estimated cost of implementing an ECM project. Estimates typically are based on R.S. Means Construction cost data and Industry Standards.

Annual Energy Savings – The reduction in energy consumption attributable to the implementation of a particular ECM. These savings values do not include the interactive effects of other ECMs.

Cost Savings – The expected reduction in utility or energy costs achieved through the corresponding reduction in energy consumption by implementation of an ECM.

Simple Payback Period –The number of years required for the cumulative value of energy or water cost savings less future non-fuel or non-water costs to equal the investment costs of the building energy or water system, without consideration of discount rates.

EUL – Expected Useful Life is the estimated lifespan of a typical piece of equipment based on industry accepted standards.

RUL – Remaining Useful Life is the EUL minus the effective age of the equipment and reflects the estimated number of operating years remaining for the item.

SIR - The savings-to-investment ratio is the ratio of the present value savings to the present value costs of an energy or water conservation measure. The numerator of the ratio is the present value of net savings in energy or water and non-fuel or non-water operation and maintenance costs attributable to the proposed energy or water conservation measure. The denominator of the ratio is the present value of the net increase in investment and replacement costs less salvage value attributable to the proposed energy or water conservation measure. It is recommended that energy-efficiency recommendations be based on a calculated SIR, with larger SIRs receiving a higher priority. A project typically is recommended only if the SIR is greater than or equal to 1.0, unless other factors outweigh the financial benefit.

Life Cycle Cost - The sum of the present values of (a) Investment costs, less salvage values at the end of the study period; (b) Non-fuel operation and maintenance costs: (c) Replacement costs less salvage costs of replaced building systems; and (d) Energy and/or water costs.

Life Cycle Savings – The sum of the estimated annual cost savings over the EUL of the recommended ECM, expressed in present value dollars.

Building Site Energy Use Intensity - The sum of the total site energy use in thousands of Btu per unit of gross building area. Site energy accounts for all energy consumed at the building location only not the energy consumed during generation and transmission of the energy to the site.

Building Source Energy Use Intensity – The sum of the total source energy use in thousands of Btu per unit of gross building area. Source energy is the energy consumed during generation and transmission in supplying the energy to your site.

Building Cost Intensity - This metric is the sum of all energy use costs in dollars per unit of gross building area.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions - Although there are numerous gases that are classified as contributors to the total for Greenhouse Emissions, the scope of this energy audit focuses on carbon dioxide (CO_2). Carbon dioxide enters the atmosphere through the burning of fossil fuels (oil, natural gas, and coal), solid waste, trees and wood products, and also as a result of other chemical reactions (e.g., manufacture of cement).

APPENDIX B:
Mechanical Equipment Inventory

Mechanical Inventory							
System	Make	Model	Serial Number	Input Capacity	Room Number	Space Served	Quantity
Water Heater	Rheem	82SV30-2	RH 0908R00995	30 GAL	001-B100-Boiler room	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Domestic Circulation/Booster Pump	Peerless Pumps	Illegible	Illegible	10 HP	Site	Isador Cohen Elementary School / Site	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGD02220	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGD02222	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ 005-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGE02227	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGD02221	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGD02215	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGDO2217	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RN-009-3-0-BA02-2F2	201108-ANGQ18234	9 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGDO2216	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ 005-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGE02226	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RN-007-3-0-EA09-222	201108-ANGG18237	7 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGD02214	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AaoN, Inc.	RN-009-3-0-BA02-2F2	201108-ANGQ18233	9 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ 005-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGE02225	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGD02223	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGO02213	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGD02224	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Heat Pump	Bard Manufacturing Company	WG422-ANBVX4XXX	253F041910556-1	3.5 TON	P03-O021-Building exterior	Isador Cohen Elementary School / P03-Classrooms 20-21	1
Packaged Unit (RTU)	AAON, Inc.	RQ-004-3-V-GA02-212	201108-AYGD02219	4 TON	001-Roof	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Heat Pump	Bard Manufacturing Company	WG422-ANBVX4XXX	253F041910551-1	3.5 TON	P01-O015-Building exterior	Isador Cohen Elementary School / P01-Classrooms 14-16	1
Heat Pump	Bard Manufacturing Company	WG422-ANBVX4XXX	253F041910557-1	3.5 TON	P02-O016-Building exterior	Isador Cohen Elementary School / P02-Classrooms 17-19	1
Water Storage Tank	Butane Tank Co.	-	35476	2200 GAL	Site	Isador Cohen Elementary School / Site	1
Heat Pump	Bard Manufacturing Company	WG422-ANBVX4XXX	253F041910558-1	3.5 TON	P02-O018-Building exterior	Isador Cohen Elementary School / P02-Classrooms 17-19	1
Heat Pump	Bard Manufacturing Company	WG422-ANBVX4XXX	253F041910559-1	3.5 TON	P01-O014-Building exterior	Isador Cohen Elementary School / P01-Classrooms 14-16	1
Heat Pump	Bard Manufacturing Company	WG422-ANBVX4XXX	253F041910555-1	3.5 TON	P03-O020-Building exterior	Isador Cohen Elementary School / P03-Classrooms 20-21	1
Heat Pump	Bard Manufacturing Company	WG422-ANBVX4XXX	253F041910553-1	3.5 TON	P03-O019-Building exterior	Isador Cohen Elementary School / P03-Classrooms 20-21	1
Water Heater	Rheem	ELD 52	GLO297 R1096C24384	50 GAL	001-SK02	Isador Cohen Elementary School / 001-Main Building	1
Heat Pump	Bard Manufacturing Company	No tag/plate found	No tag/plate found	3 TON	P02-O017-Building exterior	Isador Cohen Elementary School / P02-Classrooms 17-19	1

