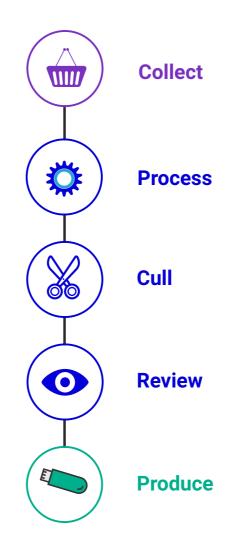
## Electronic Discovery May 2020





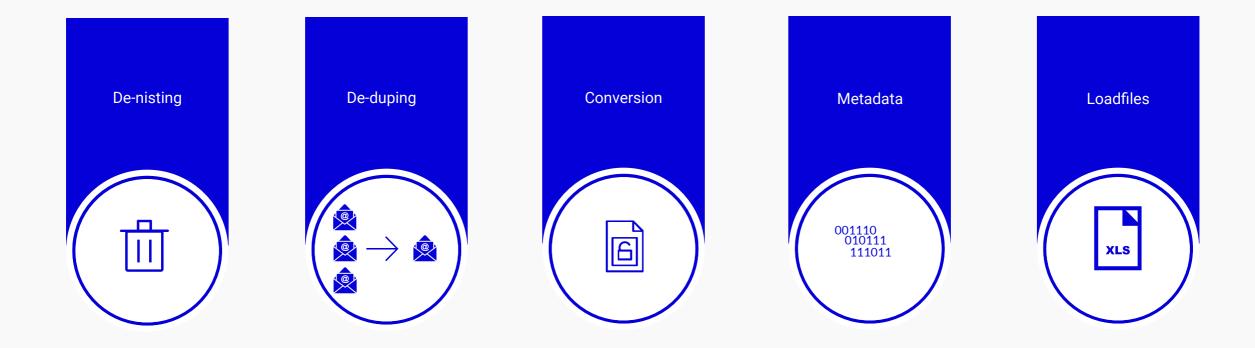


See edrm.net for the full e-Discovery Reference Model ("EDRM")

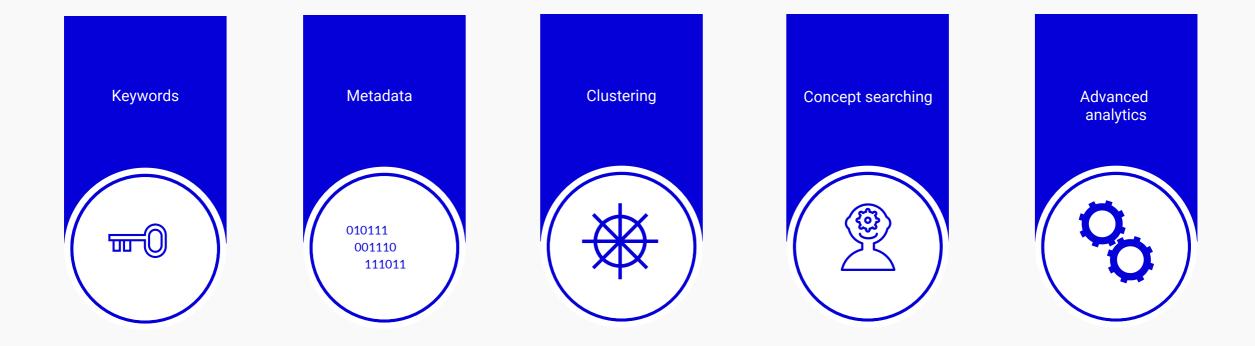
# COLLECT



## PROCESS



# CULL



## REVIEW



# TAR 1.0 vs 2.0 ("CAL")

Sample Set

Initial sample set to train, then applied once stable

#### Simple Learning

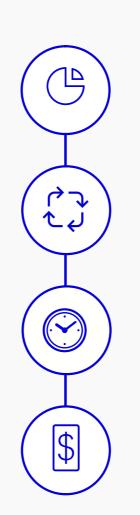
Passive (random) or Active selection of initial seed set

