Art Analysis of *Mona Lisa*

Preserved in the French museum the Louvre, the *Mona Lisa* was created in 1503 and released in 1506. It is an oil-on-wood portrait painting from the High Renaissance movement. The painting depicts a woman in dark clothing ranging from dark brown to light brown hues. The woman is a brunette, possibly in her early thirties or late twenties. Her dress elegantly exposes the contour of her bust. She has her hands folded in front of her, and her skin tone is an almost ivory shade and tone. The landscape in the background depicts nature, a possible lake, a winding road, and perhaps some hills, a mountain, and trees.

One of the most interesting elements of the *Mona Lisa* is her smile. Da Vinci successfully painted it in a manner where it divides the viewers. Some viewers think the smile has positive intentions, while some find it menacing or smug. The *Mona Lisa* also does not appear to have eyelashes or eyebrows. However, it has been reported that the original actually had these features, and the disappearance of these features was because of the painting’s aging. The *Mona Lisa* is a product of Da Vinci’s mastery of sfumato, which is a very high-level technique that involves a perfectly seamless transition between colors through subtle tonal gradations.

The *Mona Lisa* exudes an air of mystery, which we can already see in her smile. Perhaps one of the reasons why Da Vinci painted her smile in such a delicate and neutral manner is that it divides the viewers’ perceptions. Her half smile carries a certain duality that is balancing itself
between two extreme polarities. The muted color schemes also add to the mystery of the painting. It is difficult to tell whether it is dusk or dawn because of that delicate neutrality that he uses for the painting’s colors as well.

The *Mona Lisa* definitely deserves all the attention it gets. First impressions of the painting might not be so strong; however, when one carefully observes and analyzes all the small intricacies up close, the quality of the painting’s work is impressive, to say the least. Moreover, Da Vinci reportedly spent more than a decade on the painting. The *Mona Lisa* might not be the most colorful or dramatic painting to grace art history; however, it has successfully imprinted itself in the collective consciousness. The fact that it is so memorable speaks volumes by itself.