APPENDIX C:
Lighting System Schedule

									Lamp Details				Fixture Details				Existing Consumption	
Line No.	Building Name	Interior/ Exterior	Floor	Space Type	Room No.	LUX	Control Quantity	Existing Control	Technology	Sub-Technology	Lamp Type	Total Lamps	Fixture Type	Fixture Quantity	24x7 Fixture Count	Fixture Height	Annual Hours	Existing Annual kWh
1	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10B	150	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	30	2x4 Prism Troffer	15	0	10	1,260	1,210
2	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10B	150	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	20	2x4 Prism Troffer	10	0	10	1,260	806
3	Isador Cohen	Interior		RESTROOM	Ty10	130	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	4	1x4 Prism Troffer	2	0	10	2,160	276
4	Isador Cohen	Interior		RESTROOM	Sy10	160	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	4	1x4 Prism Troffer	2	0	10	2,160	276
5	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10A	180	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	20	2x4 Prism Troffer	10	0	10	1,260	806
6	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10A	180	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	30	2x4 Prism Troffer	15	0	10	1,260	1,210
7	Isador Cohen	Interior		HALLWAY	Hy10	-	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	4	2x4 Prism Troffer	2	0	10	2,160	276
8	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10c	130	5	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	150	2x4 Prism Troffer	75	0	10	1,260	6,048
9	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Ow0a	200	3	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	102	2x4 Prism Troffer	51	0	10	1,260	4,113
10	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Ow0B	220	4	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	76	2x4 Prism Troffer	38	0	10	1,260	3,064
11	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Ow0B	220	4	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	8	2x4 Prism Troffer	4	0	10	1,260	323
12	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	O21	500	6	Ceiling-Mounted Sensor	LED	-	-	72	Troffer 1'x4'	72	0	10	1,260	-
13	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	1	-	1	Ceiling-Mounted Sensor	LED	-	-	15	Troffer 1'x4'	15	0	10	1,260	-
14	Isador Cohen	Interior		RESTROOM	T1	-	2	Ceiling-Mounted Sensor	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	8	2x4 Prism Troffer	4	0	10	2,160	553
15	Isador Cohen	Interior		ESTROOM - PRIVAT	T2	-	1	Wall-Mounted Sensor	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	2	2x4 Prism Troffer	1	0	10	900	58
16	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Ext	-		Timer	LED	-	-	10	Wallpack-Horizontal	10	0	10	2,160	-
17	Isador Cohen	Interior		MECHANICAL	B100	-	1	Light Switch	CFL	CFL - Screw-in	CFL23	4	Sconce-vert	4	0	10	1,512	139
18	Isador Cohen	Interior		RESTROOM	Tb1	-	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	10	1x4 Prism Troffer	10	0	10	2,160	691
19	Isador Cohen	Interior		STORAGE	Su1	-	9	Light Switch	Incan/H/MR	Incan	I15-A19	9	Vanity-Direct	9	0	10	684	92
20	Isador Cohen	Interior		LIBRARY	X102	100	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	48	2x4 Prism Troffer	12	0	10	1,260	1,935
21	Isador Cohen	Interior		LIBRARY	X102	100	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	12	2x4 Prism Troffer	6	0	10	1,260	484
22	Isador Cohen	Interior		STORAGE	Sx1	-	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	4	2x4 Prism Troffer	2	0	10	684	88
23	Isador Cohen	Interior		STORAGE	Cx1	-	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	2	2x4 Prism Troffer	1	0	10	684	44
24	Isador Cohen	Interior		CAFETERIA	U101	85	3	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	48	2x4 Prism Troffer	12	0	10	2,160	3,318
25	Isador Cohen	Interior		CAFETERIA	U101	85	3	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	16	2x4 Prism Troffer	4	0	10	2,160	1,106
26	Isador Cohen	Interior		CAFETERIA	U101	85	3	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	48	2x4 Prism Troffer	12	0	10	2,160	3,318
27	Isador Cohen	Interior		KITCHEN	K1	170	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	12	1x4 Prism Troffer	6	0	10	1,800	691
28	Isador Cohen	Interior		KITCHEN	K1	170	1	Light Switch	CFL	CFL - Screw-in	CFL18	1	Sconce-vert	1	0	10	1,800	32
29	Isador Cohen	Interior		OFFICE	C107	-	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	2	1x4 Prism Troffer	1	0	10	2,160	138
30	Isador Cohen	Interior		ESTROOM - PRIVAT	Tw1	-	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	2	1x4 Prism Troffer	1	0	10	900	58
31	Isador Cohen	Interior		ESTROOM - PRIVAT	Tm1	-	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	6	1x4 Prism Troffer	3	0	10	900	173
32	Isador Cohen	Interior		CONFERENCE ROOM	I105	350	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	4	1x4 Prism Troffer	2	0	10	2,160	276
33	Isador Cohen	Interior		CONFERENCE ROOM	I105	350	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	10	2x4 Prism Troffer	5	0	10	2,160	691
34	Isador Cohen	Interior		CONFERENCE ROOM	I105	350	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	16	1x4 Prism Troffer	16	0	10	2,160	1,106
35	Isador Cohen	Interior		OPEN OFFICE	C100	140	2	Wall-Mounted Sensor	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	2	1x4 Prism Troffer	1	0	10	2,160	138
36	Isador Cohen	Interior		OPEN OFFICE	C100	140	2	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	16	2x4 Prism Troffer	8	0	10	2,160	1,106
37	Isador Cohen	Interior		OPEN OFFICE	C101	150	1	Wall-Mounted Sensor	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	4	2x4 Prism Troffer	2	0	10	2,160	276
38	Isador Cohen	Interior		OPEN OFFICE	C106	200	2	Wall-Mounted Sensor	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	16	2x4 Prism Troffer	8	0	10	2,160	1,106
39	Isador Cohen	Interior		HALLWAY	H101	-	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	38	2x4 Prism Troffer	19	0	10	2,160	2,627
40	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	O0V	300	1	Light Switch	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8	24	2x4 Prism Troffer	12	0	10	1,260	968
41	Isador Cohen	Exterior		CLASSROOM	Ext	-	1	Timer	HID	HPS	HPS200	1	Shoebox	1	0	15	1,260	252
42	Isador Cohen	Exterior		CLASSROOM	Ext	-	1	Timer	HID	HPS	HPS200	2	Pole Pendant	2	0	15	1,260	504
	Totals											912		486			67,644	40,377