### Setup Delay

Review team delayed until sample process complete

#### Costly

High upfront cost to implement using SMEs, justified in large cases



Full review

Begin using normal efficent methods

#### **Continuous Active Learning**

Algorithms operate continuously, can add documents to review set

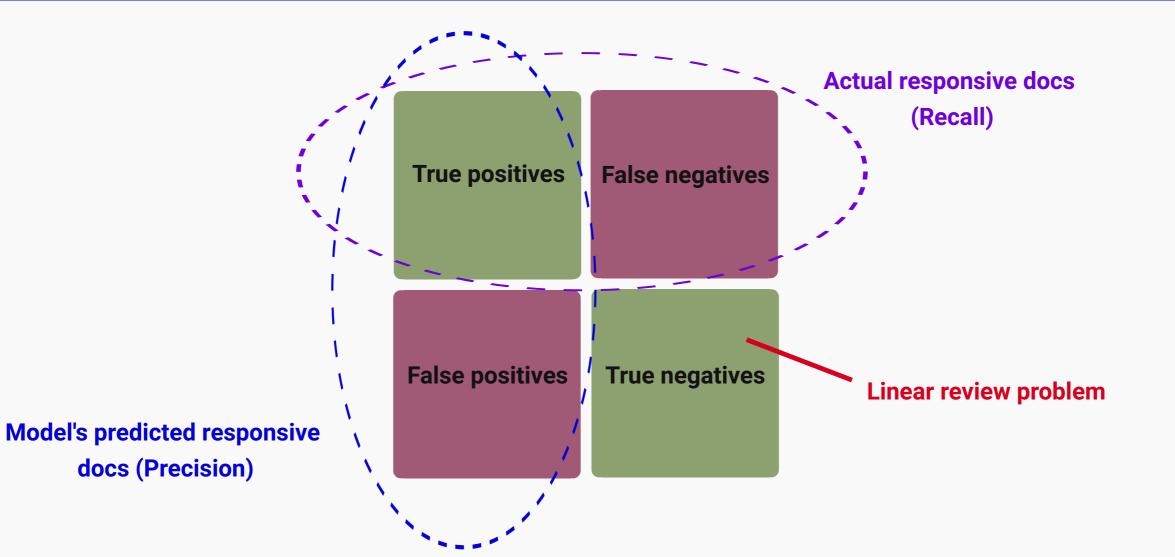
#### **Optimum Marginal Productivity**

Immediate best efficiency, diminishing returns identifiable

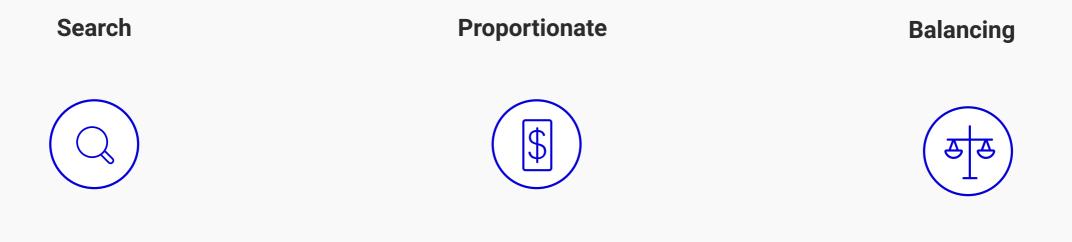
#### Efficient

Often included in platforms that make review most efficient

## CAL Metrics



## CAL Metrics



### Recall (R)

% of relevant documents predicted as responsive by the model (shortfall shows responsive documents not found, or false negatives)

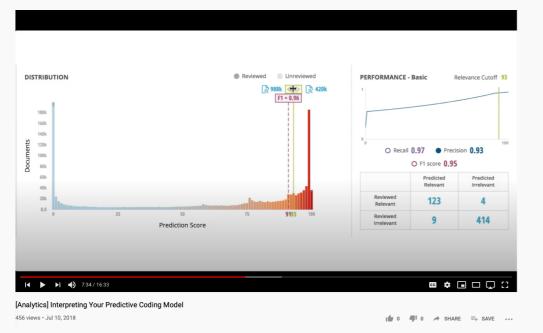
#### Precision (P)

