

2022

**Beneplan Employee
Benefits Co-operative
Inc.**

Financial Statements
Year ended December 31, 2022

Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of
Beneplan Employee Benefits Co-operative Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Beneplan Employee Benefits Co-operative Inc., which comprised of the balance sheet as at December 31, 2022 and the statements of income and accumulated surplus, statement of changes in health and dental reserve, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Beneplan Employee Benefits Co-operative Inc. as at December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Co-operative in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information, which comprises the annual report except for the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, is inconsistent with our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Co-operative's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Co-operative or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Co-operative's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with CAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with CASs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Co-operative's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Co-operative's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Co-operative to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

S+C Partners LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants
Licensed Public Accountants

Mississauga, Ontario
April 15, 2023


Statement of Income and Accumulated Surplus

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Revenue		
Refund of surpluses from group insurance (note 9)	\$ 1,737,188	\$ 2,628,685
Interest income	11,691	142
	1,748,879	2,628,827
Expenses		
Bank charges and interest	597	549
Publications and meetings	13,680	-
Insurance	2,580	2,727
Professional fees and consultants	31,458	31,358
	48,315	34,634
Income before patronage dividends and growth incentives	1,700,564	2,594,193
Growth incentive (note 7 and 9)	-	(130,919)
Patronage dividends	(1,687,692)	(2,456,971)
Net income	12,872	6,303
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	-	-
Contributions to health and dental reserve	(12,872)	(6,303)
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Beneplan Employee Benefits Co-operative Inc.



Balance Sheet

December 31, 2022

Assets	2022	2021
Current assets		
Cash and equivalents (note 3)	\$ 80,964	\$ 63,536
Accounts receivable (notes 4 and 9)	1,795,506	2,631,938
	1,876,470	2,695,474
Restricted cash (notes 3 and 6)	386,032	426,770
	\$ 2,262,502	\$ 3,122,244
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)	\$ 177,336	\$ 199,127
Patronage dividends payable	1,695,485	2,492,698
	1,872,821	2,691,825
Unearned revenue	3,649	3,649
	1,876,470	2,695,474
Members' equity		
Health and dental reserve (note 6)	386,032	426,770
	\$ 2,262,502	\$ 3,122,244

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Approved on behalf of the Board:

Director

Director



Statement of Changes in Health and Dental Reserve

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Health and dental reserve, beginning of year	\$ 426,770	\$ 440,892
Contributions to reserve		
Allocation from surplus	74,952	21,214
Appropriations from reserve		
Reserves of terminated members forfeited to cover deficits	(62,080)	(14,911)
Net contribution to reserve	12,872	6,303
Adjustments to member reserves	-	2,162
Excess reserves refunded to members	(53,610)	(22,587)
Health and dental reserve, end of year	\$ 386,032	\$ 426,770

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash receipts from insurers' surpluses and members	\$ 2,556,035	\$ 6,066,167
Cash paid to suppliers and advisors	(52,521)	(348,684)
Patronage dividends paid	(2,484,905)	(5,924,457)
Excess reserves refunded to members	(53,610)	(22,587)
Interest received	11,691	142
	(23,310)	(229,419)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities		
Decrease in restricted cash	40,738	14,122
	17,428	(215,297)
Increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents		
	17,428	(215,297)
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year	63,536	278,833
Cash and equivalents, end of year (note 3)	\$ 80,964	\$ 63,536

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

1 Description of business

Beneplan Employee Benefits Co-operative Inc. is a Co-operative Corporation without share capital, incorporated on April 29, 2013, according to the provisions of the *Co-operative Corporations Act of Ontario*. The Co-operative, administered by Beneplan Inc., its Executive Officer, is a voluntary association of employers for the purpose of pooling their group insurance experience. Premiums of health, dental, and life insurance are paid by all employers to either the Co-operators or Green Shield Canada. Additionally some members also purchase paramedical coverage from Beneplan Inc. The Co-operators or Green Shield Canada administer the group insurance plans throughout the year and refund the net surplus of premiums over claims and costs at year end, to the Co-operative. The Executive Officer then allocates this surplus among the member-employers according to a pre-established formula, the simplified version of which is:

