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Episode #052 The Guinness World Records 08 May, 2020

[00:00:05] Hello, hello and welcome to English Learning for Curious Minds by Leonardo English.

[00:00:12] The show where you can learn fascinating things about the world at the same time as improving your English.

[00:00:20] I'm Alastair Budge.

[00:00:22] Today we are talking about a book that I imagine you may have heard of.

[00:00:28] It's more than a book though.

[00:00:31] It is a <u>cult</u>¹.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\rm someone$ or something that has become very popular with a particular group of people

[00:00:33] It's something that is turned from an argument between two men in a field into a multimillion pound empire and a feature of popular culture.

[00:00:46] That's right, today it is time to talk about the Guinness World Records.

[00:00:53] Before we get right into it, for those of you who didn't manage to listen to the last episode, I just wanted to remind you that we are now doing one episode a week that is available to everyone, that's today's episode.

[00:01:08] We will still make two episodes a week though, so to listen to the other one, you will need to be a member of Leonardo English.

[00:01:16] If you want to find out more about that change, then you can listen to the last episode that we did where I explained the reason behind it.

[00:01:25] To celebrate this change though, and the launch of our new Listener membership, you can become a Listener member for just four euros a month, 48 euros a year, if you use the promo code April 4 AP R I L 4.

[00:01:44] Becoming a member of Leonardo English means that you get access to every episode we've ever released, plus the ability to request episode topics and participate in Q and A sessions.

[00:01:56] So if you are interested, the link to go to is Leonardoenglish.com/subscribe.

[00:02:05] Okay then let's talk about the Guinness World Records.

[00:02:10] For those of you who are old enough to remember life before smartphones, I imagine you can <u>recall</u>² times where you would be chatting with a friend and you would disagree on a particular fact or figure.

[00:02:27] Maybe that was the capital city of a country, how heavy a particular type of animal was, or how many times a football team won the league.

[00:02:39] You would be sure that the answer was one thing, but your friend would be sure it was something else.

[00:02:46] Or maybe neither of you had any idea.

[00:02:50] These kinds of conversations, at least in the UK, tended to happen in a pub over a pint or sometimes more than one pint, I should say, of beer.

[00:03:02] Now, the arrival of the internet and smartphones has removed all of the magic from this situation.

² to bring the memory of a past event into your mind, and often to give a description of what you remember

³ to be likely to behave in a particular way or have a particular characteristic

⁴ a place, especially in Great Britain or Ireland, where alcoholic drinks can be bought and drunk and where food is often available

⁵ a measure for liquid equal to about half a litre. Typical measurement for a glass or beer in the UK.

[00:03:12] People now can just look it up and a conversation <u>barely</u> lasts a minute before someone <u>inevitably</u> says, I'll just Google it.

[00:03:24] But before smartphones, you will remember that it wasn't quite so easy to solve an argument, to solve these kinds of conversations.

[00:03:34] You could ask someone, another friend, but then that wasn't normally reliable⁸ either.

[00:03:41] If you had a computer with the internet back home, you could wait until you got back then to Google it.

[00:03:47] But what about before then?

[00:03:49] You would **consult**⁹ a book, you'd go to the library or try to find some kind of resource with the information in.

[00:03:59] So what is the connection between this and the Guinness Book Of Records, you may be asking yourself?

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⁶ by the smallest amount; only just

⁷ certain to happen and unable to be avoided or prevented

⁸ Someone or something that is reliable can be trusted or believed because he, she, or it works or behaves well in the way you expect

⁹ to get information or advice from a person, book, etc. with special knowledge on a particular subject

[00:04:07] Well, it is that the history of the Guinness World Records can be <u>traced</u> back to a very similar event.

[00:04:16] In the early 1950s a man called Sir Hugh Beaver was at a shooting event in Ireland.

[00:04:25] He was the managing director of the Guinness brewery¹¹, Ireland's famous dark beer.

[00:04:32] At this shooting event, he and the group he was with couldn't agree on what was Europe's fastest game¹² bird, the fastest bird people would hunt.

[00:04:47] It was almost half a century until Google and the worldwide web appeared, and so there was no easy way to resolve this debate.

[00:05:00] They consulted, 13 they looked through, various reference books, but couldn't find anything that answered their question, that told them what the fastest game bird in Europe was.

[00:05:14] So, Sir Hugh, the boss of Guinness brewery, had an idea.

¹⁰ to find the origin of something

¹¹ a company that makes beer or a place where beer is made

¹² wild animals and birds that are hunted for food or sport

¹³ to get information or advice from a person, book, etc. with special knowledge on a particular subject

[00:05:21] He thought he could create a marketing campaign, a promotion for Guinness, based on the idea of solving these <u>pub</u> arguments, these debates that went on typically in pubs over a <u>pint</u> of beer.

[00:05:39] The idea was they could create a book that would solve these <u>pub</u> arguments so that the next time two friends were arguing over what was the heaviest kind of dog or the most goals scored in a world cup match, or the oldest person to have ever lived, they could <u>consult</u> this book made by Guinness and it would make them feel all happy about Guinness and perhaps even order another beer.

[00:06:12] To do this, Sir Hugh Beaver was recommended to speak to a pair of twins called Norris and Ross McWhirter.

[00:06:24] These twins, the McWhirters had made a career out of facts and statistics.

[00:06:32] They had an agency, a small company that supplied facts and statistics to newspapers and advertisers in London.

[00:06:43] They also, reportedly, both had a <u>photographic memory</u>¹⁵, which I guess is pretty useful when you're dealing in the business of lots of facts and figures.

[00:06:56] Beaver, the boss of the Guinness factory, knew he had found the right people for the job, and so he hired the twins to create his book.

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¹⁴ created a career out of a particular area of expertise or experience

 $^{^{\}rm 15}$ If you have a photographic memory, you are able to remember things in exact detail

[00:07:09] And they worked <u>tirelessly¹⁶</u> on the project, reportedly <u>putting in</u>¹⁷ 90-hour weeks over the course of a thirteen and a half week period, working nights, weekends, and bank holidays.

[00:07:25] And after this three month period, the first Guinness Book Of Records was done, it was complete.

[00:07:35] Around a thousand copies were printed and they were given out for free, the idea being that people could read them while they were enjoying a refreshing pint of Guinness.

[00:07:50] But when it was first published, neither the twins nor Guinness were to know what they had started.

[00:08:00] It was to go on to become the best selling **copyrighted**¹⁸ book of all time, having sold more than 140 million copies in 100 different countries.

[00:08:14] And it is now, almost 70 years later, a huge media empire with millions of subscribers on YouTube, its own TV shows, corporate events, and more.

[00:08:29] Record-breaking is big, big business.

¹⁶ in an energetic and continuous way

¹⁷ doing, undertaking

¹⁸ under 'copyright' (the legal right to control the production and selling of a book, play, film, photograph, or piece of music)

[00:08:34] If you are wondering how or why there is a record for the most people chewing bubblegum at the same time, or the largest paella, this is because you can now apply to set a Guinness World Record for, well, almost anything.

[00:08:53] I can remember when I was a kid, we used to always ask for a copy of the Guinness Book Of Records at Christmas, and it was always amazing to <u>leaf through</u>²⁰ this book, to <u>browse</u>²¹ the book, and look for the weirdest records.

[00:09:10] But over the years, the records have got stranger and stranger.

[00:09:15] Before we go onto the next part, I just wanted to share a few of my favourite records, mainly because they are all quite strange and some pretty gross²².

[00:09:29] <u>First up</u>²³ is a man called Donald Gorske who set the record for the most McDonald's Big Macs eaten.

[00:09:38] In 2012 he ate his 26,000th Big Mac, after eating multiple Big Macs every day for 40 years.

¹⁹ chewing gum that you can blow into the shape of a bubble

²⁰ to quickly turn the pages of a book or a magazine, reading only a little of it

²¹ to look through a book or magazine without reading everything, or to walk around a shop looking at several things without intending to buy any of them

²² extremely unpleasant

²³ Firstly

[00:09:51] Amazingly, he has lower than average <u>cholesterol</u>²⁴, which I have to say I find quite hard to believe.

[00:10:00] Then there are the weird collectors, people who have managed to get into the record books for the largest collection of slightly <u>unorthodox²⁵</u> things.

[00:10:12] Steve Sansweet, another American, has 300,000 individual Star Wars collection items, while a woman called Charlotte Lee has 5,631 rubber ducks, those strange yellow ducks that you can put in your bath.

[00:10:35] There are, of course, the physical records, records that are far more fun when you can actually see a picture of the person, but I'm sure you've probably seen a picture of someone like Robert Wadlow, who was the tallest man in the world, at two meters 72 centimetres.

[00:10:55] Or the woman with the longest <u>fingernails</u>²⁶ in the world, which I definitely find pretty disgusting.

[00:11:03] When the Guinness Book Of Records was first created, when it was first thought up as an idea, it was meant to be just this collection of facts that already exist, a collection of records that already existed in the world.

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²⁴ a substance containing a lot of fat that is found in the body tissue and blood of all animals, thought to be part of the cause of heart disease if there is too much of it

²⁵ different from what is usual or expected in behaviour, ideas, methods, etc.

²⁶ the hard, slightly curved part that covers and protects the top of the end of a finger

[00:11:19] But it has now created this entire industry of record-breaking - people, companies, and organisations wanting to be a record-breaker for almost anything.

[00:11:35] And there are big teams now at Guinness World Records that will help you, they will guide you through the process of becoming a record breaker.

[00:11:47] If you want this guided service, it's certainly not cheap, costing \$800 or a lot more if you are a company trying to promote your product, as we will discuss in a minute.

[00:12:01] And because of how popular becoming a record-breaker has become, Guinness World Records has had to set out some guidelines²⁷ on what can actually make it into the book, what is a real record and what isn't.

[00:12:18] According to their website, a good <u>rule of thumb</u>²⁸, a general rule, is 'if you can't measure it, you can't weigh it and you can't count it, then it's probably not a record'.

[00:12:34] It is a pretty fascinating concept, the idea that there has been this entire industry created based on encouraging people to do weird things and break records, to be a Guinness world record breaker, even if the thing that they are doing probably is so strange that nobody else will have attempted it before.

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²⁷ information intended to advise people on how something should be done or what something should be

²⁸ a practical and approximate way of doing or measuring something

[00:13:00] Things like the fastest person to run the hundred metres are of course, perfectly valid²⁹ records, but the biggest mosaic³⁰ of postage stamps or the biggest line of cereal boxes that have been knocked over like dominoes?

[00:13:20] Well, I wonder how many people have ever actually tried that before.

[00:13:26] But this leads us on to discovering how Guinness World Records has become such a huge industry and a huge business.

[00:13:37] It is the big companies, the <u>sponsors</u>³¹ who are using Guinness World Records as a way of marketing or drawing attention to what they do.

[00:13:48] That world record for the biggest **mosaic** of postage stamps that I mentioned a minute ago?

[00:13:54] That was set by the Spanish postal service.

[00:13:58] The record for the largest <u>loop the loop</u>³² in a car, you know when a car drives up and around in a circle and it goes upside down?

²⁹ based on truth or reason; able to be accepted

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 30}}$ a pattern or picture made using many small pieces of coloured stone or glass

 $^{^{\}mathrm{31}}$ to support a person, organisation, or activity by giving money, encouragement, or other help

³² a vertical circle in the air

[00:14:07] That record was set by the car maker Jaguar to promote the launch of a new model³³.

[00:14:16] And the record for the most cereal boxes that were knocked over in a line like dominoes?

[00:14:22] Surprise, surprise³⁴, that was Kellogg's.

[00:14:27] And of course, these companies are paying large, large sums of money to Guinness World Records for all this, for the promotion of their products.

[00:14:39] When you think about the history of the Guinness Book Of Records and how this little book was first created as a way to promote Guinness to solve <u>pub</u> arguments, I think it's a fascinating <u>twist</u>³⁵ that now it is turned into this huge publishing and media empire that <u>relies</u>³⁶ to a large extent on promoting other companies, allowing them to create their own records and of course <u>pay handsomely</u>³⁷ for the <u>privilege</u>³⁸.

³³ a type of something, e.g. a new model of car

³⁴ said when someone has done something or when something has happened in a way that you expected and that you do not approve of

³⁵ a change in the way in which something happens

³⁶ to depend on or trust someone or something

³⁷ pay a lot of money for

³⁸ an opportunity to do something special or enjoyable

[00:15:14] Even more interesting and quite funny on one level is that Guinness, the company, Guinness the drink, no longer has anything to do really with Guinness World Records.

[00:15:27] The company itself <u>changed hands</u>³⁹ several times, it was sold several times, but has kept the <u>iconic</u>⁴⁰ name of Guinness.

[00:15:39] So Guinness - the drink - gets all of this <u>publicity</u>⁴¹ every time someone says the name Guinness World Records, it gets it for free.