% of model predictions that are actually relevant (shortfall shows the number of false positives that will nevertheless be eyeball reviewed) F1

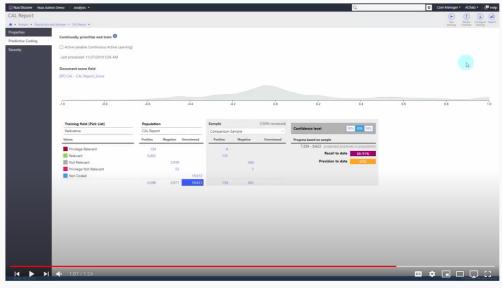
Measure to balance finding the responsive documents without reviewing too many false positives

F1 = 2PR/(P+R)

## DASHBOARDS



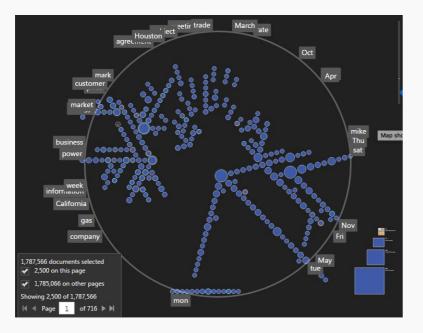
Youtube: [Everlaw] Interpreting Your Predictive Coding Model [2018] See also Youtube: See What Everlaw Can Do [2018]



