# AD 145 PICO MIXER HANDBOOK

Manufactured by

# **Audio Developments Ltd**

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### WARNING

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

The user of electrical products must be familiar with their potential dangers, and fundamental precautions must always be taken. Please read the following text carefully.

A power supply unit manufactured by Audio Developments Ltd is not user serviceable - it has no user-serviceable parts.

### THE OUTER COVERS MUST NOT BE REMOVED

Such a power supply unit is solely for use with audio mixers and sound processors - hereafter called the equipment - manufactured by Audio Developments Ltd. Always use a cord set accepted by a National Approved Body.

EARTHING/GROUNDING: When using an external power supply unit that is connected to the mains supply to drive the mixer it must be CONNECTED TO FARTH

In certain types of malfunction or breakdown, earthing provides a path of least resistance for electric current and considerably reduces the risk of electric shock.

DANGER: Incorrect connection of the equipment grounding/earthing conductor can result in the risk of electric shock. Where possible obtain a pre-wired mains lead from a reputable supplier with the correctly fitted mains connector for the type of mains outlet in use; otherwise, one correctly wired and checked by a qualified electrical engineer. If your mains lead is not suitable for the mains outlet, have the correct plug fitted by qualified personnel.

The MAINS PLUG of this equipment is the primary disconnect device. Therefore, in final application, ensure it remains close to the equipment and easily accessible.

### OTHER PRECAUTIONS

- Read the instructions before using the equipment and its power supply unit.
- The power-supply cords should be unplugged from the outlet when left unused for a long period.
- The equipment, but especially the mains power supply unit, should be serviced by qualified personnel.
- The mains power supply unit should be checked by qualified personnel on a periodic basis to ensure it meets its specifications, especially those associated with SAFETY.
- Electrical and electronic products should definitely be serviced if the power supply cord or plug have been damaged.

OR

Objects have fallen on them or they has been dropped, causing physical damage.

Liquid has been spilled upon them or they have been exposed to rain.

OR

They do not seem to perform at all, or are operating, or appearing to operate, below normal specification.

- Do not use the equipment or a mains power supply unit near water or in rain or in any other areas where the power supply could get wet or exposed to moisture.
- Never locate your equipment and its power supply unit near a source of heat, eg radiator or stove.
- The equipment should only be connected to the type of power supply unit marked on its casework or as described in the operating instructions.

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### AD145 PICO MIXER

### GENERAL

The AD145 Pico Mixer has been introduced by Audio Developments in a effort to offer even more facilities in a small package. This follows on from the highly successful AD045 range of models.

The features recognisable in Audio Developments products are maintained. The casework is engineered from aluminium extrusions to give it its modular robust design. The extra facilities incorporated over and above that of the ADO45 are Talkback and Cue monitoring.

- 1 -

### THE SYSTEM:

The Block Diagram, Fig (ii) shows the complete system. The signal path is shown in heavy line.

The input is balanced floating with the pre-amp having a switched gain. In the -40 and -20 (line) position an attenuator is introduced right on the input. In the line position this also changes the input impedance to  $10 \, \mathrm{KR}$ .

The mic power switch has three positions. In the mid (OFF) position no d.c. voltage appears a the input connector. This is for when dynamic microphones are being used. The other two positions are for powering condenser microphones. The PH position is the Phantom Powering at 48v, which is applied to Pins 2 and 3 of the XLR. The TA position is for powering Sennheiser type microphones using the Tonader or AB system. 12v is fed to Pin 2 of the XLR. The polarity of this can be changed. (Refer to Connections Section).

The equaliser section is a three band type with a bypass switch allowing the operator to revert quickly to the 'flat' position. The H.P.F. (High Pass Filter) is outside the main EQ and cannot be by-passed. This is used when undesirable low frequencies (e.g. wind noise) need to be removed. Thus the reason why it is right at the input to avoid overloading of the pre-amp stage.

The next section in the signal path is the channel fader. At this point the overload indicator and PFL appear. The overload indicator illuminates 3dB prior to clipping thus giving a warning of impending overload of the pre-amp. The Pre-fade Listen (PFL) is fed through its own independent mixer to the monitor section. When a PFL button is depressed whatever is on the monitor output at the time is muted and the PFL signal fed in its place. The routing of the channel signal is normally achieved by a PAN control but a switch can be fitted to order.

The next stage is the mixer amplifier itself which gives the composite signal. Following this is the 1kHz switch, which when operated, feeds a 1kHz Tone to the two outputs and at the same time breaks the main signal path. The tone is injected pre the main faders and with the faders at their fully open position gives an output level of +10dB. This allows the operator to set an output level anywhere below this. Most operate with a reference level of 0dB which positions the faders at a reasonable operating level, i.e. with 10dB 'in hand'.

The main faders follow, which control the signal level to the output amplifier. The output is also transformer balanced and floating. The monitoring section consists of both aural and visual indication. There are two meters of either the VU or PPM type. The top meter reads 'A' output and by depressing the

'BATT' button gives an indication of the battery status. The bottom meter reads 'B' output and by depressing the B/PFL button ready the PFL level. The two monitor switches determine what is fed to the monitor output. With both buttons out the CUE signal is fed to the headphones. This allows for such as a reverse talkback signal to be returned to the mixer to facilitate two way communication. With either A or B buttons depressed then the relevant output is fed to both sides. With both pressed simultaneously then the stereo image appears at the monitor output, which also has an independent gain control. (A IN THE LEFT EAR AND B IN THE RIGHT).

The TALKBACK section is quite comprehensive for such a small mixer. The microphone is an electret type and has its own gain control with a screwdriver adjustment.

The SLATE switch feed the talkback signal to the two main outputs along with a 45Hz pilot tone. Therefore when marking tapes the cue is easy to find when in fast rewind. The T.B. switch routes the talkback signal to the TALKBACK output. The MON control allows a 'bleed' of the monitor assigned signal to be fed to the talkback output, this being useful for giving an independent feed when the cue input is not being used, such as to the boom operator. The cue is directly linked to the talkback output. When the T.B. button is depressed all other signals on the talkback are muted.

The CUE LAMP is an indicator which can be operated externally with the use of a single pole normally open switch.

# SOME POINTS TO CONSIDER BEFORE USING AD145 MIXER

- Ensure correct microphone power is selected before inserting microphones.
- \* Ensure that microphone power is switched off when inputs are unterminated. If microphone power is on when the input is unterminated it will result in greatly increased inter-channel crosstalk when switched to TA.
- \* When using AD100-05 Power Supply and Charger Unit with batteries only allow charge switch to operate when using Nickel Cadmium batteries.
- \* When using AD100-05 Power Supply there is a mains voltage selector. Ensure this is in the correct position for the intended mains voltage.
- \* On the AD100-05 Power Supply there is a mains voltage selector. Ensure this is in the correct position for the intended mains voltage.
- \* The AD145 in its standard form has a microphone powering facility when switched to TA +12v hot 0v cold. The procedure for reversing the microphone power is explained on page C27 (sheet 1)
- \* Do not store the mixer with batteries for long periods. This will result in battery leakage.
- \* Remove batteries when transporting. Often mixers can accidentally be switched on whilst packing is taking place.
- \* To clean mixer, do not use solvent cleaners. This may result in the silk screen lifting and/or plastic components suffering. It is best to use a damp cloth and mild detergent. For the paintwork use household furniture polish.
- \* WARNING WHEN USING A MAINS POWER SUPPLY TO FEED THE MIXER (E.G. AD100-05 TYPE) THEN THE UNIT MUST BE EARTHED. THIS IS FOR SAFETY REASONS.

### CONNECTIONS:

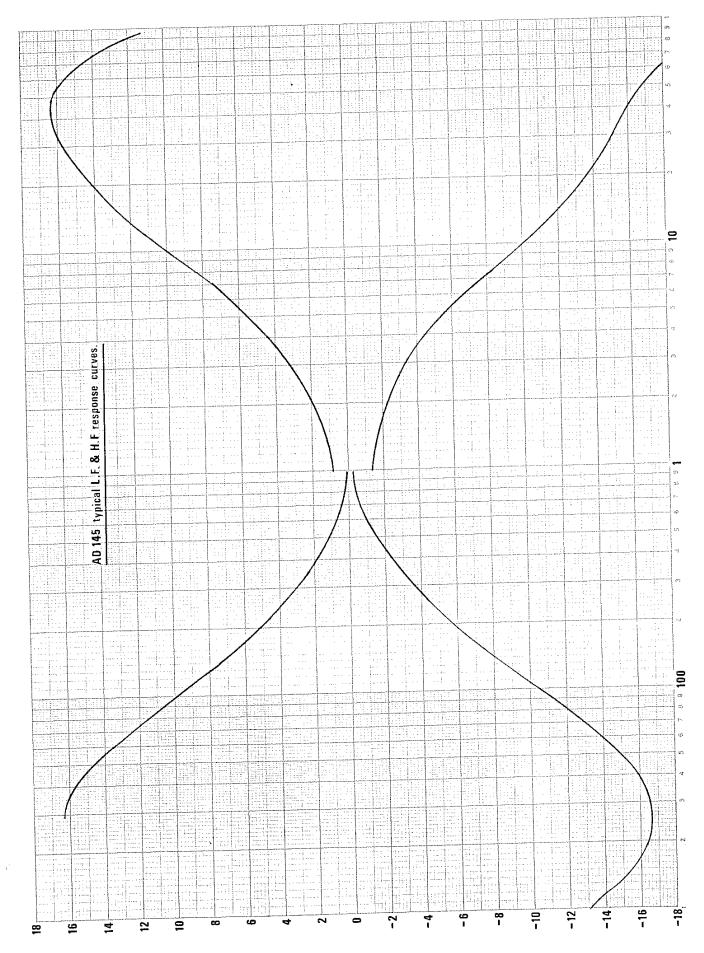
```
FEMALE XLR (Male can be fitted to order)
AUDIO INPUT:
                 1 - EARTH
CHANNEL:
                                TRANSFORMER BALANCED/FLOATING
                             )
                 2 - LIVE
                 3 - RETURN )
                 PHANTOM - 48v on Pins 2 & 3
MIC POWER:
                 TA or AB POWER - 12v Pin 2 ) Polarity can
                                    Ov Pin 3 ) reversed to
                                                order
CUE INPUT - FEMALE XLR
            1 - EARTH
                             ELECTRONIC DIFFERENTIAL BALANCE
            2 - LIVE
                         )
                             10KR INPUT IMPEDANCE LINE LEVEL
            3 - RETURN )
                 MALE XLR (female can be fitted to order)
AUDIO OUTPUT:
   A & B
            1 - EARTH
                             TRANSFORMER BALANCED/FLOATING
             2 - LIVE
                             (Note - do not connect PINS 3 & 1
             3 - RETURN )
                             together when operating unbalanced.
                             Take output from Pins 2 & 1 with Pin 3
                             no connection.
            P.O. Jack Type 'B'
  MONITOR
                       \operatorname{LEFT}
             TIP
                        RIGHT
             RING
             SLEEVE -
                       EARTH
  CUE LAMP A short circuit applied between the two
             connectors will illuminate L.E.D.
             (By using single Pole Push to make switch)
  POWERING EXTERNAL 4 Pin XLR MALE
             1 - 15-24v DC
             2 - 0v
             3 - 10-15v DC
             4 - Charge input
```

Any voltage in the range 10-24v can be used to drive the mixer by connections to the appropriate pins.

The supply should be of the regulated type and have a capability of supply 300mA.

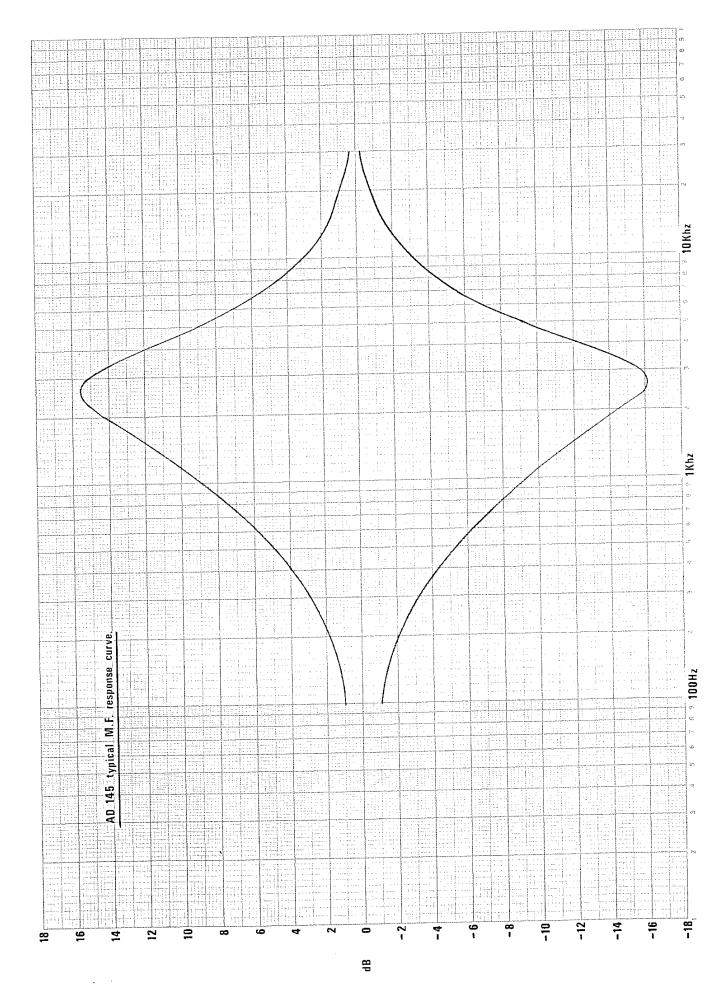
CHARGE - When Ni-Cad batteries are fitted they can be charged by connecting a voltage of 17-24v a PIN 4. There is a constant current charger circuit included in the mixer.

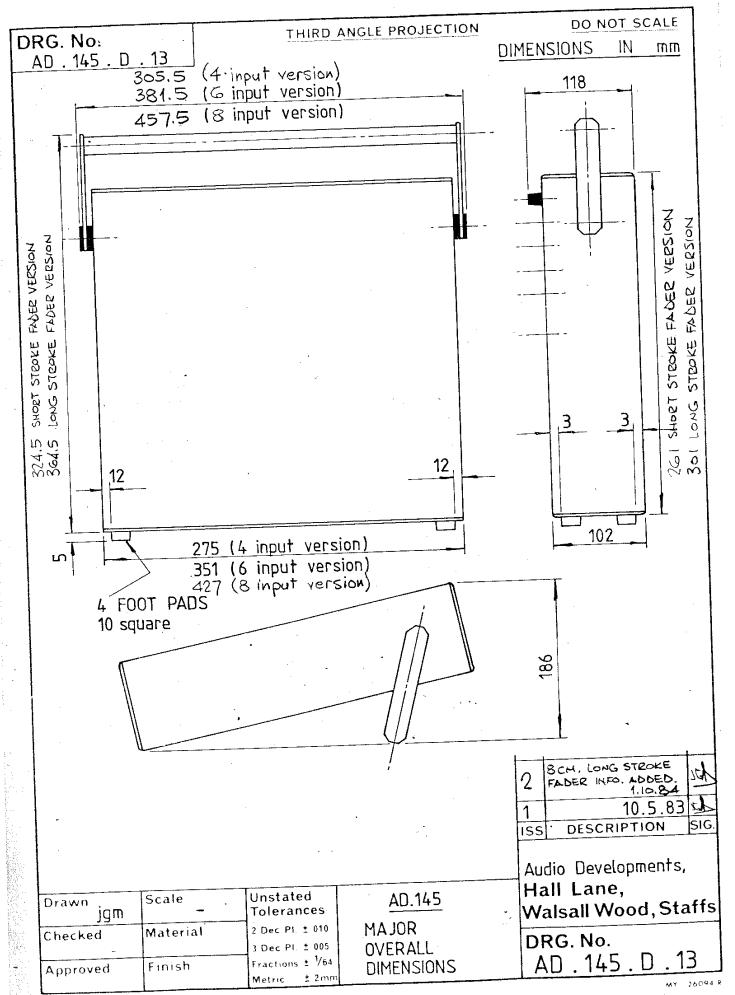
INTERNAL 10 X 'c' cell nicad or dry cells



gp B

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### POWER SUPPLY UNIT TYPE AD100-09

The AD100-09 mains POWER SUPPLY UNIT is suitable for driving most of AUDIO DEVELOPMENTS' range of portable audio mixers. This PSU is a single-rail device providing 500mA of current at +14v DC potential and is used as a substitute for battery power with mixers containing an internal DC-DC converter.

The AD100-09 may be powered from either a 110/120v AC source or a 220v/240v AC source. Ensure that the AC Voltage Selector Switch on the front panel is in the correct position for the source in use. Operating the equipment at the wrong voltage could be hazardous. Care must be taken to connect the LIVE, NEUTRAL and EARTH pins of the PSU's IEC mains connector to the corresponding terminals associated with the AC source. The ON/OFF switch contains an indicator that illuminates when the PSU is operational.

FOR SAFETY REASONS, AD100-09 POWER SUPPLY UNIT MUST BE CONNECTED TO MAINS EARTH. Any maintenance to the PSU or its mains cable assembly should be performed by a qualified engineer.

CHARGING: If nickel-cadmium cells are fitted in an AD140 series mixer, they may be recharged in situ from AD100-09 power supply - whether the mixer is in use or not. (Maximum current is set at 250mA - in addition to the 500mA of current supplying the audio electronics.) The charging circuit has its own ON/OFF slide switch and LED indicator. DO NOT ACTIVATE THE CHARGE CIRCUIT UNLESS THE MIXER IS FITTED WITH NICKEL-CADMIUM CELLS.

FUSES: Two 20mm ANTI-SURGE fuses protect AD100-09 against fault conditions. Should either fail, it is strongly recommended that the cause be traced. Refer to the TECHNICAL LIBRARY. Only suitably qualified personnel should service the power supply unit. The fuse holder on the front panel contains the mains fuse.

# 250mA HRC TYPE T 240v AC

For continued safety the specified fuse link must be fitted in the mains fuse holder when a replacement is required. Ensure it is of a type approved by a National Approved Body.

DC-OUTPUT XLR PIN 1 OV PIN 3 NOT CONNECTED PIN 2 CHARGE PIN 4 +14vDC

### DO NOT REMOVE THE OUTER COVERS

NOTE: The power supply unit should be serviced by a suitably qualified engineer. Only genuine spare parts with identical specifications must be used.

It is DANGEROUS to change the specification or modify the product in any way.

### MAINS POWER SUPPLY TYPES AD100-09

# SERVICE SECTION FOR SUITABLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY

### WARNING

For SAFETY service must be carried out by suitably Qualified Personnel only.

### DANGER

Isolate the power supply unit from the mains supply before removing any covers.

FUSES: Three 20mm ANTI-SURGE (T) fuses protect the AD100-09 against fault conditions. Should one fail, it is strongly recommended that the cause be traced.

The fuse holder on the front panel contains the mains fuse.

### 250mA HRC TYPE T 240v AC

For continued safety the specified fuse link must be fitted in the mains fuse holder when a replacement is required. Ensure it is of a type approved by a National Approved Body.

The DC fuses are fitted internally to the printed circuit board.

1.0 A HRC TYPE T REGULATED DC OUTPUT

# 500mA HRC TYPE T ■ BATTERY CHARGE OUTPUT

These are accessed by removing the top cover. Before carrying out this operation, ensure the required SAFETY precautions are taken. ISOLATE the power supply unit from the MAINS SUPPLY.

The regulated section of the power supply unit is of the series type, built around transistor TR1. D1 and D2 create the full wave rectification from the centre tap transformer. C1 acts as the smoothing capacitor. R1 and R2 create the path supplying the current to the base of TR1 and the reference transistor TR2. The output voltage is set by VR1 and the junction of this preset with R5 is fed to the base of TR2. This control on TR2 determines the drive to TR1 and thus keeps the output voltage constant.

TR3, R3 and R4 form an overload or short circuit protection. When the current through R3 increases the voltage drop across R3 reaches a sufficient value to turn TR3 on, which then 'bleeds' current from the base of TR1 and turns this device off.

SETTING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE - With the DC output unloaded monitor the output voltage at Pin 1 (0v) and Pin 4 (+v) of the DC-OUTPUT XLR. The voltage is set to +14v DC  $\pm 0.5$  by adjusting VR1. For monitoring the voltage use a suitable meter for measuring DC voltage.

# HINTS ON FAULT FINDING (All readings DC VOLTS using a DVM)

- 1. ZD1 should have a potential of  $7.5v \pm 0.3v$  if the correct reference voltage is to be set up.
- 2. The base of TR2 should be 0.7v higher than that at the cathode of ZD1. Reference 0v.
- 3. TR1 base should be 0.7v higher than its emitter.
- 4. With no load on the power supply the collector of TR1 should be approximately 22v. Reference 0v.
- 5. If the output voltage is low it could mean TR3 is short circuit. This would cause the base drive current to TR1 to be diverted.

NOTE: The power supply unit should be serviced by a suitably qualified engineer. Only genuine spare parts with identical specifications must be used.

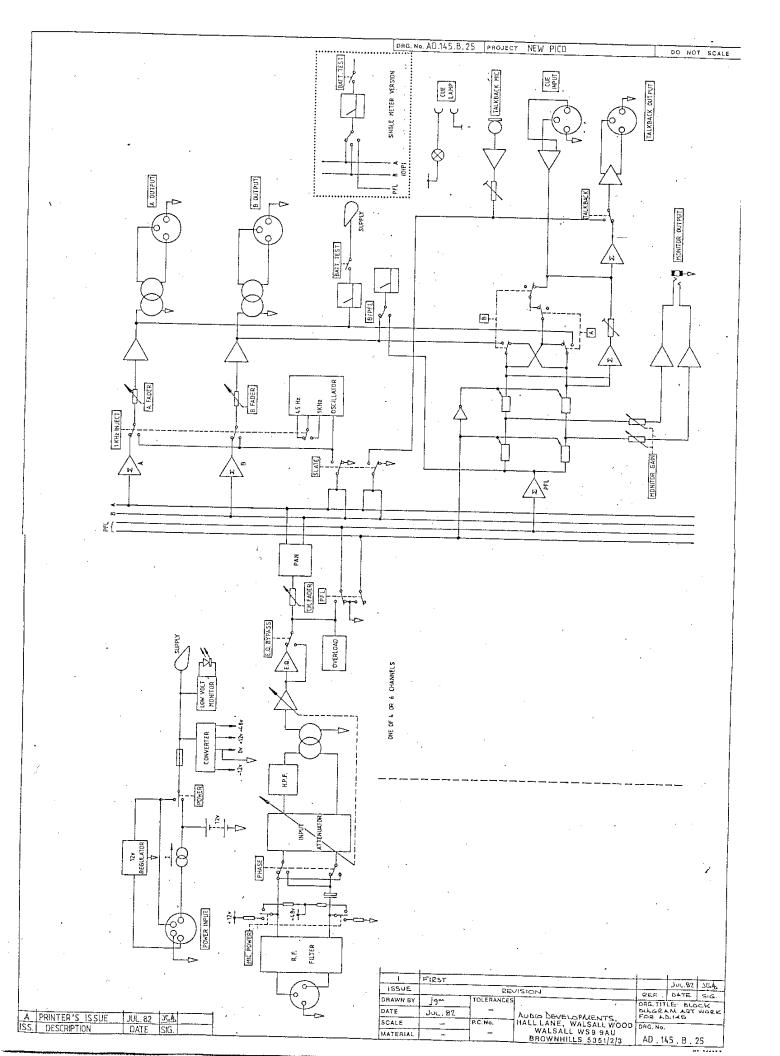
It is dangerous to change the specification or modify the product in any way.

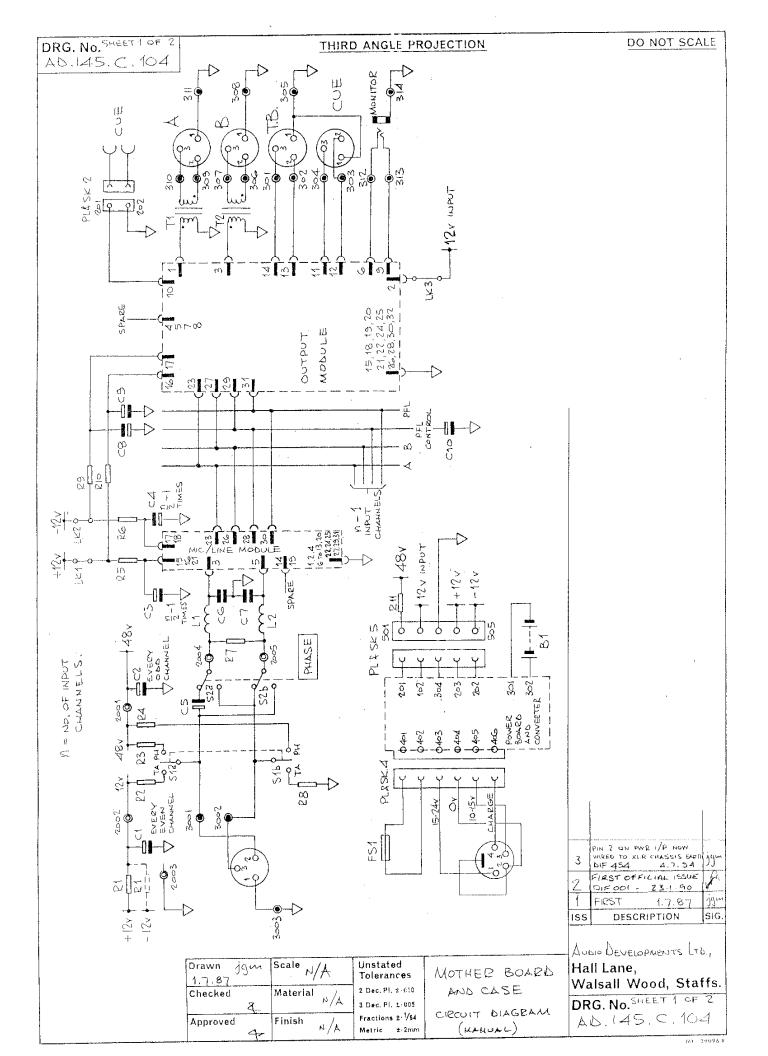
# DRAWING LIST

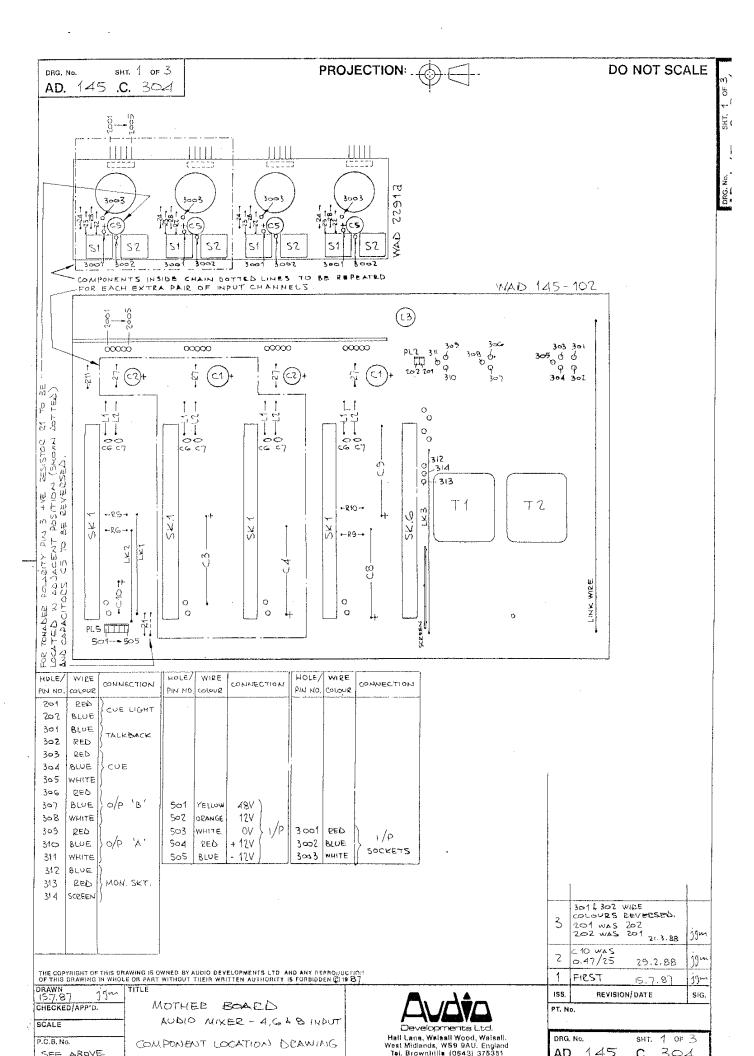
DRAWING TITLE

DRAWING NO.

				-			
BLOCK DIAGRAM	AD	145	B.25				
MOTHER BOARD							
Circuit Diagram	AD	145	C.104	Sheet	: 1		
Component Location Drawing				Sheet			
Component Cross Reference List	AD	145	D.304	Sheet	3		
•							
INPUT MODULE (Mic. Line)	A T)	alie	c 106	Sheet	- 1		
Circuit Diagram	AD	コサブ	C. 306	Sheet	- 1		
Component Location Drawing	AD	145	D. 306	Sheet	ts 3	8.	4
Component Cross Reference List	-	• 12	24,500				-
OUTPUT MODULE							
Circuit Diagram	AD	145	C.105	Shee	t 1		
Component Location Drawing. Board 'A'	AD	145	C.305	Shee	t 1		
Component Cross Ref. List. Board 'A'		_		Shee		80	4
Component Location Drawing. Board 'B'				Sheet			
Component Cross Ref. List. Board 'B'	AD	145	D+37	Sheets	3 &	4	
POWER INPUT	ΔTD	145	c 36	Sheet	1		
Circuit Diagram Component Location Drawing	AD AD	145	0.40	Sheet	1		
Component Cross Reference List				Sheet			
Component of ord Reference mind					•		
CONVERTER							
Circuit Diagram				Sheet			
Component Location Drawing				Sheet			
Component Cross Reference List	AD	100	D.68	Sheet	3		
LOW IMPEDANCE BUFFER	ΛT	100	n 66	Shoet	2		
Circuit Diagram (Typical Ref. Nos. only) Component Loc. Drg See OUTPUT MODULE.	J1.LJ	100	D. O.O.O.	DII C C G			
Component Loc. Dig Dec. Office nobulity							
P.P.M. ( BBC and N.10 )							
Circuit Diagram				Sheet			
Component Location Drawing				Sheet			
Component Cross Reference List	AD	043	D.23	Sheet	3		
CURVE GENERATOR - P.P.M. (BBC & N.10)	A TS	Oliz	מר מב	Chant	4		
Circuit Diagram				Sheet Sheet			
Component Location Drawing Component Cross Reference List - BBC				Sheet			
Component Cross Reference List - N. 10				Sheet			
Component Of Bares Cado March	2235				•		
V.U.							
Circuit Diagram	AD	043	D.26	Sheet	1		
Component Location Drawing	AD	043	D.28	Sheet	1		
Component Cross Reference List	AD	043	D.28	Sheet	3		
POWER SUPPLY/CHARGER UNIT	. 40	<u></u>	5 C 400	Sheet	2		
OTT ANT A DEGREE OF				Sheet			
Component Location Drawing AD	, 10	J-05	0 . 30 2	2,1000	•		



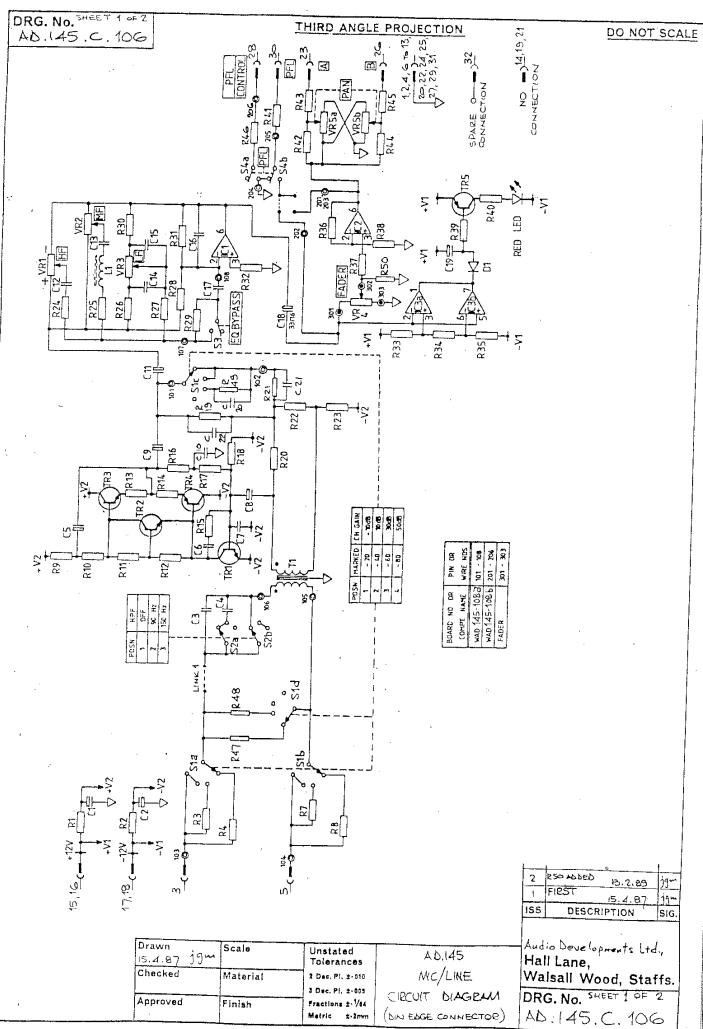




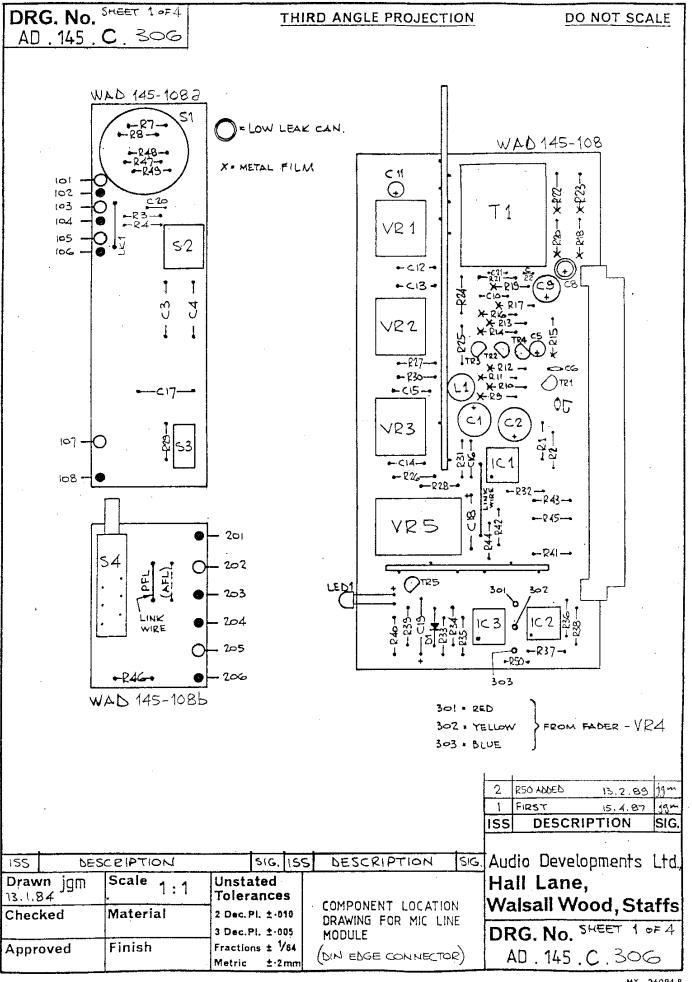
# AD 145 MOTHER BOARD & SW. BOARD

# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

1.	Capa	citors		: 4 <sub>•</sub>	Resis	stors
	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 C1O	2200 pF 100 pF 4700 pF 4700 pF 100 pF 2200 pF 2200 pF 2200 pF 2200 pF	16 <b>v</b>		R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10 R11	47R 180R 10K 10K 82R 82R 1M 180R 22R 22R
2.	Induc	tances				
	L1 L2 L3	220 дН 220 дН 220 дН		5•	Trans T1 T2	600/600 600/600
3∙	Switc	hes			,	
	S1 S2	DPDT on-o			•	



MY 20004



# MIC/LINE MODULE

# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

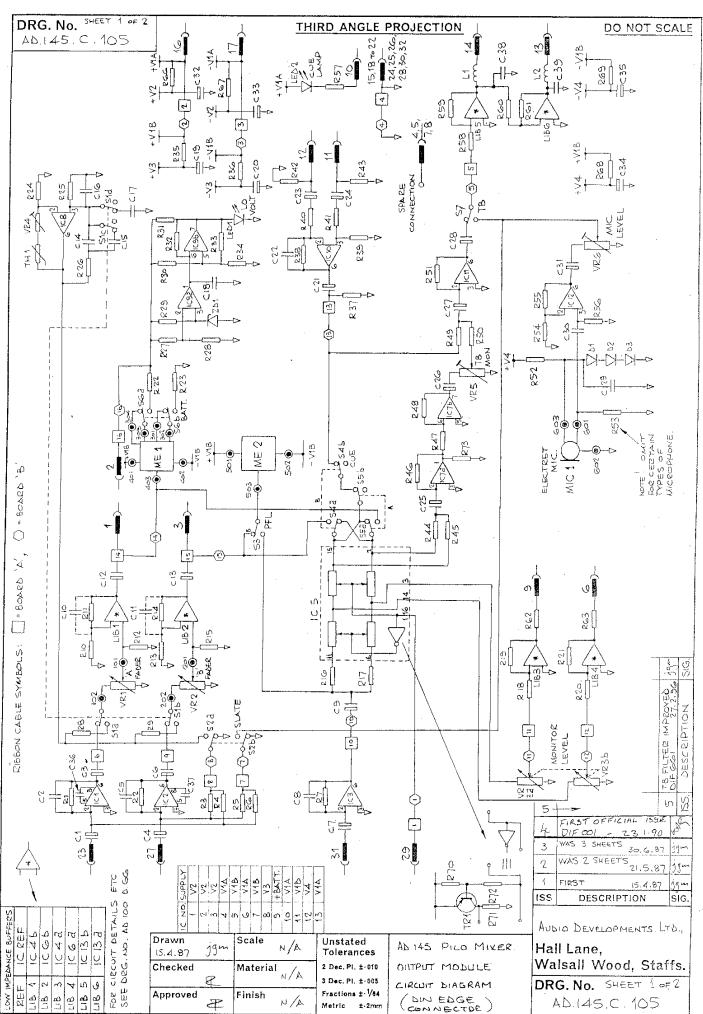
1.	Capa	citors				6.	Resi	stors	
	01 02 03 04 05 06	330 рF 330 рF 0•68 рF 0•47 рF 10 рF 15pF	16 <b>v</b> 16 <b>v</b> 25 <b>v</b>			i	R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6	470R 470R 620R 5K1	
	C7 C8 C9 C10	220pF 22 pF 100 pF 0.047 pF	16 <b>v</b> 25 <b>v</b>				R7 R8 R9 R10	620R 5K1 47K 47K	
	011 012 013 014 015 016 -	4.7 µF -0.01 µF 0.047 µF 0.1 µF 0.1 µF 10pF	35 <b>v</b>				R11 R12 R13 R14 R15	100k 68k 220r 220r 10k	
	C17 C18 C19 C20 C21 C22	1 µF 33 µF 1 µF 2n2 3n3 22pF	16 <b>v</b> 63 <b>v</b>				R16 R17 R18 R19 R20 R21 R22	470K 470K 51K 33K 33K 820R	
2.	Diode	<u> </u>					R23 R24 R25	100R 1K	
	D1	1N 4148					R26 R27 R28	750 R 4K7 1K 100K	
3∙	Induct	ance					R29 R30	100K 10M 4K7	
	L1	Hm 89					R31 R32 R33 R34	100K 47K 47K 100K	
4.	Op. Am	aq					R35 R36	47K 100K	
	IC 1 IC 2 IC 3	TL 061 TL 061 LM 393					R37 R38 R39 R40 R41	68k 220k 100k 6k8 47k	
5•	Switch	es					R42 R43	3K0 47K	
	\$1 \$2 \$3 \$4		-on-on -none-on	DRG.	AD	145	R44 R45 R46 R47 R48 R49 R50 C•306	3K0 47K 10K 180R 300R 1K3 100K - 1/ (Sht 3 c	

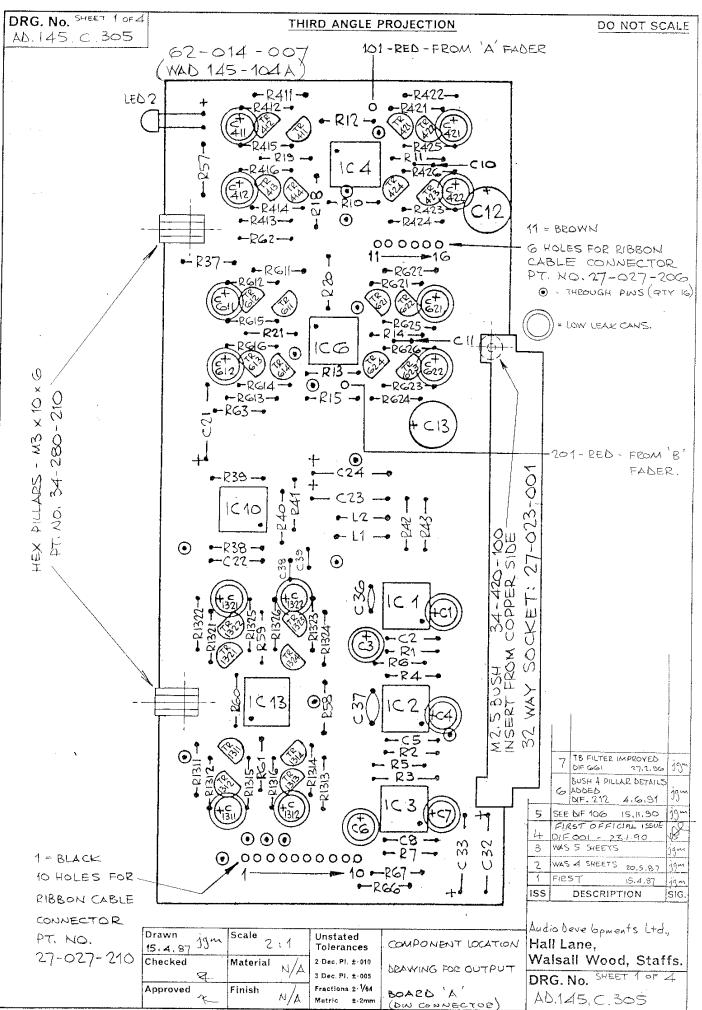
# MIC/LINE MODULE

# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST (continued)

7 <b>•</b>	Transistors		9•	Variable Resistors			
	TR1 TR2 TR3 TR4 TR5	BC 549 BC 549 BC 549 BC 214 BC 214	·	VR1 VR2 VR3 VR4 VR5	50 K 50 K 50 K 10 K	Lin Lin Lin Log DUAL	Lin ·
Ω	(December 1	·					

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# AD 145 OUTPUT MODULE. BOARD A.

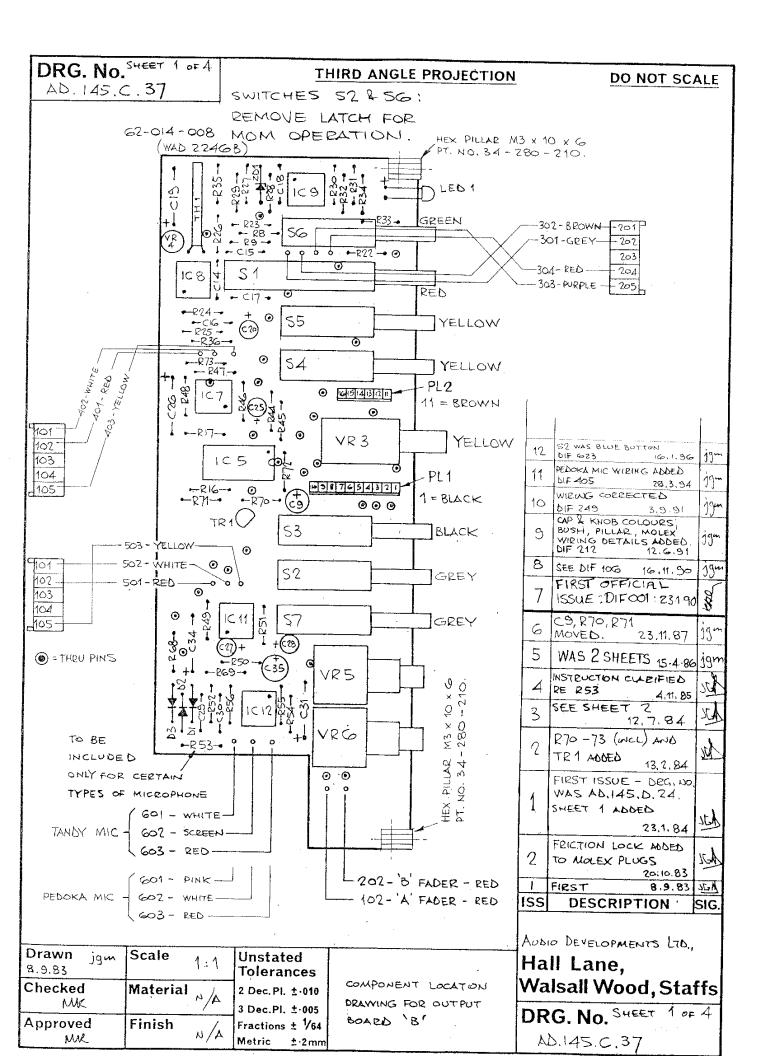
# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

1.	Capaci	tors	3•	Resi	stors
	01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08	22 µF 16v 10pF 10 µF 25v 22 µF 16v 10pF 10 µF 25v 22 µF 16v		R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7	47K 47K 10M 10M 47K 47K 47K
	010 011 012 013 021	10pF 2p2 2p2 470 AF 10 v 470 AF 10 v 10 AF 25v		R10 R11 R12 R13 R14 R15	47K 330K 100K 47K 330K 100K
	022 023 024 032	10pf 10 µF 25v 10 µF 25v 33 µF 16v		R18 R19 R20 R21	100K 330K 100K 330K
	033 <b>036</b> 037	33 µF 16v 22pF 22pF		R37 R38 R39 R40	100K 100K 100K
	0411 0412 0421 0422	10 µF 25v 10 µF 25v 10 µF 25v 10 µF 25v		R40 R41 R42 R43	100K 100K 22K 22K
	C611 C612 C621 C622 C1311 C1312 C1321 C1322	10 µF 25v 10 µF 25v		R57 R58 R59 R60 R61 R62 R63 R64 R65	2K2 100K 470K 100K 100K 10R 10R 10R
2.	С38 С39 <b>Ор. А</b> тра	2 n 2 2 n 2		R66 R67	100R 100R
	IC 1 IC 2 IC 3 IC 4	NE 5534 NE 5534 NE 5534 TL 062		R411 R412 R413 R414 R415	10K 10K 10K 10K 10R
	IC 6 IC 10	TL 062 TL 061		R416 R421 R422 R423	10R 10K 10K 10K
	IC 13	TL 062		R424 R425 R426	10K 10R 10R

AD 145 OUTPUT MODULE. BOARD A

# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST (continued)

	Resist	cors (contd.)	5.	Transist	ors
	R611	10K		TR411	BC•109
	R612	10K		TR412	BC.214
	R613	10K		TR413	BC.109
	R614	10K		TR414	BC.214
	R615	10R		TR421	BC.109
	R616	10R		TR422	BC,214
	R621	10K		TR423	BC.109
	R622	10K		TR424	BC:214
	R623	10K		TR611	BC.109
	R624	10K		TR612	BC.214
	R625	10R		TR613	BC.109
	R626	10R		TR614	BC.214
	R1311	10K		TR621	BC.109
	R1312	10K		TR622	BC.214
	R1313	10K		TR623	BC.109
	R1314	10K		TR624	BC.214
	R1315	10R		TR1311	BC.109
	R1316	10R		TR1312	BC.214
	R1321	10K		TR1313	BC.109
	R1322	10K		TR1314	BC.214
	R1323	10K		TR1321	BC.109
	R1324	10K		TR1322	BC.214
	R1325	10R		TR1323	BC.109
	R1326	10R		TR1324	BC-214
		·			
4.	Variab	le Resistors	6.	Chokes	
	VR1	10K Log		L1	220µH
	VR2	10K Log		L2	220µH
					220 PII



# OUTPUT MODULE. BOARD B

### COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

1.	Capacito	ors		6.	Resist	ors
	C9 C14	33 µF 1500 pF	16 <b>v</b>		r8 R9	100K 100K
	015 . 016 .	•033 µF : 1500 pF			R16 R17	100R 100R
	C18 .	-033 af ? -022 af 100 af 100 af	16v -		R22 R23 R24	6 K & 50T 680R
	025 026 027	22 µF 33 µF 22 µF	16 <b>v</b> 16 <b>v</b> 16 <b>v</b>		R25 R26 R27 R28	100K 100K 47K 100K
	028 029 030 031	33 µF 0.1 µF 0.1 µF 33 µF	16v 16v		R29 R30 R31 R32	15K 470K 2K2 10M
	034 035	150 µF 100 µF	16 <b>v</b> 25 <b>v</b>		R33 R34 R35 R36	100K 100K 1K 1K
2.	Diodes				R44 R45	47K 47K
	D1 D2 D3	1N 4148 1N 4148 1N 4148	3	,	R46 R47 R48 R49 R50	47K 100K 100K 100K 100K
<b>3•</b>	Op. Amps	<u>s</u>			R51 R52	100K 10K
	IC 5 IC 7 IC 8	DG 308 TL 062 TL 061			R53 R54 R55 R56	1K 10K 1M 10K
	IC 9 IC 11 IC 12	LM 393 TL 061 TL 061			R68 R69 R70 R71 R72	220R 220R 10K 100K 100K
4.	Thermist	tor			R73	10K
	TH 1	R53			,	

Transistor

TR1

BC 214

5.

### OUTPUT MODULE. BOARD B

# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST (continued)

### 7. Switches

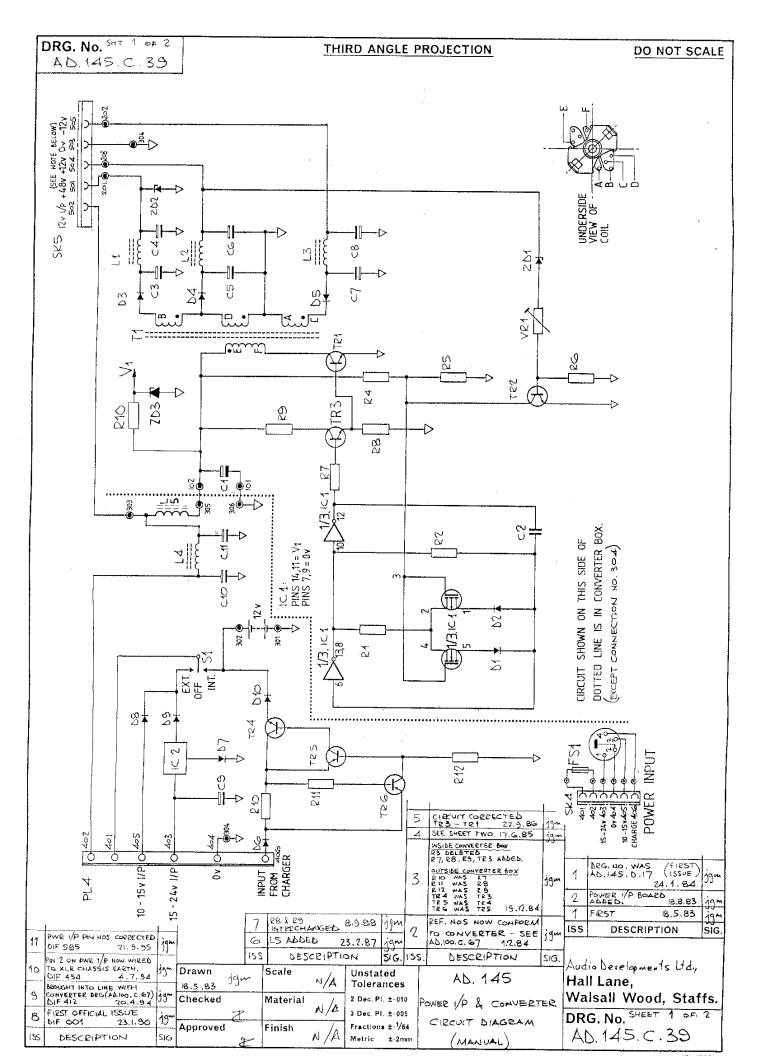
<b>S</b> 1	4	PCO	BBM
S2	2	PCO	BBM
<b>S</b> 3	2	PCO	BBM
S4	2	PCO	BBM
S5	2	PCO	$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{B}\mathbf{M}$
s6	2	PCO	BBM
97	2	PCO	BRW

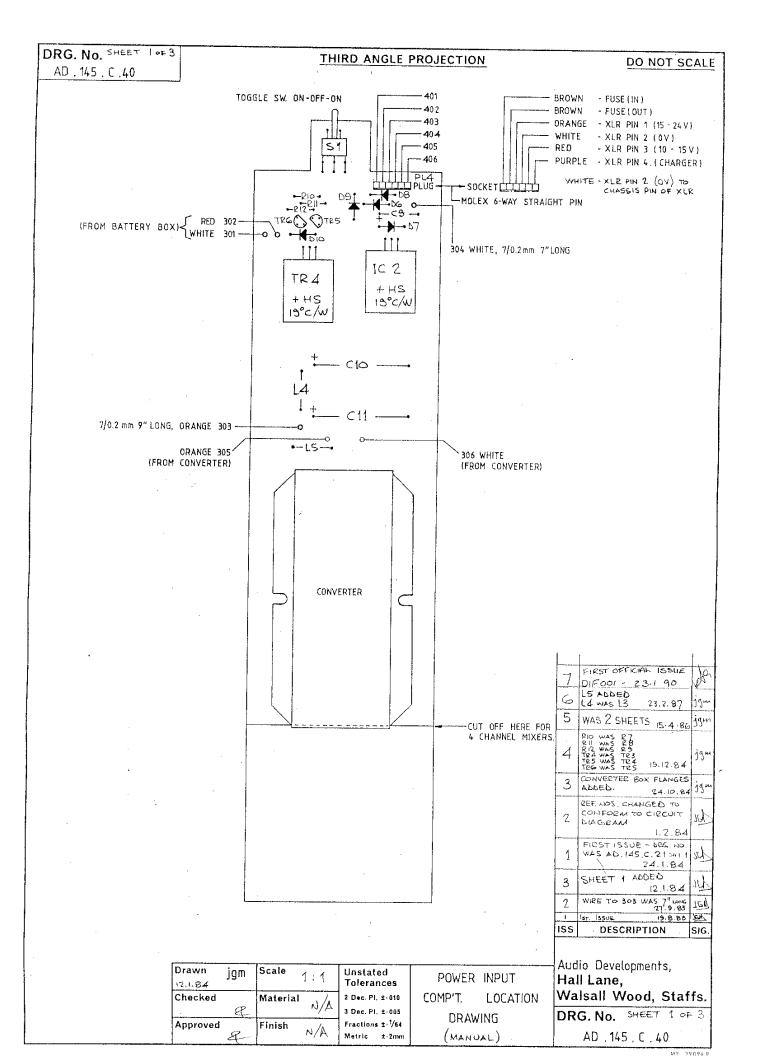
# 8. <u>Variable Resistors</u>

VR3	10K	10K	Log
VR4	1 K	Lin	
VR5	50K	LIN	
VR6	50K	LIN	

### 9. Zener Diode

ZD1 7v5





### POWER INPUT

### COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

3 R9 10 K 100 K

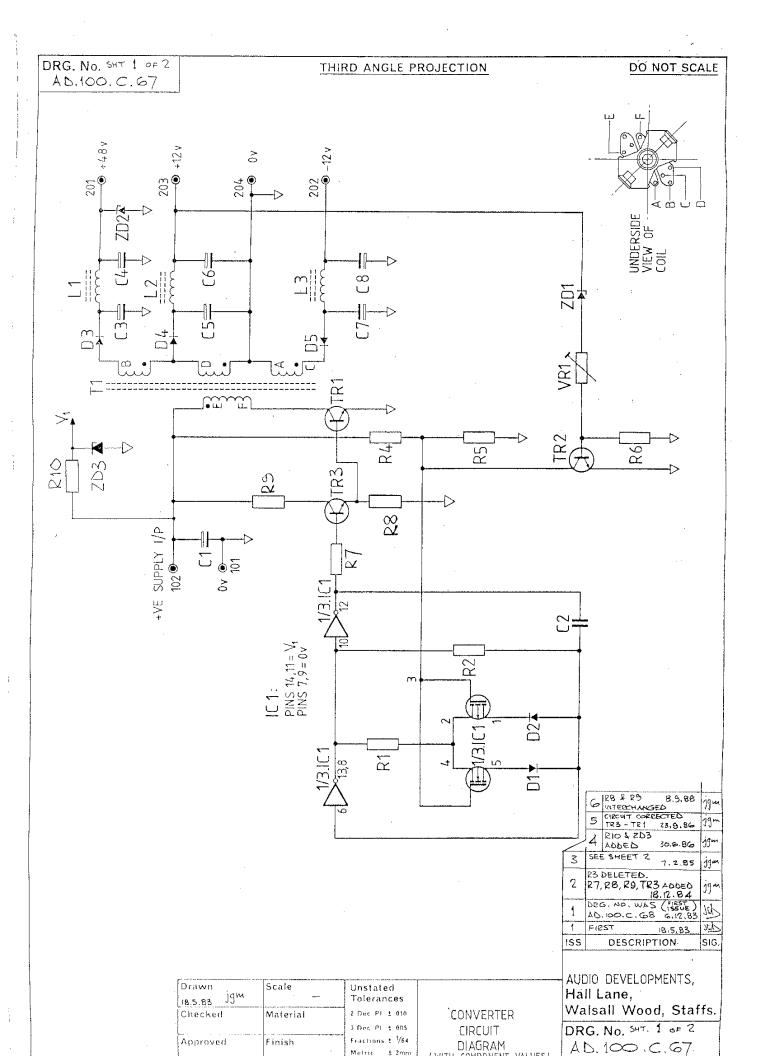
> BD 131 BC 214 BC 214

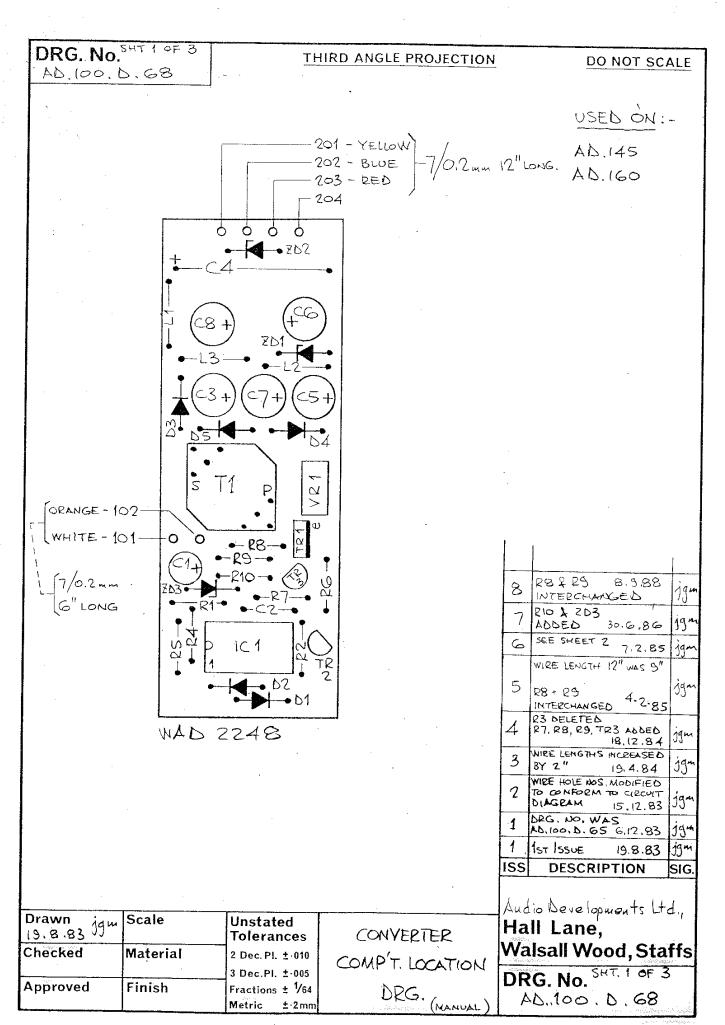
19°C/W 19°C/W

1.	Capacitors			Resistors		
	09 010 011	10 μF 25v 2200 μF 16v 2200 μF 16v		R10 3 R9 R11 10 K R12 100 K		
2.	Diodes		6.	Transistors		
	D6 D7 D8 D9 D10	1N 4004 1N 4004 1N 4004 1N 4004 1N 4004		TR4 BD TR5 BC TR6 BC		
			7.	Heatsinks		
3•	Induct	ance		IC2 19 <sup>0</sup>		
	L4 L5	5 µН 5 µН		IC2 19°0 TR4 19°0		
4.	Op. Am	ps				

7812

IC2



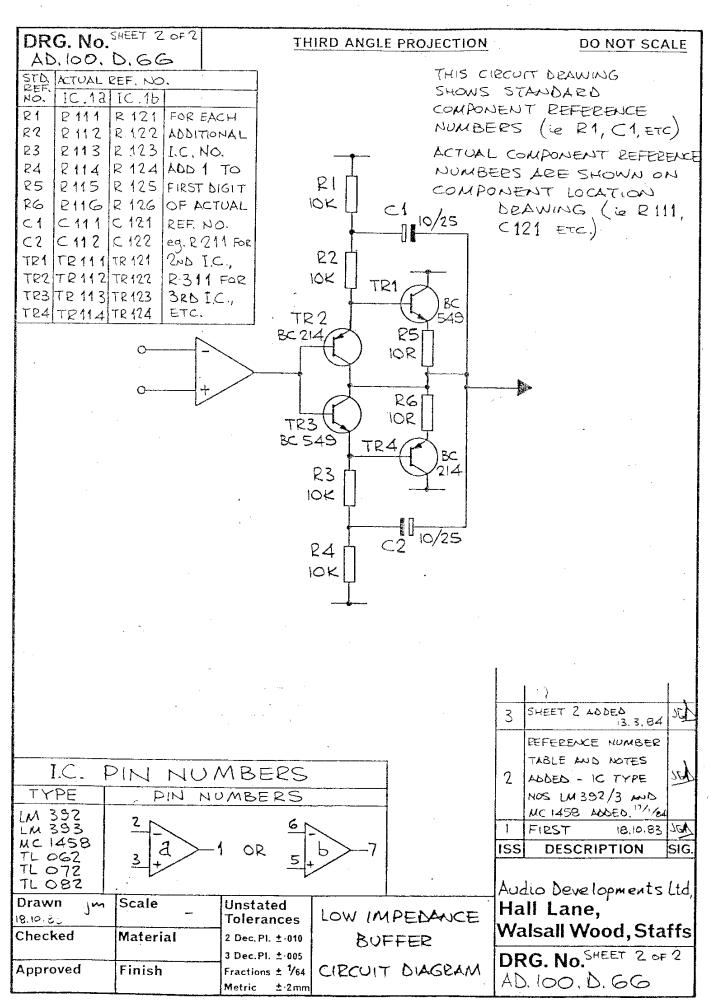


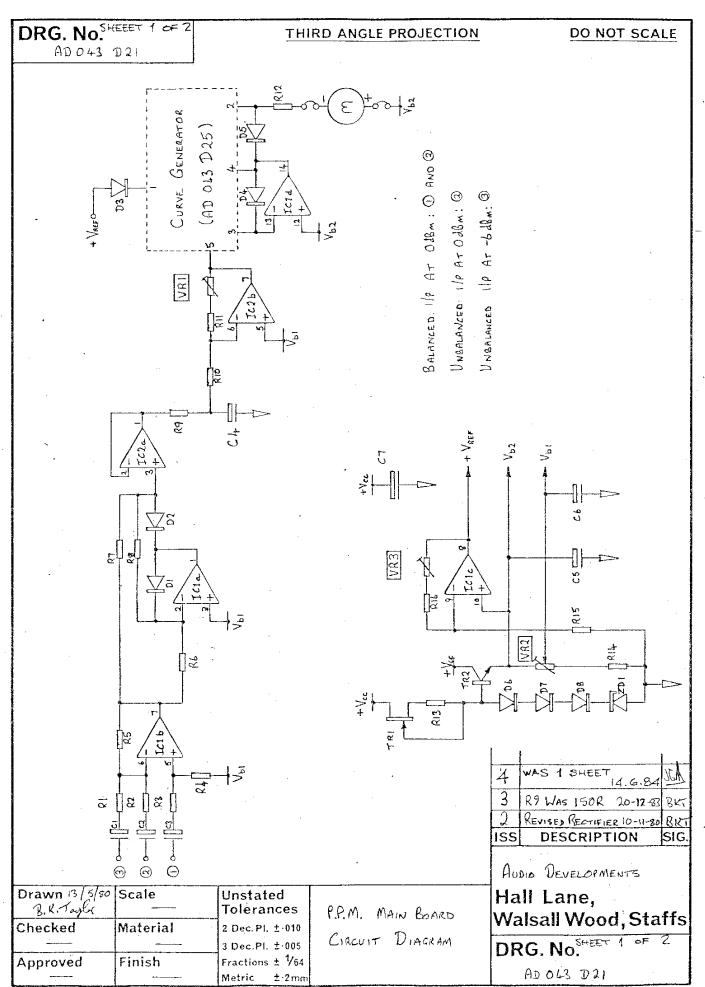
#### CONVERTER

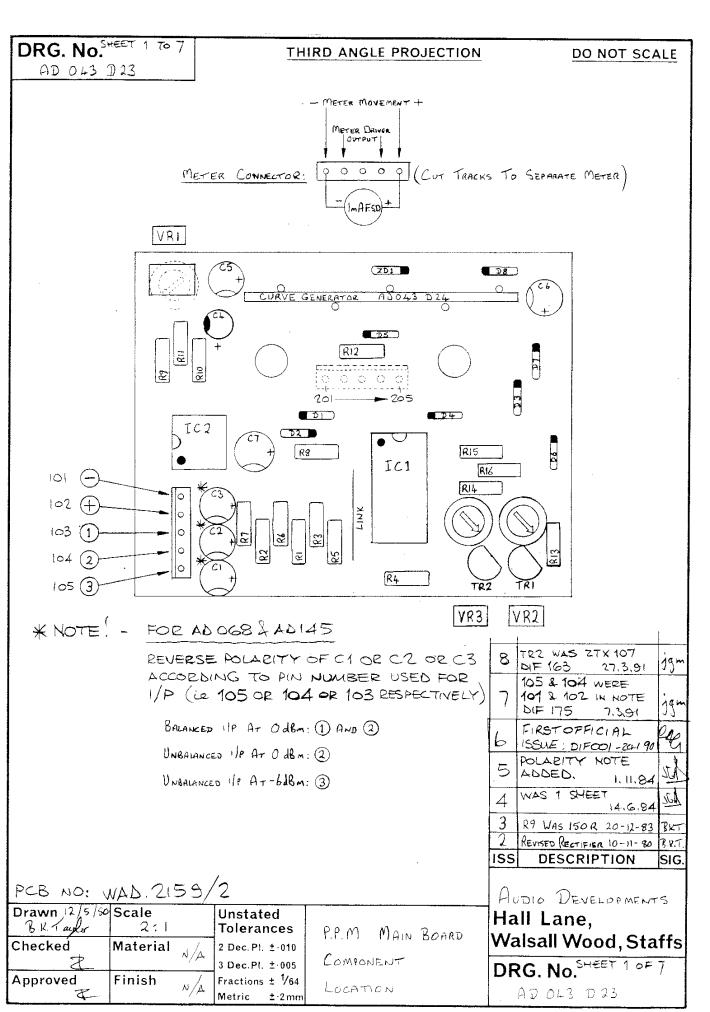
# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

1.	Capacito	ors	5.	Op. Amps	
	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6	220 µF 16v 330 pF 47 µF 63v 100 µF 63v 220 µF 16v 220 µF 16v		IC1	4007 UB
	C7 C8	220 µF 16v 220 µF 16v	6.	Transistors TR1 TR2 TR3	BD 131 BC 549 2N 3904
2.	Diodes				
	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5	IN 4148 IN 4148 BY 206 BY 206 BY 206	7.	Transformer T1	RM7 250
			8.	Variable Res	sistor
3.	Inductan	ices		VR1	10K
	L1 L2 L3	220 дН 220 дН 220 дН 220 дН			
			9.	Zener Diode	
4.	Resistor			ZD1 ZD2 ZD3	BZY 88 C11 BZX 61 C56 BZY 88 C18
4.		<del></del>	•		
	R3 R4 1 R5 3 R6 R7 R8 1 R9 4	4K7 OK - 2K 9K 1K 1K5 5OR 7OR 2R			

DRG. AD 100.D.68 (Sheet 3 of 3)







# PPM DRIVER (BBC & N.10)

# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

1.	Capacit	ors	5.	Resisto	rs
2•	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 Diodes D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6	1 µF 63v 0.47 µF 100v 0.47 µF 100v 10 µF 16v Tant. 22 µF 16v 22 µF 63v  1 µF 63v  1 µF 63v  1 µF 63v  1 µF 63v		R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10 R11 R12 R13 R14 R15	100K 200K 200K 200K 200K 20K 10K 10K 10K 47R 100K 150K 3K6 2K2 33K 470K
	D8	1N 4148	6.	Variable	Resistors
3•	Op. Amps	LM 348 LM 392		VR1 VR2 VR3	100K Pre set 1K Pre set 100K Pre set
	10 2	III		Zener Di	odes
4.	Transist	ors	7•	ZD1 (	7v5 BZY 88
<u> </u>	TR 1 TR 2	2N 5457 BC 549			

# PPM DRIVER (NOB)

# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

1.	Capacit	ors	5.•	Resist	ors
	01 02 03 04 05 06 07	1 µF 63v 0.47 µF 100v 0.47 µF 100v 10 µF 16v Tant. 22 µF 16v 22 µF 16v 1 µF 63v		R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9	100K 200K 200K 200K 200K 20K 10K 10K 47R
2.	Diodes	-		R10 R11	100K 47K
	D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7	1N 4148		R12 R13 R14 R15 R16	3K6 2K2 33K 470K 150K
	D8	1N 4148	6.	Variabl	e Resistors
<b>3∙</b>	Op. Amps	LM 348 LM 392		VR1 VR2 VR3	100K Pre set 1K Pre set 100K Pre set
	20 2	****		Zener I	riodes
4.	Transist	ors	7•	ZD1	C7v5 BZY 88
2. t	TR 1 TR 2	2N 5457 BC 549			

DRG. No. SHEET THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION DO NOT SCALE AD 043 025 RIT TR3 TR4 R 19 R24 <u>R.2</u>5 R 21 R 26 WAS I SHEET 1-4-86 COMPOHENTS RENUMBER RENUMBER CONNECTIONS DESCRIPTION AUDID DEVELOPMENTS Drawn 13/5/80 Scale
B.K. Taylo Unstated Hall Lane, P.P.M. CURVE GENERATOR Tolerances Walsall Wood, Staffs Checked Material 2 Dec.Pl. ±-010

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

DRG. No. SHEET 1 of 2

AD 043 D25

3 Dec.Pl. ±-005

Fractions ± 1/64

Metric ±·2mm

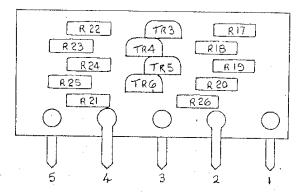
Approved

Finish

DRG. No. SHEET lof5 AD 043 D24

THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION

DO NOT SCALE



	,
DRG.WAS 1 SHEET.	jgm
RARS INTERPOSED 10-11-80	B.K.T.
DESCRIPTION	SIG.
	DRG.WAS 1 SHEET. R&R5 INTERPOSED 10-11-30 DESCRIPTION

AUDIO DEVELOPMENTS

P.P.M. CURVE GENERATOR

COMPONENT

LOCATION

Hall Lane, Walsall Wood, Staffs

DRG. No. SHEET 10F5
AD 043 D24

GAW	2259/	2-	a
-----	-------	----	---

B.K. Taylor		Unstated Tolerances
Checked	Material	2 Dec.Pl. ± 010
		3 Dec.Pl. ±.005
Approved	Finish	Fractions ± 1/64
	<del></del>	Matric + 2 mm

# CURVE GENERATOR - PPM ( BBC )

#### COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

#### 1. Resistors

R17	22	K
R18	39	K
R19	120	K
R20	390	K
R21	24	K
R22	20	K
R23	30	K
R24	68	K
R25	120	K
R26	82	K

#### 2. Transistors

TR3	ZTX	109¢
TR4	ZTX	109C
TR5	zx	109C
TR6	ZTX	109C

# CURVE GENERATOR - PPM ( N.10 )

# COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

1.	Resis	Resistors			
	R17 R18	30 K 120 K			
	R19	300 K			
	R20	1 MO			
	R2 <b>1</b> R22	36 K 33 K			
	R23	100 K			
	R24	180 K			
	R25	330 K			
	R26	470 V			

∠• .		stors	
	TR3	ZTX	109C
	nπ).	D LUA	4000

TR4 ZTX 109C TR5 ZTX 109C TR6 ZTX 109C

#### CALIBRATION

#### B.B.C. SCALE

- 1. Set VR 1 to Mid Position.
- 2. Set VR 3 to Max
- 3. Feed -12dBm to Meter and set "1" with VR 2.
- 4. Feed -8dBm to Meter and set "2" with VR 1.
- 5. Repeat 3 and 4 till both points are correct.
- 6. Feed OdBm to Meter and set "4" with VR 3.

#### N.10 SCALE

- 1. Set VR 1 to Mid Position.
- 2. Set VR 3 to Max.
- 3. Feed -24dBm to Meter and set "-24" with VR 2.
- 4. Feed -18dBm to Meter and set "-18" with VR 1.
- 5. Repeat 3 and 4 till both points are correct.
- 6. Feed OdBm to Meter and set "TEST" with VR 3.

DRG. No. SHEET 1 OF 2 AD 043 D26

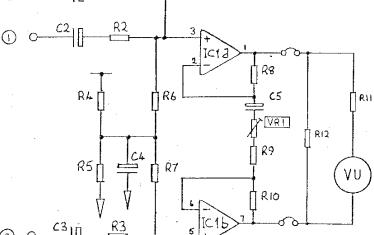
#### THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION

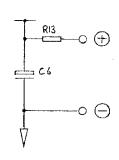
DO NOT SCALE

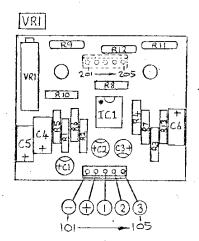
BALANCED INPUT: () AND (2)

UNBALANCED 1/P NORMAL: (1) OR (2)

UNBALANCED 1/P - 618: 3







2	WAS 1	SHEET 14.6.84	7CV
1	FIRST	22,5.80	BKT
ISS	DES	SIG.	
133	DES	510	

AUDIO DEVELOPMENTS

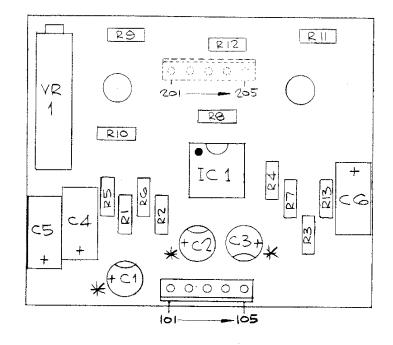
Hall Lane, Walsall Wood, Staffs

DRG. No. SHEET 1 OF 7

AD 043 D 26

B. W. Tank		Unstated
10. K. 1 agre	1 - 1	Tolerances
Checked	Material	2 Dec. Pl. ± 010
	<del></del>	3 Dec.Pl. ±.005
Approved	Finish	Fractions ± 1/64
		Metric + 2mm

V.D. METER DRIVER CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



\* NOTE! - FOR AD! 45 ONLY

REVERSE POLARITY OF C1 OR C2 OR C3 ACCORDING TO PIN NUMBER USED FOR 1/P (12 105 OR 103 OR 104 RESPECTIVELY)