1. Apportion the total insurance refund to members pro-rata to their insurance premiums paid.
 2. Apply each member's insurance surplus as needed, to fund its health, dental, and paramedical deficit.
 3. Allocate a portion of each member's health, dental, and paramedical surplus to cover the deficits of those members with remaining deficits and to cover the operating expenses of the Co-operative.
 4. Retain a portion of each member's surplus to fund the Health and Dental reserve (see Note 6).
 5. Retain a portion of each member's surplus after reserve contributions to fund the Growth Incentive for the Distribution Channel (see Note 7).
 6. Pay out the balance of each member's surplus as a patronage dividend.
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2 Significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises and reflect the following significant accounting policies:

Revenue recognition

Revenue to the Co-operative consists mainly of the net surplus amounts calculated on all members' health, dental, and paramedical group insurance policies, as well as refunds of excess premiums on life insurance policies.

The total health and dental surplus is calculated by Beneplan Inc., the Executive Officer of the Co-operative, each year for the preceding year's experience, from records provided by the insurance companies. Premiums are tested for validity to the monthly records maintained by Beneplan Inc. and adjusted where necessary to convert from cash-basis to accrual-basis reporting. Claims amounts are not tested, due to the limitations imposed by privacy legislation. Representatives from Beneplan Inc. and the insurance companies keep in constant contact throughout this process to ensure agreement between them as to the final surplus amounts to be refunded.

Paramedical surplus is calculated by Beneplan Inc., on the paramedical portion of policies which it administers.

Life insurance refunds are calculated by the Co-operators. Beneplan Inc. staff closely examine the calculation of these refunds for accuracy except that no verification of the waiver reserves is possible due to privacy legislation, which protects the health information necessary for their determination.

In addition to the above surpluses, the Co-operative also recognizes revenues from other sources. Interest income is recognized as it accrues.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of current cash accounts and term deposits with a maturity period less than 3 months in length or are cashable prior to maturity. Restricted cash represents funds held by the Co-operative to facilitate the payment of run-off insurance claims of members upon termination.



Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

Income taxes are accounted for using the future income taxes method. Future taxes have been accounted for based on the difference between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for accounting purposes versus the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for tax purposes. Future taxes are calculated based on enacted or substantively enacted tax laws that are expected to be in effect when the asset or liability is settled. Future taxes are reviewed on an annual basis and are adjusted where necessary to reflect their realizable amount.

Financial instruments

Measurement of financial instruments

The Co-operative initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions. The Co-operative subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, and accounts receivable. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and patronage dividends payable.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of write-down is recognized in net income. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for private enterprises requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The principal estimates used in these financial statements are the determination of insurer surpluses, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and the provision for income taxes. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available.



Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

3 Cash and equivalents

Cash and equivalents consist of the following:

	2022	2021
Cash	\$ 64,505	\$ 306
Cashable term deposits	402,491	490,000
	466,996	490,306
Less: restricted cash	(386,032)	(426,770)
	\$ 80,964	\$ 63,536

The balance invested in a term deposit bears interest at a rate of 3.45% and matures September 2023. The term deposit is cashable prior to maturity.

4 Accounts receivable

	2022	2021
Receivable from insurers	\$ 1,471,086	\$ 2,408,555
Government remittances receivable	50	-
Receivable from Beneplan Inc. (note 9)	102,261	120,332
Receivable from members	222,109	103,051
	\$ 1,795,506	\$ 2,631,938

The amount receivable from Beneplan Inc. relates to paramedical premium surpluses and cost recoveries.



Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

5 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following:

	2022		2021
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 37,945	\$	37,944
Government remittances payable	-		989
Payable to members	4,809		22,394
Payable to Beneplan Inc. (notes 7 and 9)	134,582		137,800
	\$ 177,336	\$	199,127

The amount payable to members relates to the reimbursement of pure ASO benefits administered outside of the Co-operative.

