

SIM UNDERGROUND UTILITY DESIGNATION CHECKLIST



NONDESTRUCTIVE LOCATION AND MARKING OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES

Site Na	me:		Project #:				
Site Ad	dress:						
City:		Stat	e:	Zip:			
Site Co	ntact N	ame:		Phone:			
Contact Email:				Site-Specific Notes:			
	Call 8:	11 and submit markout ticket reques	t for locate in public	c areas, Ticket#			
	Collec	Collect site-specific data related to site history, previous excavation, past construction history					
_		te usage.	2.02	•			
Contra	ct with	Qualified Private Utility Location Co	ntractor:				
		Scanning contractor shall submit re	cord of certification	of training that exceeds ASNT,			
		"Practice SNT-TC-1A, Personnel Qua	ification and Certific	ation in Nondestructive Testing Level I,"			
		Field personnel at minimum certifie	d OSHA 10 Construct	tion Safety Training. Specific safety training			
		may apply per site specifics.					
Undero	round	Utility Designation Work Scope:					
_		ocate and mark all underground utilities and anomalies in contractor/owner designated area utilizing at					
		least two different technologies for redundant results, Ground Penetrating RADAR GPR, EM Pipe Locator.					
			88				
	□ Confirm work scope communication with site contact.						
	EM Sy	EM System Model# GPR System Model#					
Anticip	ated U	tilities:					
	Water			Communications			
	Gas			Industrial Process			
	Sanita	ry Sewer		Steam			
	Electri			Electric Other			
	Site Li			Gas Other			
	Draina						
SIM Inv	_	ve Technologies:					
		d Penetrating RADAR (GPR)		Metal Detector			
		pe Locator	_	Sewer Push Camera			
		ible Rodder	-	Multiple GPR Antenna			
	Haces	ble Sonde	П	EMI/Split Box			

SIM Pre-Investigation Checklist:

Confirm Job Hazard Analysis (JSA), form review, or equal site safety review documentation.
Confirm and sign site safety plan if applicable.
Perform site walk and review project scope meeting, review scan locations. Note: Field technician
to look for visible clues such as electrical rooms, service access ports like manholes and other
utility boxes, visible conduits, etc.
Perform site contact interview, review known utilities, discuss possible unknowns, and anticipated
critical targets. Review site post scan scope of work. Suggest scan area options.
Utilize job site information, available as-builts and prints/plans and previously detailed equipment
to locate and mark out underground facilities and unknown anomalies.
Review of equipment capabilities and potential job-site performance impedances.
Confirm if GPR data samples be required for reporting.
Confirm acceptable on-site type of markings (paint, flags, other), Specify
Review client deliverable requirements, report format/documentation. GPS Mapping etc.

SIM Quality Assurance Procedures:

to check for laterals/T's.

□ Trace the rodder or sonde using the receiver.

Calibrate the GPR system to the conditions at each site per SIM spec guidelines.
Perform several test scans through the scan area to determine the approximate maximum depth
penetration and to gauge the probability of success in finding the desired targets.
And a second of the second of

□ Review the clarity of the scan data. Adjustments in gain, depth range, filters, and other settings may be necessary.

SIM Investigation Methods for Complete Concrete Investigation:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Trace all known utilities as reviewed in pre-scan meeting.
Use EM Locator at visible features valve, manhole, riser, etc.
Use direct connection method when possible.
(Do not connect directly to potentially live electrical wires)
Use induction clamp if direct connection is not possible.
Use induction method if induction clamp is not possible.
After connecting or inducing with the transmitter, use the receiver to complete a full 360° sweep
around the connection point.
Mark and trace all potential fields that are detected.
During this sweep, measure mA levels on the receiver in order to assist in correctly identifying
the target line.
Identify the target line by tracing it to the connection point or at least to the next feature.
After tracing and marking any utility, sweep parallel to the utility on both sides in order

☐ Use EM receiver to attempt to locate any unidentified, known utilities from features using passive modes (Power/Radio).

☐ Insert traceable rodder or sonde into known sewer, storm and drain lines.

☐ Sweep using passive modes parallel to the utility on both sides in order to check for laterals/T's.

SIMSPEC ORG

SIM Investigation Methods for Complete Underground Utility Investigation (GPR):				
	Scan with GPR utility antenna, typical frequency 400 MHz or 350 Hyper stacking antenna.			
	Calibrate GPR settings to current site conditions.			
	Use GPR to attempt to locate any unidentified, known utilities.			
	Collect scans with GPR parallel to any marked utility in order to check for laterals/T's.			
	Document any known utilities that could not be located.			
	Redundancy strategy, EM used in conjunction with GPR, perform passive sweeps with electromagnetic locator to locate unknown utilities.			
	Redundancy strategy, EM used in conjunction with GPR, Sweep all areas in a grid with spacing determined by site conditions.			
	Redundancy strategy, EM used in conjunction with GPR, Sweep separately with Power mode and Radio			
	mode (and Cathodic Protection mode when applicable) Collect GPR scans to locate unknown utilities.			
	Scan all areas in a grid with spacing determined by site conditions.			
	Collect GPR scans across all previously located utilities to confirm locations and approximate			
	depths. Document findings with photos and additional reporting/mapping if required.			
SIM Post Investigation Hand Off:				
	Conduct a recap and review of findings with site contact.			
	Explain scan findingsWhere did the technologies work well and where results were			
	inconclusive due to interference and or soil conditions.			
	Explain markings and depth estimates.			
	Review original scope to confirm expectations were met/exceeded.			
Notes Regarding Scan Data Collection and Quality:				

This checklist details steps and methods that ensure the best nondestructive underground utility location results. The SIM approach, (experienced-based training combined with multiple technologies, and step-by-step site methods) has proven to be consistently accurate and efficient in accounting for site variability.

Please visit www.simspec.org for more information and detailed SIM specification.

Additional Investigation Notes: