



, your best alliance for compliance™

The Ultimate Solution for Void Fire Detection

British Standard Design requirements...

- Install AFD to voids greater than 800mm
- Treat downward projections exceeding 10% of the void depth as walls

The traditional method -

Conventional Void Detection using multiple 'point-detectors' ▼



- High cost of installation
- Access Panels required for installation and maintenance
- Not maintenance friendly

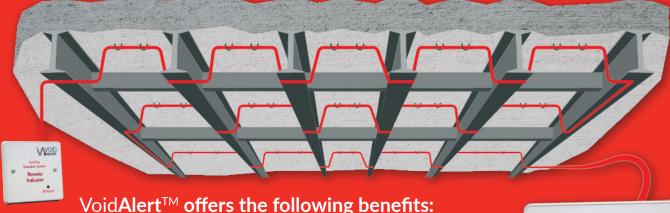
BS5839-Part 1:2017 states:

6 6 22.2d) If the system Category is such that automatic fire detection should be provided in any area that contains a horizontal void of 800 mm or more in height, automatic fire detection should also be provided in the void. 9 9

6 6 22.3k) Ceiling obstructions, such as structural beams, deeper than 10% of the overall ceiling height should be treated as walls [see Figure 11a)].

NOTE 11 Within horizontal voids, beams or obstructions that are deeper than 10% of the overall depth of the void regardless of whether the void is above the ceiling or below the floor, ought to be treated as walls that subdivide the void. 9 9

The VoidAlert™ method



- Very cost-effective
- Simple to install
- No access panels required
- Void does not require ongoing access for maintenance!
- Caters for unexpected downstands or partitions with virtually no cost implications















Void detection is a fraught issue, especially on new-build projects.

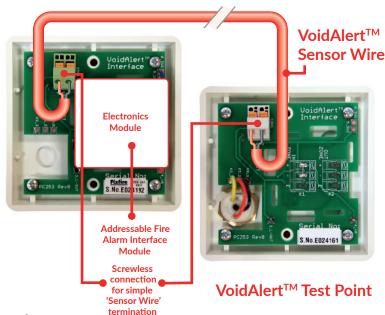
From a design perspective it is difficult to predict the amount of detection required and invariably, providing access for ongoing maintenance is a challenge.

VoidAlert[™] heat sensitive sensor-wire is installed through the protected area between the VoidAlert Remote Indicator and VoidAlert[™] Test Point. The Test Point is typically installed in an accessible location to facilitate ongoing engineer maintenance.

The VoidAlert[™] 'Test-Point' incorporates a keyswitch with 'normal' and 'test' positions. Operation of the key switch tests the system for both 'Open Circuit' and 'Fire' conditions. In order to fault test the sensor-wire, the 'test' mode key position is selected and a simulated fire signal is generated to activate the Fire Alarm System. VoidAlert[™] can be interfaced with all types of Fire Alarm System including conventional and addressable.

The VoidAlert™ Remote Indicator illuminates when the system is activated.

VoidAlert™ Remote Indicator



VoidAlert™ Sensor Wire Technical Information

Part No	Description	Alarm Temperature	Maximum Ambient Temperature	Minimum Operation Temperature	Minimum Installation Temperature	Outer diameter	Manufacturer Approval
VA/SW70	70°C Sensor Wire	70°C	45°C	minus 40°C	minus 10°C	3.5-4.5mm	UL ListedUL Listed
VA/SW90	90°C Sensor Wire	90°C	70°C	minus 40°C	minus 10°C	3.5-4.5mm	

VoidAlert[™] Technical Information

Part No	Description	Face plate measurement	Depth	Flush Mounting requirement	Surface Mounting requirement
VA/TP	VoidAlert TM Test Point complete with 2 no Keys	86mm x 86mm	20mm	Minimum 35mm KO Box	Minimum 32mm Surface PVC Box
VA/RI/C470	VoidAlert [™] Remote Indicator, conventional version with 470ohm firing resistor.	86mm x 86mm	20mm	Minimum 35mm KO Box	Minimum 32mm Surface PVC Box
VA/RI/XP95	Remote Indicator, XP95 version	86mm x 86mm	20mm	Minimum 35mm KO Box	Minimum 32mm Surface PVC Box

Variants are available for most ranges of Fire Alarm System, please enquire for details.

Visit our website www.fixfire.co.uk











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Activated

Remote

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