									Fixture Details						Existing Consumption				Proposed- Post Retrofit				
Line No.	Building Name	Interior/ Exterior	Floor	Space Type	Room No.	Additional Area Description	Existing Control	Control Quantity	Technology	Sub-Technology	Lamp- Fixture	Fixture Quantity	Total Lamps	Fixture Height	Annual Hours	Existing Annual kWh	ECM	ECM Type	Recommended Sensor	LED Lamp Retrofit	Annual Hours of Operation	Proposed Annual kWh	Annual Savings From LED Retrofit
																							kWh
1	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10B	2L 1S 10F ref	Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	15	30	10	1,260	1,210	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	643	567
2	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10B	2L 1S 10F ref	Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	10	20	10	1,260	806	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	428	378
3	Isador Cohen	Interior		RESTROOM	Ty10	2L 2F	Light Switch	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 1x4 Prism Troffer	2	4	10	2,160	276	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	147	130
4	Isador Cohen	Interior		RESTROOM	Sy10	2L 2F	Light Switch	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 1x4 Prism Troffer	2	4	10	2,160	276	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	147	130
5	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10A	2L 10 15F	Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	10	20	10	1,260	806	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	428	378
6	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10A	2L 10 15F	Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	15	30	10	1,260	1,210	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	643	567
7	Isador Cohen	Interior		HALLWAY	Hy10	2L 2F	Light Switch	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	2	4	10	2,160	276	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	147	130
8	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Y10c	2L 15F	Light Switch	5	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	75	150	10	1,260	6,048	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	3,213	2,835
9	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Ow0a	2L 17F	Light Switch	3	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	51	102	10	1,260	4,113	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	2,185	1,928
10	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Ow0B	2L 2 19F	Light Switch	4	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	38	76	10	1,260	3,064	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	1,628	1,436
11	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	Ow0B	2L 2 19F	Light Switch	4	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	4	8	10	1,260	323	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	171	151
13	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	1		Ceiling-Mounted Sensor	1	LED	-		15	15	10	1,260				Retain Existing Controls				
15	Isador Cohen	Interior		RESTROOM - PRIVATE	T2	2L 1F ws	Wall-Mounted Sensor	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	1	2	10	900	58	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Retain Existing Controls	4' 17W LED T8	900	31	27
17	Isador Cohen	Interior		MECHANICAL	B100		Light Switch	1	CFL	CFL - Screw-in	CFL23; Sconce-vert	4	4	10	1,512	139	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Retain Existing Controls	14W LED A19	1,512	85	54
19	Isador Cohen	Interior		STORAGE	Su1	1 inc	Light Switch	9	Incan/H/MR	Incan	I15-A19; Vanity-Direct	9	9	10	684	92	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	5W LED A19	684	31	62
21	Isador Cohen	Interior		LIBRARY	X102		Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	6	12	10	1,260	484	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	257	227
22	Isador Cohen	Interior		STORAGE	Sx1	2L 2F	Light Switch	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	2	4	10	684	88	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	684	47	41
24	Isador Cohen	Interior		CAFETERIA	U101		Light Switch	3	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	12	48	10	2,160	3,318	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	1,763	1,555
25	Isador Cohen	Interior		CAFETERIA	U101		Light Switch	3	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	4	16	10	2,160	1,106	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	588	518
26	Isador Cohen	Interior		CAFETERIA	U101		Light Switch	3	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	12	48	10	2,160	3,318	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	1,763	1,555
27	Isador Cohen	Interior		KITCHEN	K1		Light Switch	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 1x4 Prism Troffer	6	12	10	1,800	691	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,800	367	324
28	Isador Cohen	Interior		KITCHEN	K1		Light Switch	1	CFL	CFL - Screw-in	CFL18; Sconce-vert	1	1	10	1,800	32	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	11W LED A19	1,800	20	13
32	Isador Cohen	Interior		CONFERENCE ROOM	I105		Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 1x4 Prism Troffer	2	4	10	2,160	276	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	147	130
33	Isador Cohen	Interior		CONFERENCE ROOM	I105		Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	5	10	10	2,160	691	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	367	324
34	Isador Cohen	Interior		CONFERENCE ROOM	I105		Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 1x4 Prism Troffer	16	16	10	2,160	1,106	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	588	518
35	Isador Cohen	Interior		OPEN OFFICE	C100		Wall-Mounted Sensor	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 1x4 Prism Troffer	1	2	10	2,160	138	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	73	65
36	Isador Cohen	Interior		OPEN OFFICE	C100		Light Switch	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	8	16	10	2,160	1,106	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	588	518
37	Isador Cohen	Interior		OPEN OFFICE	C101	2L 2F ws	Wall-Mounted Sensor	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	2	4	10	2,160	276	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Retain Existing Controls	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	147	130
38	Isador Cohen	Interior		OPEN OFFICE	C106	2L 4F	Wall-Mounted Sensor	2	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	8	16	10	2,160	1,106	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Retain Existing Controls	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	588	518
39	Isador Cohen	Interior		HALLWAY	H101		Light Switch	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	19	38	10	2,160	2,627	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Retain Existing Controls	4' 17W LED T8	2,160	1,395	1,231
40	Isador Cohen	Interior		CLASSROOM	O0V		Light Switch	1	Linear Fluorescent	T8	4' 32W T8; 2x4 Prism Troffer	12	24	10	1,260	968	ECM	RB - Replace Bulb	Ceiling Mounted	4' 17W LED T8	1,260	514	454
41	Isador Cohen	Exterior		CLASSROOM	Ext		Timer	1	HID	HPS	HPS200; Shoebox	1	1	15	1,260	252	ECM	RF - Replace Entire Fixture	Photo sensor	54W LED Shoebox	1,260	68	184
42	Isador Cohen	Exterior		CLASSROOM	Ext		Timer	1	HID	HPS	HPS200; Pole Pendant	2	2	15	1,260	504	ECM	RF - Replace Entire Fixture	Photo sensor	54W LED Post	1,260	136	368
	Totals												912									21,248	19,129

