## GCSE MARKING SCHEME

AUTUMN 2017

GCSE<br>MATHEMATICS<br>UNIT 2 - INTERMEDIATE TIER 3300U40-1

## INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2017 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

|  | GCSE Mathematics <br> Unit 2: Intermediate Tier Autumn 2017 <br> Final Marking Scheme | Mark | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.(a) | $\begin{gathered} 0.08 \times(£) 3.25 \text { OR } 0.08 \times 325(\mathrm{p}) \\ =(£) 0.26 \quad \text { or equivalent } \\ \text { OR } \quad 26 p \end{gathered}$ | M1 <br> A2 | Mark final answer. Allow £0.26p. <br> If A2 not awarded allow M1A1 for sight of 0.26 or 26 in working (e.g. 0.26p or £26) <br> Unsupported final answer of (£) 2.99 OR (£) 3.51 gains M1A1. |
| 1.(b) | $182-114=68$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B2 } \\ & \text { B1 } \end{aligned}$ | B1 for sight of 182 or 114. F.T. 182 - 'their 114 ' or 'their 182' - 114 correctly evaluated. B1 only for $182-0 \cdot 22(.)=.181 \cdot 77$.. B0 for an unsupported 181•77.... |
| 1.(c) | 9.32 | B2 | B1 for sight of $9 \cdot 3$ or $9 \cdot 30$ or $9 \cdot 31(\ldots \ldots)$. Mark final answer. |
| 2.(a) | 2 (days) 5 (hours) 50 (minutes) | B2 | B 1 for 2 (days) 5 (hours) n (minutes). <br> B1 for 2 (days) n (hours) 50 (minutes). <br> B1 for n (days) 5 (hours) 50 (minutes). <br> Mark final answer. |
| 2.(b) | $\begin{gathered} \quad \frac{16 \times 60+20}{5} \quad(=980 / 5=196) \\ \text { OR }(3+) \frac{1 \times 60+20}{5} \\ \quad=3 \text { (hours) } 16 \text { (minutes) } \end{gathered}$ | M1 <br> A1 | C.A.O. <br> $16() 20 \div 5=.3()$.24 is MOAO <br> ( $196 \div 60=$ ) $3()$.26 is M1A0. (The 196 implied). |
| 3.(a) | 11 OR 18. | B1 | B1 for either or both. Answer space takes precedence. |
| 3.(b) | (Original mean $=)$ 9 <br> $($ New mean $=9-1=)$ 8 <br>   <br> $($ New total $=8 \times 4=)$ 32 <br> $($ Number added $=)$ 5 | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | From $(6+8+13) \div 3$. <br> F.T. 'their derived or stated original mean' - 1 . <br> Do not allow $27-1=26$ as a new mean for this B1. <br> Unambiguously showing 'new mean' $=8$ <br> gains B1B1 <br> F.T. 'their derived or stated new mean' $\times 4$. <br> Unambiguously showing 'new total' $=32$ <br> gains B1B1B1 <br> F.T. 'their identified new total' - 27 . <br> Answer space takes precedence for final answer. <br> A final answer of 5 implies all four B1 marks. |
| 4.(a) | $270^{\circ}$ | B1 |  |
| 4.(b) | east | B1 |  |
| 4.(c) | $220^{\circ}$ | B1 |  |
| $5 .$ | $\begin{array}{r} (\text { Area }=) \frac{(17 \cdot 3+8 \cdot 2)}{2} \times 9.4 \text { or equivalent } \\ =119.85 \begin{array}{l} \mathrm{ISW} \\ \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \end{array} \end{array}$ | M1 <br> A1 <br> U1 | Allow M1 for correct intent seen. e.g. $17 \cdot 3+8 \cdot 2 \times 9 \cdot 4 \div 2$ <br> (M0 if only unsupported answer of 55.84 given.) Accept 120, 119.8 or 119.9 from correct work. Independent of all other marks. |
| 6.(a) | $\begin{aligned} \frac{54}{129} & (\times 100 \%) \\ & =42(\%) \end{aligned}$ | M1 <br> A2 | Allow 0.42 or 0.418 or 0.419 to imply M1. <br> A1 for $41 \cdot 8(\ldots$.$) or 41 \cdot 9$ or $41 \cdot 90$ |
| 6.(b) | Use of $\frac{25 \cdot 8}{6}$ <br> 21.5 AND $4 \cdot 3$ | M1 <br> A1 | Sight of $4 \cdot 3$ (or 21.5) implies M1. <br> Accept in either order. |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { 7. (Probability of a } \mathrm{Y}=) \\
\& \begin{array}{c}
\frac{2}{2} \text { or equivalent } \\
\frac{13}{13} \times 325 \\
\end{array}=50
\end{aligned}
\] \& B1
M1
A1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
C.A.O. (B1 is implied by an answer of 50. ) \\
F.T. 'their \(2 / 13\) ', only if \(<1\) AND 2 /a or \(\mathrm{b} / 13\). \\
Must be given as a whole number (truncated or rounded) if following through 'their fraction'. Allow B1M1A0 for a final answer of 50/325. If no marks awarded SC1 for sight of 25 .
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
8.
\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { (Area of the circle }=) \pi \times 4 \cdot 2^{2} \\
\& \text { OR (Area of semi-circle }=\frac{\pi \times 4 \cdot 2^{2}}{2} \\
\& =55 \cdot 4(\ldots)\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right) \text { OR } 27 \cdot 7(\ldots)\left(\mathrm{cm}^{2}\right)
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
(\text { Side of square or Diameter }=) \quad 8.4(\mathrm{~cm}) .
\] \\
(Area of the square \(=\) ) \(=70.56\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\right)\)
\[
\left(\text { Shaded area }=70 \cdot 56-\frac{55 \cdot 4}{2}\right)=42 \cdot 85\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\right)
\]
\end{tabular} \& M1
A1
B1
B1
B1
OC1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Accept an answer that rounds to \(55.4 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
OR an answer that rounds to \(27.7 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}\) \\
Look at diagram. May be seen in further work. \\
Implies previous B1. Allow 70.6. \\
F.T. \\
'their area of square'- 'their area of semi circle.' \\
(Allow tolerance of \(\pm 0.05\) for the subtraction.) \\
Organisation and Communication. \\
For OC1, candidates will be expected to: \\
- present their response in a structured way \\
- explain to the reader what they are doing at each step of their response \\
- lay out their explanation and working in a way that is clear and logical \\
Accuracy of writing. \\
For W1, candidates will be expected to: \\
- show all their working \\
- make few, if any, errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar \\
- use correct mathematical form in their working \\
- use appropriate terminology, units, etc
\end{tabular} \\
\hline 9.
\[
\begin{gathered}
4 x-3=x+48 \\
3 x=51 \\
x=17
\end{gathered}
\]
\[
\text { ABC (or/and ACB) }=65\left({ }^{\circ}\right)
\]
\[
y=180-2 \times 65
\]
\[
=50\left({ }^{\circ}\right)
\] \& M1
A1
A1
B1
B1
M1