Nuix Discover - Continuous Active Learning

Youtube: Nuix Discover - Continuous Active Learning

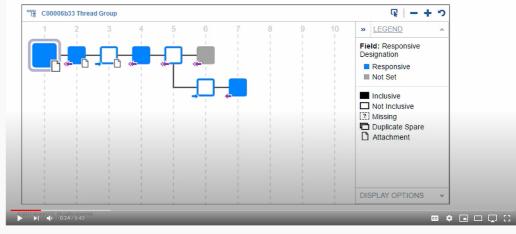
## DASHBOARDS



Clustering

#### Prelativity

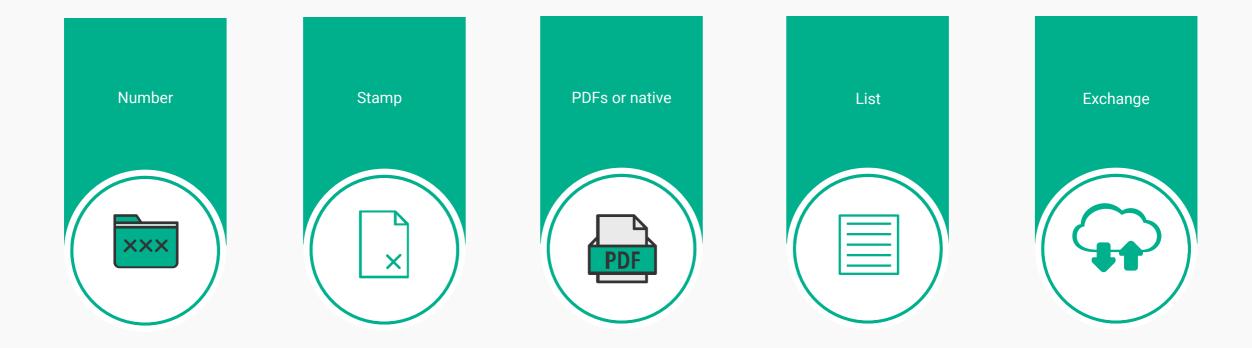
#### Email threads in Relativity now



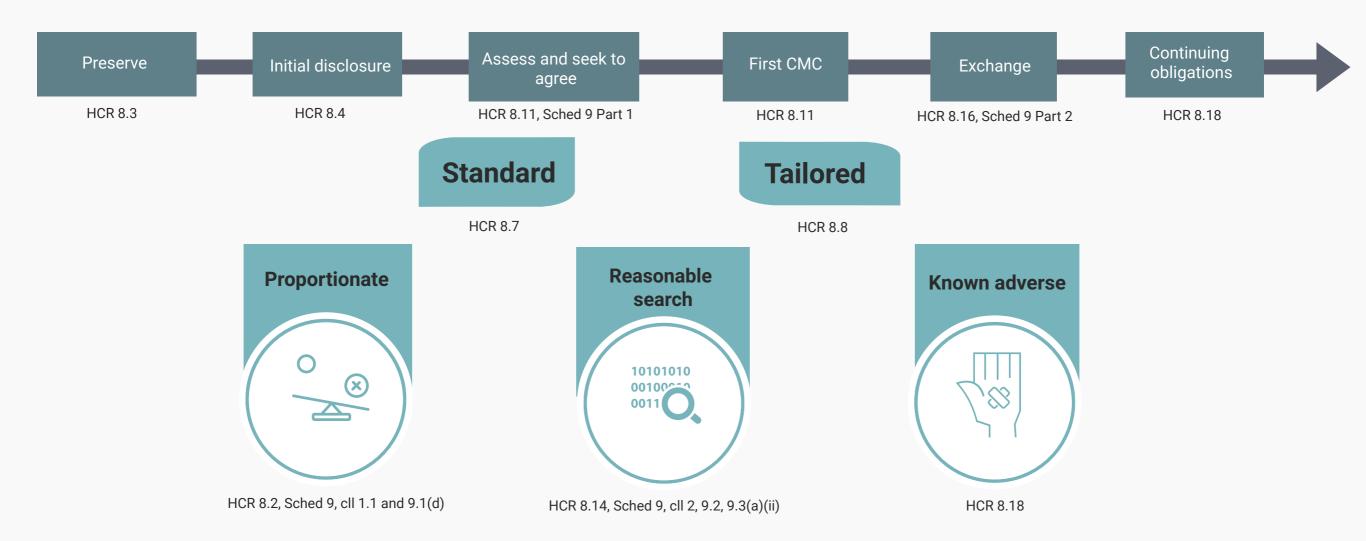
What's New - Email Thread Visualization © Unlisted

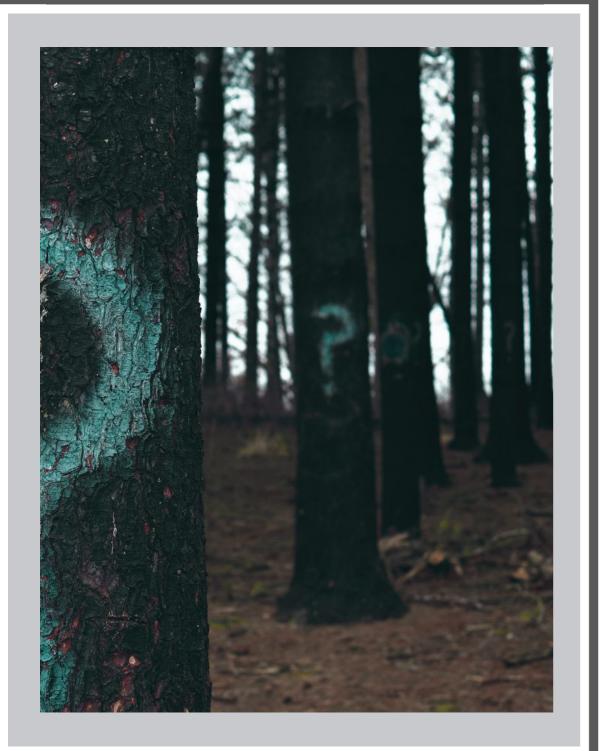
#### Email threading

## PRODUCE



# HIGH COURT RULES





## Questions?