APPENDIX D:
ECM Checklist

NA	In Place	Evaluate	ECM Description
✓			Add Reflective Coating To Exterior Windows
		✓	Replace External Windows
✓			Upgrade Insulation
		✓	Control External Air Leakage In Commercial Buildings
✓			Install Reflective Insulation Between Radiators And External Wall
✓			Replace Existing Motors With High Efficiency Motors
✓			Install On-Demand Ventilation on Air Handlers
	✓		Reduce HVAC Hours of Operation
✓			Install Variable Frequency Drives (VFD)
✓			Install Outside Air Temperature Reset Controls For Hot Water Boilers
✓			Install Chilled Water Reset Control
✓			Install Timers On Exhaust Fans
✓			Install Energy Savers on Vending, Snack Machines
	✓		Install Building Energy Management System and Replace Terminal Units
	✓		Re-Commission The Building & Its Control Systems
✓			Replace Inefficient Heating Plant
✓			Replace Inefficient Cooling Plant
	✓		Replace Existing Air Conditioners with Energy Star Air Conditioners
✓			Replace Unit Electric Heaters with Natural Gas Fired Unit Heaters
✓			Convert From Gas Pilot to Electronic Ignition for Boilers
✓			Insulate Hot Water Pipes
	✓		Insulate Refrigerant Lines
	✓		Insulate Hot Surfaces And Tanks
	✓		Insulate Air Ducts
✓			Replace Defective Steam Traps
✓			Upgrade Electric Heating System To Heat Pumps
✓			Replace Inefficient Furnace System
✓			Replace Rooftop Package Unit
	✓		Install Energy Recovery Wheel on Air Handling Unit
✓			Replace Existing Water Heater With New Energy Efficient Units
		✓	Replace Incandescent/Halogen Lamps With Energy Efficient Lamps
		✓	Upgrade Inefficient Linear Fluorescent Lamps And Fixtures
	✓		Upgrade EXIT SIGNS With LED EXIT Signs
✓			Bilevel and Tandem Linear Fluorescent Lighting ECM
		✓	Replace High Intensity Discharge (HID) Lamps With Energy Efficienct Lamps
✓			Replace Existing Refrigerator(s) With Energy Star Certified Refrigerator(s)
✓			Replace Existing Freezers With High Efficiency Freezers
✓			Install Low Flow Shower Heads
		✓	Install Low Flow Faucet Aerators
✓			Install Low Flow Restroom Flush Tank Toilets
		✓	Install Low Flow Tankless Restroom Fixtures

APPENDIX E:
ECM Calculations

UIC	**Upgrade Building Lighting to LED and Install Automatic Lighting Controls**
EAL10	**Location: Building Interior and Exterior**

	No. of ECMs	No. of Fixtures	No. of Lamps	KWh Saved	Energy Cost Saving	O & M Savings
Upgrade Lighting to LED	296	389	815	19,129	$3,049.17	$1,764.09