A1 \& | Look at diagram. |
| :--- |
| F.T. from $a x=b . a \neq 1$. |
| Unsupported $x=17$ gains M1A1A1 |
| F.T. using 'their derived or stated value for x ' substituted in either $(4 x-3)$ or $(x+48)$. |
| F.T. $180-2 \times$ 'their 65 ' derived using 'their $x$ ' in either angle'. |
| OR |
| F.T. 180 - 'their derived ABC' - 'their derived ACB' (Must be using a consistent value for x.) A0 if error in either 'deriving ABC' or 'deriving ACB'. A0 if ' $y$ ' is negative on FT. |
| Alternative method |
| M1A1A1 as before. |
| $y+(4 x-3)+(x+48)=180$ or equivalent $\quad B 1$ |
| $y=135-5 \times 17$ FT 'their derived or stated 17' M1 |
| $y=50\left({ }^{\circ}\right) \quad A 1$ | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}



| 13. (LCM of 12, 18 and $24=$ ) 72 or equivalent, e.g. $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$. <br> (HCF of 36 and $54=$ ) 18 or equivalent, e.g. $2 \times 3 \times 3$. $(72 \div 18=) \quad 4$ | B2 <br> B2 <br> B1 | B1 for any other common multiple identified. e.g 144, 432, 5184 etc. <br> B1 for any other common factor identified. i.e. 2, 3, 6, 9. Do not accept 1 . <br> F.T. only if at least one B2 gained. B0 for 72/18. Unsupported 4 gains 5 marks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 14(a) } 2 x+2 y=7 y-3 \text { OR } x+y=\frac{7 y-3}{2} \\ & \qquad \begin{array}{l} 2 x=5 y-3 \quad \text { OR } \quad x=\frac{7 y-3}{2}-y \\ x=\frac{5 y-3}{2} \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | B1 <br> B1 <br> B1 | F.T. until $2^{\text {nd }}$ error provided of equivalent difficulty. <br> Accept $x=\frac{5 y}{2}-\frac{3}{2} \quad$ OR $x=\frac{-5 y+3}{-2} \quad$ OR $x=21 / 2 y-1 \frac{1}{2}$ or equivalent. Must have ' $x=$ '. <br> An answer of $\frac{5 y-3}{2}$ gains B1B1B0 (missing ' $x=$ ') Mark final answer. |
| 14.(b) $n^{2}+2$ | B2 | Mark final answer. <br> B1 for $n^{2} \pm \ldots$, not for $n^{2}$ alone <br> B0 for $\mathrm{an}^{2} \pm \ldots$. where $\mathrm{a} \neq 1$. |
|  | M2 <br> A1 <br> M1 <br> m1 <br> A1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 for } \quad \frac{8}{Q S}=\sin 38 \text {. Accept M1 for } \frac{\operatorname{QS}}{\sin 90}=\frac{8}{\sin 38} \\ & M 2 \text { for } \mathrm{QS}=\frac{8 \times \sin 90}{\sin 38} \end{aligned}$ <br> F.T. 'their 12.99(..)', stated or shown on diagram. <br> Mark final answer. <br> If FT leads to a non-integer value, allow to the nearest degree. |
| 16. (a) $\begin{aligned} & 0.13 \text { on 'car' branch. } \\ & 1 / 3 \text { on 'other day' branches. }\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} 1 \\ & \mathrm{~B} 1 \end{aligned}$ | Do not penalise if one of branches left blank. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 16.(b) } 1-0.87 \times \frac{2}{3} \\ & \text { OR } 0.87 \times \frac{1}{3}+0.13 \times \frac{2}{3}+0.13 \times \frac{1}{3} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | M2 | M1 for sight of $0.87 \times 2 / 3$. <br> F.T. 'their $0 \cdot 13$ ' and 'their $1 / 3$ '. <br> C.A.O. <br> If M0 allow SC1 for sight of $0.13 \times \frac{2}{3}(=0.0866 .$. seen in part (b). <br> (This for travelling by car on the first day.) |

