



EMBASSY OF
The Republic of Yemen
The Hague

The Monthly Briefing

December 03, 2022

November in Review

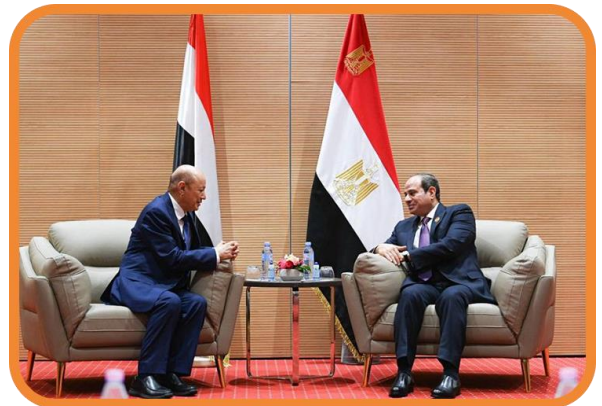
- On the 55th Anniversary of the Independence Day of the November 30th Revolution, the President of the Presidential Council His Excellency Dr. Rashad al-Alimi [extended](#) sincere congratulations to the great Yemeni people & honorable heroes of our armed/security forces in remembrance of the miraculous victory made by our ancestors against colonial forces.



- His Excellency President Dr. Rashad al-Alimi, Chairman of the Presidential Leadership Council (PLC), [called](#) for collective Arabian labeling of the Iran-backed Houthi militias as a terrorist organization following the National Defense Council's resolution and based on the Arab League's decision no (8725) dated January 23 2022, issued by the permanent representatives, and ratified afterwards by the Ministerial Council during his speech at the 31st Session of Arab Summit in Algeria. During his address, the President:
 - Clarified that the terrorist militia has rejected to renew the truce having failed to respect its obligations under the truce agreement, including the opening of roads to the city of Taiz which has been besieged by the militiamen for seven years;
 - Noted that the terrorist Houthi militia has caused the death of some half a million people, including women and children; displaced around five million throughout the country and overseas; attempted to erase Yemeni national identity; scraped communal rights, gains and coexistence milieu; and

abandoned pluralism that had prevailed throughout Yemen's history;

- Affirmed that the time for a joint Arab action in Yemen, based on the truths of the existential threat to the Arab national security and the endeavors to detach our county from its Arab and Gulf fabric, has come to avert turning Yemen into an Iranian launch-pad that threatens Arab national security, international trade and global energy supplies;
- Stressed the importance of denying these terrorists safe heavens to preach their racist-sectarian doctrine, as well as drying their financial resources to dismantle the spread of such misleading ideology.



- On November 2, President Dr. Rashad Al -Alimi and the Egyptian President Abdel Fattah El -Sisi [discussed](#) developments of the Yemeni situation, and bilateral relations between the two countries. Their excellencies discussed the terrorist Houthi militia's escalation, their threats to regional security and international navigation, global energy supplies, and efforts required to deter such rising threats. The two presidents also reviewed bilateral cooperation following President Rashad's recent visit to Cairo, and deepening sectoral cooperation. During the meeting, H.E. President Abdel Fattah Al -Sisi reaffirmed continuity in Egyptian support for Yemen and its people, leadership and institutions, its unity and territorial

integrity, and all efforts aimed at restoring security, peace and stability.



Speaking at the United Nations Climate Change Summit COP27 held in Egyptian Sharm El Sheikh, President Dr. Rashad Al -Alimi [articulated](#) the array of climate change challenges and their drastic consequences on Yemeni environmental security, including food and water security, displacement and conflict, and livelihood resources. H.E. Dr. Rashad said there are high depletion risks of underground water revivers as sea water level continues to rise, thus threatening the lives and livelihoods of the population of the coastal regions. The President called on the International Community to act immediately to help end the Yemeni people's suffering, re-build its cities, protect Yemen's ecosystem diversity, its environmental resources and revive its colorful culture. On the sidelines of the conference, President Dr. Rashad met with the Director of World Bank's Operations Axel van Trotsenburg

and discussed the interventions of the organization in developmental, service and humanitarian domains, as well as means of allocating additional resources to alleviate the suffering of Yemeni people following the terrorist Houthi militia's war on the people. For his part, Trotsenburg reaffirmed the World Bank's commitment to support Yemen and its government in different conditions, citing the volume of planned resources for service sectors, food security and social protection.



