

TECH REPORT

204:

Converting Sample Pressures to Forces

Document: Pressure Force Conversion Tech Report, Rev. 3.0

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Culturing Cells in a Mechanically Active Environment™
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The actual pressure applied to a sample in the well of a BioPressTM compression plate is dependent on the surface area of the sample to which the force is being applied. Therefore, the FX-5000TM Compression System is designed to apply a force to three dimensional samples so that force is not dependent on sample size.

The FX-5000TM Compression System has a conversion calculator built into the software for converting pressure (kPa) to force (lbs), and vice versa. To access this calculator, select *Calculate* from the *Regimens* menu. Select the *Convert Pressure to Force* or *Convert Force to Pressure* calculator by clicking on the appropriate button beside the calculator label. For pressure to force conversions, enter the pressure in kPa in the *Pressure* (kPa) box and the sample diameter in millimeters in the *Sample Diameter* (mm) box. Click *Calculate*. The calculated force in lbs will appear in the *Force* (lbs) box.

For force to pressure conversions, enter the force in lbs in the *Force (lbs)* box and the sample diameter in millimeters in the *Sample Diameter (mm)* box. Click *Calculate*. The calculated pressure in kPA will appear in the *Pressure (kPa) box*.

Alternatively, you can use the equation below to convert your desired pressure to a force. Simply plug the pressure that you wish to apply to your sample into the equation below, along with your sample diameter, and program the resulting force into the FlexSoft® software.

$$Force_{lbs} = 0.177*(P_{MPa})*(D_{mm}^2)$$

where $Force_{lbs}$ is the force applied to a single sample or cell in pounds, P_{MPa} is the pressure that you wish to apply to the sample in megapascals (MPa), and D_{mm} is the diameter of a single sample in mm.

If you wish to determine the pressure applied to your samples given the force programmed into the software, you can use the following equation:

$$P_{MPa} = (5.65 * Force_{lbs})/(D_{mm}^2)$$

where P_{MPa} is the pressure applied to the sample in megapascals (MPa), $Force_{lbs}$ is the force entered into the regimen or displayed on the software screen in pounds, and D_{mm} is the diameter of a single sample in mm.