Existing Technology	**Sub-Technology**	No. of ECMs	No. of Fixtures	No. of Lamps	KWh Saved	Energy Cost Saving	O & M Savings
CFL	CFL - 2 Pin	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
CFL	CFL - 4 Pin	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
CFL	CFL - Screw-in	2	5	5	67	$11	$41
Circiline	T9	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
Incan/H/MR	H	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
Incan/H/MR	Incan	1	9	9	62	$10	$520
Incan/H/MR	MR	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
HID	HPS	2	3	3	552	$88	$47
HID	MH	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
HID	MV	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
HID	QL	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
Linear Fluorescent	T8	34	372	815	18,449	$2,941	$1,156
Linear Fluorescent	T12	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
Linear Fluorescent	T8 U	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
Linear Fluorescent	T12 U	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
Linear Fluorescent	T5	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
Linear Fluorescent	T6	0	0	0	0	$0	$0
Linear Fluorescent	T10	0	0	0	0	$0	$0

Proposed Controls	**No. of Controls**		**No. of Controls**
Photo Sensor	2	Ceiling Mounted	69
Wall Mounted	0		

Initial Investment			**Equipment Rentals**	
Material Cost	$13,432.63		Scissor Lift 26' - Interior Spaces	$0.00
Labor Cost	$23,256.05		Bucket Truck - Exterior Spaces	$0.00
Local Electric Rate:	$0.17	$/kWh	Estimated Annual Energy Savings:	19,129
Hourly Labor Rate For Electrician:	$72.40		Estimated Annual Energy Cost Savings:	$3,049
Budgeted Initial Investment:	$36,689		Estimated Annual O&M Cost Savings:	$1,764
Estimated Return on Investment: *(Including O&M Savings)*	7.62	Years	Estimated Annual Cost Savings:	$4,813

APPENDIX F:
Solar PV

UIC	Install Fixed Tilt Solar Photovoltaic System
EAR-2	Details:

Select State: Northern California **Electric Rate:** $0.16 $/KWH Annual Electric Consumption: 190,992 KWh

Roof No.	Description	Number of Roofs	DC System Size Per Roof	PV System Sizing For All Roofs	Estimated Number of 315 Watt PV Panels:	Total Estimated Annual Electricity Generated/ Roof	Total Estimated Electricity Generated (All Roofs)	Total Cost Savings	Installation Cost: ($3.5/Watt)	Simple Pay Back Period without Incentives	One Time Potential Utility or State Incentives	One Time Potential Federal Incentives	Annual Potential Incentives and Rebates		Simple Pay Back Period with All Incentives
			kW	kW		kWh	kWh			Yrs		Dept. of Treasury Renewable Grant (30%)	Federal REPI Incentive	Solar Renewable Certificates (SRECS)-(~$0/MWH)	Years
												30%	$0.02	$0	
1	Building 1	1	35.20	35	112	53,791	53,791	$8,574	$123,200	14.4	$0	$36,960	$1,183	$0	8.7
2	Building 2	1	13	13	40	19,255	19,255	$3,069	$44,100	14.4	$0	$13,230	$424	$0	8.7
3	Building 3	1	20	20	63	30,105	30,105	$4,799	$68,950	14.4	$0	$20,685	$662	$0	8.7
4				0	0		0	$0	$0		$0	$0	$0	$0	
5				0	0		0	$0	$0		$0	$0	$0	$0	
6				0	0		0	$0	$0		$0	$0	$0	$0	
7				0	0		0	$0	$0		$0	$0	$0	$0	
8				0	0		0	$0	$0		$0	$0	$0	$0	
9				0	0		0	$0	$0		$0	$0	$0	$0	
10				0	0		0	$0	$0		$0	$0	$0	$0	
		3		**68**	**214**	**103,151.0**	**103,151**	**$16,442**	**$236,250**	**14.37**	**$0**	**$70,875**	**$2,269**	**$0**	**8.68**

Solar Rooftop Photovoltaic Analysis		
Total Number of Roofs	3	
Estimated Number of Panels	214	
Estimated KW Rating	68	KW
Potential Annual KWh Produced	103,151	KWh
% of Current Electricity Load	54.0%	

Financial Analysis		
Investment Cost	$236,250	
Estimated Energy Cost Savings	$16,442	
Potential Rebates	$70,875	
Potential Annual Incentives	$2,269	
Payback without Incentives	14.4	years
Incentive Payback but without SRECS	8.7	years
Payback with All Incentives	8.7	years