6 Health and dental reserve

This is a reserve for health and/or dental and/or paramedical run-off claims which are outstanding at any given time. It is increased each year by contributions from the surplus otherwise payable to each member, by the amount necessary to bring each member's cumulative contribution to a "target" of 5% of its annualized claims, with the limitation that the annual contribution is not to exceed 10% of the patronage dividend otherwise payable to the member for the year. In the first twelve months of membership, members with a surplus must pay to the reserve an amount which is equal to the lesser of 5% of their annualized claims or 50% of their patronage dividend.

If at any time a member's cumulative reserve exceeds its target reserve by more than 10% for two consecutive years, such excess is to be refunded to the member. Members withdrawing from the Co-operative forfeit their accumulated paid-in reserves and surplus for the year to the Co-operative. The health and dental reserve is retained to cover any unreported claims which may exist at such time as the Co-operative is wound up. Any surplus reserve not used to cover such claims after a suitable interval will be paid out to the remaining members of the Co-operative at that time, pro-rata to their accumulated contributions.

Surpluses withheld by the insurers as a reserve are not recognized as an asset of the Co-operative as the Co-operative does not control the access to or distribution of the related funds to facilitate payment of insurance claims. As of December 31, 2022, the reserves were allocated as follows:

	2022		2021
Health and dental reserve, held by Co-operative	\$ 386,032	\$	426,770
Surpluses retained by insurers, not yet recognized by Co-operative	808,295		808,295
	\$ 1,194,327	\$	1,235,065



Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

7 Growth incentive for the distribution channel

The goal of the growth incentive policy is to financially reward licensed life and health insurance advisors for finding good risk, bringing and retaining this risk within the Co-operative, and improving the bottom line for the member-owners. The growth incentive is applicable to member-owners with a surplus, excluding pure ASO groups, and is calculated as a deduction of 5% of their surplus after reserve contributions. Member-owners in a deficit will not be charged the growth incentive, and will not contribute to their advisors' growth incentive.

Advisors will be eligible for the incentive if they meet a minimum threshold of \$300,000 of net new premiums within the fiscal year, and will be allocated a share of the incentive pool in proportion to the net new annualized premiums closed within the Co-operative.

At the end of each fiscal year, the accumulated balance within the growth incentive pool will be paid out in full to Beneplan Inc., who will calculate and distribute the growth incentive to the eligible advisors. As at December 31, 2022, the total growth incentive to be paid to advisors totalled \$nil (2021 - \$130,919). Included in accounts payable is \$130,919 (2021 - \$130,919), related to the amount payable as of December 31, 2021.

8 Financial instruments

The Co-operative is exposed to credit risk through its accounts receivable, which are by nature unsecured. The Co-operative mitigates this risk by ensuring it deals with financially strong insurance companies in good standing. Management has identified a concentration of credit risk such that 41% (2021 - 42%) of accounts receivable was receivable from a single insurer.

The Co-operative is subject to liquidity risk through its debts and obligations. To ensure the Co-operative is able to fund its obligations as they come due, it maintains accessible sources of liquidity. These sources consist of cash balances, a cashable term deposit, and a reserve for unpaid claims.

It is management's opinion that the Co-operative is not subject to significant currency, interest rate or other price risk.

9 Related party transactions

During the year, the Co-operative earned a refund of surplus on group insurance from Beneplan Inc., its Executive Office, in the amount of \$102,261 (2021 - \$119,052). The Co-operative also collects surplus refunds from Beneplan Inc. on behalf of members with pure ASO benefits in the amount of \$3,986 (2021 - \$7,260). Included in accounts receivable is \$102,261 (2021 - \$120,332) related to these amounts.

As described in note 7, the Co-operative charges its members in surplus a growth incentive, and pays out the accumulated balance to Beneplan Inc., which allocates and distributes the incentive to the eligible life and health insurance advisors on behalf of the Co-operative. Included in accounts payable is \$130,919 (2021 - \$130,919) related to this amount.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are recorded at the exchange amount. The exchange amount is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.