[00:15:50] It has certainly come a long way and has had an interesting history for a book that was written in 13 and a half weeks and meant to be given away for free and enjoyed over a cold pint of Guinness.

[00:16:04] Okay, then that is it for today's episode of English Learning for Curious Minds.

[00:16:14] As always, I would love to know what you thought of the show, so please do write in, the email is hi H i@leonardoenglish.com.

[00:16:25] As I said at the start of this podcast, we have made a few changes to the way that the podcasts work.

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³⁹ be bought and sold

⁴⁰ very famous or popular, especially being considered to represent particular opinions or a particular time

⁴¹ the activity of making certain that someone or something attracts a lot of interest or attention from many people, or the attention received as a result of this activity

[00:16:32] So if you want access to every single episode plus two new ones a week, then you should head to the Leonardo English website and until May the 10th which is this coming Sunday, you can save 20% on the normal cost of our Listener membership with the code APRIL4, A P R I L 4, so it's just four euros a month, 48 euros a year.

[00:16:58] But be quick as that only lasts until midnight on Sunday.

[00:17:03] [00:17:03] The link to go to is Leonardoenglish.com/subscribe.

[00:17:09] You've been listening to English Learning for Curious Minds by Leonardo English.

[00:17:14] I'm Alastair Budge, you stay safe and I will catch you in the next episode.

[END OF PODCAST]

Key vocabulary

| Word | Definition |
|------------|---|
| Cult | someone or something that has become very popular with a particular group of people |
| Recall | to bring the memory of a past event into your mind, and often to give a description of what you remember |
| Tended | to be likely to behave in a particular way or have a particular characteristic |
| Pub | a place, especially in Great Britain or Ireland, where alcoholic drinks can be bought and drunk and where food is often available |
| Pint | a measure for liquid equal to about half a litre. Typical measurement for a glass or beer in the UK. |
| Barely | by the smallest amount; only just |
| Inevitably | certain to happen and unable to be avoided or prevented |
| Reliable | Someone or something that is reliable can be trusted or believed because he, she, or it works or behaves well in the way you expect |
| Consult | to get information or advice from a person, book, etc. with special knowledge on a particular subject |

| Traced | to find the origin of something |
|--------|---------------------------------|
| | |

Brewery a company that makes beer or a place where beer is made

Game wild animals and birds that are hunted for food or sport

Consulted to get information or advice from a person, book, etc. with special

knowledge on a particular subject

Made a career out of created a career out of a particular area of expertise or experience

Photographic memory If you have a photographic memory, you are able to remember

things in exact detail

Tirelessly in an energetic and continuous way

Putting in doing, undertaking

Copyrighted under 'copyright' (the legal right to control the production and

selling of a book, play, film, photograph, or piece of music)

Bubblegum chewing gum that you can blow into the shape of a bubble

Leaf through to quickly turn the pages of a book or a magazine, reading only a

little of it

Browse to look through a book or magazine without reading everything, or

to walk around a shop looking at several things without intending

Gross extremely unpleasant

First up Firstly

Cholesterol a substance containing a lot of fat that is found in the body tissue

and blood of all animals, thought to be part of the cause of heart

disease if there is too much of it

Unorthodox different from what is usual or expected in behaviour, ideas,

methods, etc.

Fingernails the hard, slightly curved part that covers and protects the top of the

end of a finger

Guidelines information intended to advise people on how something should

be done or what something should be

Rule of thumb a practical and approximate way of doing or measuring something

Valid based on truth or reason; able to be accepted

Mosaic a pattern or picture made using many small pieces of coloured

stone or glass

Sponsors to support a person, organisation, or activity by giving money,

encouragement, or other help

Loop the loop a vertical circle in the air

Model a type of something, e.g. a new model of car

Surprise, **surprise** said when someone has done something or when something has

happened in a way that you expected and that you do not approve

of

Twist a change in the way in which something happens

Relies to depend on or trust someone or something

Pay handsomely pay a lot of money for

Privilege an opportunity to do something special or enjoyable

Changed hands be bought and sold

Iconic very famous or popular, especially being considered to represent

particular opinions or a particular time

Publicity the activity of making certain that someone or something attracts a

lot of interest or attention from many people, or the attention

received as a result of this activity

We'd love to get your feedback on this podcast.

What did you like? What could we do better?

What did you struggle to understand?

You can email us at <u>hi@leonardoenglish.com</u>.