President Dr. Rashad al-Alimi [met](#) with the Ambassadors of the Permanent Members of the UN Security Council and European Countries accredited to the Republic of Yemen. The meeting discussed the latest developments in Yemeni and the repercussions of the terrorist Houthi escalation following their rejection to renew the humanitarian truce. The meeting also discussed ongoing reforms under the leadership of the President and the government, and required international support to advance reforms including in institutionalizing services, controlling corruption and protecting human rights and freedoms. For their part, The Ambassadors have praised the government's initiatives to mitigate the humanitarian suffering, and its constructive dealing with the de-escalation efforts, as well as reaffirmed support for reforms. The President also:

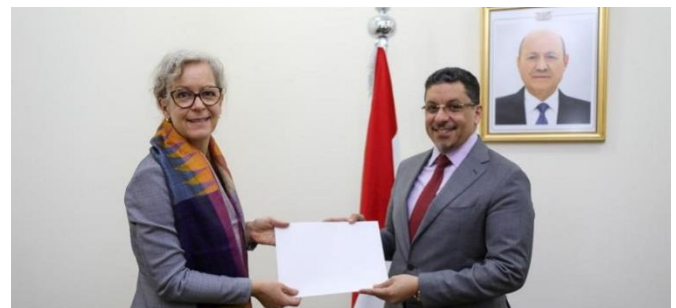
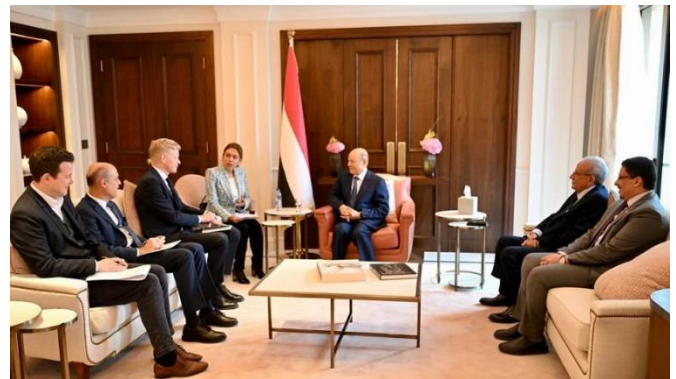
- Presented the government's measures to deter the Houthis' terrorist violations of the International Law in pursuant to the National Defense Council's resolution about designating the Houthis militias as a "Terrorist Group";
- Affirmed that the *"The escalation by the Houthis militias has proved to what extent these militias are manipulated by the Iranian regime whose*

operations in the region are orchestrated by Revolutionary Guards from one single black room."



On November 10 and 21, the Iran-backed Houthi militia conducted another terrorist drone attack targeting [Qena](#) commercial port in Shabwa governorate and al-Dhabbah oil terminal [port](#) in Hadramout governorate respectively. Such terrorist Houthi attacks marks a continuation of its terrorist targeting of civilian facilities and the economic resources of the Yemeni people. By conducting such attacks, the Houthis deliberately attempt to further exacerbate the Houthi-made humanitarian crisis, and again endeavor to serve the agenda of the rogue Iranian regime to destabilize international peace and security. The Yemeni government called on all countries to take strict measures to classify the rogue Houthi militias as a terrorist organization to prevent the recurrence of these attacks and dry up their funding sources in a manner that preserves the stability and security of the region and the world. The European [Union](#) and friendly governments have categorically rejected in the strongest terms the terrorist Houthi attacks, saying "The International Security Council which represents the International Community in the issues of peace and security considered the previous Houthi attack on the oil seaport of (Al-Dabbah) in Hadramout governorate on 21 October, 2022 a **TERRORIST ATTACK**." In October, the UN Security Council strongly condemned the Houthi terrorist drone attacks against al-Dubba oil terminal in Hadramawt governorate

His Excellency President Dr. Rashad al-Alimi [met](#) with the UN Special Envoy for Yemen, Hans Grundberg. Discussions included developments of the Yemeni file, the international efforts coordinated with the regional and international community to revive the peace path in Yemen, and the government measures announced in accordance with the decision of the National Defense Council to designate the Houthi militia as a terrorist organization, deter their systematic attacks on infrastructure and contain their catastrophic repercussions on the national economy and exacerbate human suffering. For his part, Mr. Grundberg praised the self-restraint position of the Presidential Council and the government, and serious and responsible engagement with all efforts aimed at restoring the path of comprehensive peace in Yemen.