-		1
5	105/103/104 WERE 101/102/103 IN NOTE DIF 175 7.3.91	jgm
4	FIRSTOFFICINLISSUE DIFOOI - Z4190	4
3	POLARITY NOTE ADDED. 1.11.84	121
2	WAS 1 SHEET 13.6.84	101
1	FIRST 22.5.80	BKT
ISS	DESCRIPTION	SIG.
1		

PCB NO. WAD 2160

Drawn 22/5/80 B. W. Tanky	Scale 2:1		Unstated Tolerances	V.U. METER
Checked "	Material	: /A	2 Dec. Pt. ±-010	
7		7.43	3 Dec.Pl. ±∙005	DRIVER COMPONENT
Approved	Finish N	[ <sub>A</sub>	Fractions ± 1/64	LOCATION
	[ / <sup>N</sup> /	ΣŢ	Metric +.2mm	LOCHO ICOL

Hall Lane,
Walsall Wood, Staffs
DRG. No. SHEET 1 OF 3

AD 043 D28

C.3

# VU DRIVER

#### COMPONENT CROSS REFERENCE LIST

#### 1. Capacitors

C1	1 µF	63v
C2	1 µF	63 <b>v</b>
C3	1 µF	63v
C4	10 juF	25 <b>v</b>
C5	10 µF	25 <b>v</b>
<b>c</b> 6	10 nF	25 <b>v</b>

#### 2. Op. Amps

IC 1 MC 1458

#### 3. Resistors

R1	100 K
R2	220 K
R3	220 K
$\mathbb{R}^{4}$	100 K
R5	100 K
R6	22 K
R7	22 K
R8	18 K
R9	1 K
R10	18 K
R11	3 K6
R12	1 K8
R13	-1 K

# 4. Variable Resistors

VR1 10 K Lin



# **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

We Audio Developments Limited, of:

Hall Lane, Walsall Wood, Walsall, West Midlands. WS9 9AU ENGLAND.

Declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

# AD 145 'Pico' Mixer, all variations.

To which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following; transposing harmonised standards

Directive EMC Directive 89/336/EEC	Name Generic Emission Standard Radiated Emissions AC Mains Conducted Emissions*	Ref BS EN 50081-1 EN 55022 Class B EN 55022 Class B	<b>Year</b> 1992
	Generic Immunity Standard Radio Frequency EM Field, Unmodulated ESD 8kV Air Discharge Fast Transients	BS EN 50082-1 IEC 801-3 IEC 801-2 IEC 801-4	1992

and therefore is in conformity with the production requirements of Council Directives 89/336/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the member states relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility.

Name Roger F. Tromans

Date. 14-12-95 Managing Director

<sup>\*</sup>When used with AD100-09 PSU



# **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

# We Audio Developments Limited, of:

# Hall Lane, Walsall Wood, Walsall, West Midlands. WS9 9AU ENGLAND.

Declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

#### AD 100-09 Mains PSU.

To which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following; transposing harmonised standards

Directive	Name	Ref	Year
EMC Directive 89/336/EEC	Generic Emission Standard Radiated Emissions AC Mains Conducted Emissions	BS EN 50081-1 EN 55022 Class B EN 55022 Class B	1992
	Generic Immunity Standard Radio Frequency EM Field, Unmodulated ESD 8kV Air Discharge Fast Transients	BS EN 50082-1 IEC 801-3 IEC 801-2 IEC 801-4	1992
LV Directive 93/68/EC	Safety requirements for mains operated apparatus	BS EN 60065	1994

and therefore is in conformity with the production requirements of Council Directives 89/336/EEC and 93/68/EC on the approximation of the laws of the member states relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage powered equipment.

Signed..

Date 74:1:97

Name: Roger F. Tromans
Managing Director

#### MAINS POWER SUPPLY TYPES AD100-09

# SERVICE SECTION FOR SUITABLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY

#### WARNING

For SAFETY service must be carried out by suitably Qualified Personnel only.

#### DANGER

Isolate the power supply unit from the mains supply before removing any covers.

FUSES: Three 20mm ANTI-SURGE (T) fuses protect the AD100-09 against fault conditions. Should one fail, it is strongly recommended that the cause be traced.

The fuse holder on the front panel contains the mains fuse.

#### 250mA HRC TYPE T 240v AC

For continued safety the specified fuse link must be fitted in the mains fuse holder when a replacement is required. Ensure it is of a type approved by a National Approved Body.

The DC fuses are fitted internally to the printed circuit board.

1.0 A HRC TYPE T ■ REGULATED DC OUTPUT

# 500mA HRC TYPE T ■ BATTERY CHARGE OUTPUT

These are accessed by removing the top cover. Before carrying out this operation, ensure the required SAFETY precautions are taken. ISOLATE the power supply unit from the MAINS SUPPLY.

The regulated section of the power supply unit is of the series type, built around transistor TR1. D1 and D2 create the full wave rectification from the centre tap transformer. C1 acts as the smoothing capacitor. R1 and R2 create the path supplying the current to the base of TR1 and the reference transistor TR2. The output voltage is set by VR1 and the junction of this preset with R5 is fed to the base of TR2. This control on TR2 determines the drive to TR1 and thus keeps the output voltage constant.

TR3, R3 and R4 form an overload or short circuit protection. When the current through R3 increases the voltage drop across R3 reaches a sufficient value to turn TR3 on, which then 'bleeds' current from the base of TR1 and turns this device off.

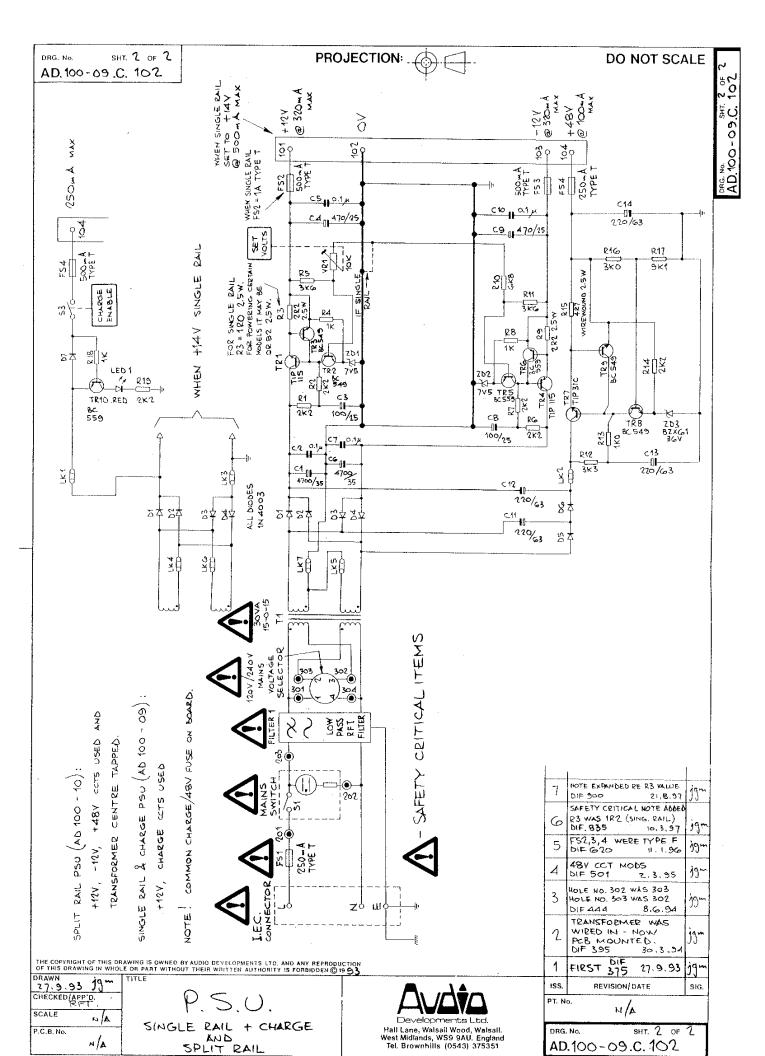
SETTING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE - With the DC output unloaded monitor the output voltage at Pin 1 (0v) and Pin 4 (+v) of the DC-OUTPUT XLR. The voltage is set to +14v DC  $\pm 0.5$  by adjusting VR1. For monitoring the voltage use a suitable meter for measuring DC voltage.

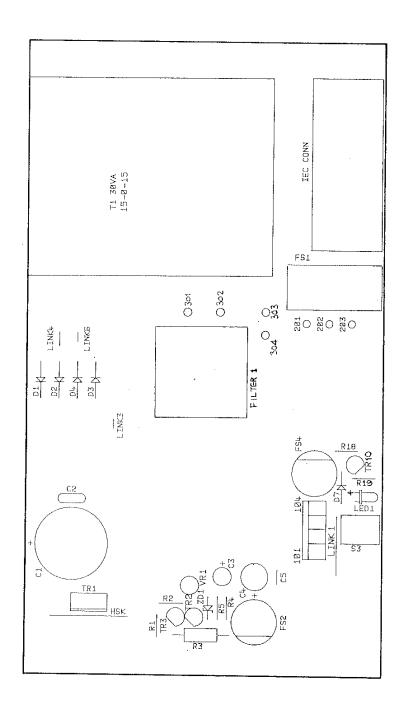
# HINTS ON FAULT FINDING (All readings DC VOLTS using a DVM)

- 1. ZD1 should have a potential of 7.5v  $\pm 0.3$ v if the correct reference voltage is to be set up.
- 2. The base of TR2 should be 0.7v higher than that at the cathode of ZD1. Reference 0v.
- 3. TR1 base should be 0.7v higher than its emitter.
- 4. With no load on the power supply the collector of TR1 should be approximately 22v. Reference 0v.
- 5. If the output voltage is low it could mean TR3 is short circuit. This would cause the base drive current to TR1 to be diverted.

NOTE: The power supply unit should be serviced by a suitably qualified engineer. Only genuine spare parts with identical specifications must be used.

It is dangerous to change the specification or modify the product in any way.





	5	TR10 WAS TR9 R19 WAS R17 DIF 501 2.3.95	jg~
	4	COMPONENTS DELETED FOR SPLIT RAIL VERSION. DIF 513 9,2,95	jgm
	3	TEANSFORMER WAS TORROIDAL DIF 395 29.3.94	jgm
	1 .7	FILTER REPOSITIONED DIF 378 7,10.93	jg~
THE COPYRIGHT OF THIS DRAWING IS OWNED BY AUDIO DEVELOPMENTS LTD. AND ANY REPRODUCTION OF THIS DRAWING IN WHOLE OR PART WITHOUT THEIR WRITTEN AUTHORITY IS FORBIDDEN () 1993	1	FIRST 17.9.93 375	jan
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OFFICINED/AFF D.			

Developments Ltd. Hall Lane, Walsall Wood, Walsall. West Midlands, WS9 9AU. England Tel. Brownhills (0543) 375351

PART No. 88 - 010 - 028

SHT. 1 OF 4

DRG. No. AD. 100-09 .C. 302

DRAWN 17 SEAP.S	3 jgm	TITLE
CHECKED/	APP'D.	,
SCALE (ORIGINAL)	141%	! 
P.C.B. No.		- SINGL

62-010-028

P.S.U.

- SINGLE RAIL + CHARGE -

# AD 145 PICO MIXER HANDBOOK