The Minister of Foreign and Expatriate Affairs Dr. Ahmed Bin Mubarak [received](#) a copy of the credentials of the newly appointed Swedish Ambassador to Yemen Petera Menader. Bin Mubarak affirmed the Ministry's facilitations to perform her duties, praised the deep-rooted relations between the two countries, and appreciated Sweden's role in political and humanitarian spheres.

During the 18th session of the Regional Security Conference (Manama Dialogue), the Minister of Foreign and Expatriate Affairs Dr. Ahmed Bin Mubarak:

- Pointed that the terrorist Houthi militia's acts have exceeded internal rebellion and regional threat by targeting ports and international shipment lanes, which offers tangible confirmation that the militia poses dangerous threat to international security and peace;
- Reviewed Houthi militia's terrorist acts diminishing security and safety of maritime navigation in the Gulf of Aden and the Red Sea through its sabotage practices, laying of land and naval mines, piracy, targeting of oil ports by Iranian drones and using Safir Oil Tanker as a blackmailing card against the international community;
- Reaffirmed that realizing peace in Yemen remains a basic insurance for maritime security and freedom of international navigation given Yemen's strategic, unique location for trade and energy trade;
- Called upon the international community to clearly understand the nature of Houthi militia and apply credible, active pressure against the Houthis, including through designating it a terrorist organization and drying their financial resources that fund the war effort.



On the sidelines of Manama Dialogue, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Ahmed Bin Mubarak discussed with the Norwegian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Anniken Huitfeldt the Houthi terrorist escalation of attacks on oil facilities and tankers and its threat to the security of sea lanes. He pointed grave Houthi violations against Yemenis, especially women, stressing the need for the international community's support for governmental actions to implement the decision to label the Houthis as a terrorist organization, as well as the lambasted Iran's subversive agenda in Yemen and the region.

The Foreign Minister also met with the Director of the Middle East Department at the Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs on the sidelines of Manama Dialogue. Bin Mubarak praised the effective role played by the Netherlands in resolving the issue of the Houthi-held Safer oil tanker, reviewed bilateral relations, discussed the repercussions of the Houthi terrorist attacks on civilian objects and oil export ports which will exacerbate the deteriorating economic situation and increase the suffering of citizens.

During Manama Dialogue, the General Chief of Staff General Lieutenant Saghir Bin Aziz:

- Reminded that the terrorist Houthi militia's threat to international maritime navigation and water ways are extension to its terrorist acts of threatening lives of Yemeni people for years;
- Reaffirmed the need for designating Houthi militia as terrorist organization and supporting Yemeni forces in its battlefield against this terrorist militia, which threatens security and stability in the region and global shipping routes.





Lt. Gen. Bin Aziz [met](#) with the US CENTCOM's commander Gen. Michael E. Kurilla on the sideline of Manama Dialogue. They discussed aspects of military cooperation between the two countries, recent Houthi escalations and threats to maritime navigation and trade. US General Kurilla confirmed his country's support for Yemen's security and stability during the meeting. Lt. Gen. Bin Aziz also [met](#) with the Director General of Planning and Managing Policies in the Japanese Ministry of Defense, Admiral Eghawa Hirushi, and bilateral security and military cooperation, reaffirming the significance of reactivating agreements signed between Yemen's Coast Guards and Japanese International Cooperation Agency.



Prime Minister Dr. Ma'een Abdulmalik [affirmed](#) the government's adoption of practical and firm measures to combat corruption, activate the rule of law over everyone without exception, [improve](#) revenues and control general budget's deficit, and correct the work of state institutions, within the comprehensive reform program supported

by the Presidential Leadership Council. His Excellency also pointed that the government has put in place several measures to deal with the repeated terrorist attacks conducted the Houthi militia and its supporters from the Iranian regime on the oil facilities and the economic resources of the Yemeni people.



The Finance Minister Salem bin Breik, Governor of the Central Bank of Yemen Ahmed Ghaleb Al-Ma'abaqi, and Director General and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Arab Monetary Fund, Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Hamidi, [signed](#) a comprehensive economic, financial and monetary reform program for Yemen worth a billion dollars. The program aims at establishing the foundations of economic, financial and monetary stability in Yemen, strengthen the state's public finances and external position, rebuild its institutions and enhance its governance and transparency. The fund is part of the Saudi aid package pledged in April.