

Editors

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Christian Barter, Melissa Crowe, Rachel Contreni Flynn, Juliette Guilmette, Leonore Hildebrandt, John Rosenwald, Lee Sharkey

Editors for this Issue

Christian Barter, Melissa Crowe, Rachel Contreni Flynn, Juliette Guilmette, Leonore Hildebrandt, John Rosenwald, Lee Sharkey

Supporting Staff

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Lee Sharkey

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The participating poets for this issue are Jaydn DeWald (September), Philip Metres (October), and Martha Collins,

Kevin Coval, and Jake Adam York (November).

K. A. HAYS

And the Lord Hath Taken Away

The bee claws into touch-me-nots. the mouth a flame against the orange of it. And the mind stops its minding. The legs hold up the butt-end to the flower. Why not stay? the bee asks as the dusk comes. Why not stay inside the orange mouth above the fleabane, balling up inside a horn of plenty. Mornings I find such bees. Half in, half out. The body in the mouth from which it drank. Morning night-damp still. I shake the bush of touch-me-nots, I make a blaze of them against the cold. The bee holds fast, is drunk.

LIZ KAY A Warning

My friend says, I feel better knowing there's a bridge just a mile away, and I understand what she means about last resorts. about the call of the water, why it's not the direction she drives on nights when only the car's engine and its wheels over gravel will soothe the baby, finally, to sleep.

Sometimes, I stand outside myself watching. The boy says, I want a peanut butter bar, which we don't have, and I tell him this in the voice I usually reserve for company or home movies, but this time I'm offering it generously, lovingly, to make up for my lack of forethought at the store.

I use it five times, and when he says, for the sixth time, I want a peanut butter bar, I lean into his face, close enough to kiss, and feel the words We don't have any fucking peanut butter bars press from between my teeth. And when he starts to cry, I feel happy. I feel relief. When I say I understand why that woman

took a hatchet to the children and then herself, I mean to scare you. I mean to scare myself. There is so much we don't have enough of. There is so much they want.

HANNAH K. GALVIN

Open letter to my teenage patient with congenital HIV and a CD4 count of 0 after she told me going back on antiretrovirals was "pointless"

You've had plenty of time to perfect your slouch over the molded moss-back of plastic chairs, folding yourself rendshadowed into the arms of your hoodie like a necklace of weathertorn bones dropped by some careless angel.

Time is not what concerns you.

It hovers like your dry swallowed pulse in the yawn of pharmacy counters lined by last year's frosted tinsel, the vacant hope only adults cling to with their high-pitched snapdragon lips and the sour aftertaste of regret.

Pity is only one part nausea. The rest is mirror, or rather the chalk outline of its missing shards. I know how it follows you, with its ripper stealth and whole tone footsteps, the way daybreak chases a sundial gnomon toward eyelash.

It oak rings your face with its echo, slips only stale apologies onto your finger.

So when you tell me it's pointless, how can I argue with someone who learned to write their epitaph before their name?

And when you wide-angle this world, comb cloudburst to find Jacob's Ladder descending into a lover's quarrel of sewer grates, when you capture the emulsion of its stagnant puddle water and speak the mothertongue of ashtrays, as if no other language could spin silk strong enough to hold you,

This is how life revolving doors into unblinking cell phone lights, the stiff rash of hospital sheets and so many crumpled Dixie cups of time you did not ask for.

MATTHEW NIENOW

O Anchor

Dark charms the anchor in its house

of water, and what type of bottom does it drag, for what type of work, for you,

with your need to stay in roughly the same place

for a night, with your questions of how much to let out

and how well your windlass works

and how you feel sometimes hauling 200 foot of chain by hand in the dark,

wondering what in your life sent you

here, where the world exists as much below you as above, where you are

as much the chain as the chain.

MATTHEW NIENOW

And

Flies wake themselves from the end we believe we've witnessed

and buzz winter out of their bone. They live again

and for what? To blink against the window over

and over, the tirade of their want a reminder of what lives in me

and, therefore, my son, in you. This glissando ligature that belongs to the mouth

and the ear. But more so to water, for it is all

and. We bathe in it, carried on the backs of ghosts

and gods. How gently it lifts

and drowns, while something in us wakes

and, to the glass we do not know is there, takes us full force onward, glistening with hum

and furthermore.

JAYDN DEWALD

Nocturne (or, Landscape with Father)

We can no longer stand in the clearing, in the naked woods, Letting the Oregon mist seep through our clothes— Our father, under his green afghan, is summoning Hubbard, Blue Spirits, as though to make us face ourselves (Swollen-eyed, ill-shaven) in the plastic slips of his records. Ashbery said, "We live in the sigh of our present"— But we can no longer even believe in time: we are kneeling In our bedroom, thumbing through album covers; At the same moment, we are slogging through delphiniums To see our father, silhouetted, practicing Hsing I, On a wooden bridge. Ah, here it is, Blue Spirits. Our father Lifting one liver-spotted hand as the needle falls Into the groove, as the wide leaves flush too soon, too soon. Can we turn back later, after he has died, to live With silence and black coffee, to amble over the stone path In our sockfeet, our threadbare robe, considering Our next unpredictable gesture, like hacking up firewood On a floor of mirrors? The question is ridiculous— We can no longer leave this house, this music; we will live Beside him, on this folding chair, reading Auden. Even in Poros, years later, grating lemon over grilled squid, We will prop him up to watch reruns of Bonanza. Meanwhile, we are listening to Hubbard, whose music fills This house and this house alone, though we hear, Under a sun-reddened parasol, for example, faint overtones That make us close our eyes. Our father is dying-Nothing stopping it. Yet here he is, for the moment, patting The green afghan, his once-heroic legs, standing Moreover in an abandoned farmhouse: the sound of a horn Lost among the rooms, the nothingness of rooms, And we can no longer find it for him, our father: he is gone.

RICHARD FOERSTER

Solstice

how quick the plummet: moon-sharp the flint-sparked air: our river crackling on the full extreme of the tide: how pristine this burden: snow coiled like a widow's shawl about the shoulders of the world: how

numbly we face this whiteness: its weather-worn scars: our fading trajectories: like scavenging deer: and into it all this rodent-thought creeps its way out of troubled sleep: a crosshatch of tunnels : vascular runs

where hunger follows blindly on hunger: gnaws every tender tendrilling: brutal and indifferent: like beauty: like this night's shimmered desolations: like a body: blanketed yet beneath: so nakedly vulnerable:

how inexorable these silent turnings: as one from a window: back toward the darkened room: and returning: the thought: of you: downed in sleep: as the tide of a sudden snaps the solid mask of things :: how quick the widdershins flesh tinders into flame.

EPHRAIM SCOTT SOMMERS This Being a Man

Atascadero Lake's face is a graveyard of names. An aluminum boat loafs dumbly upon her cheek: a blemish.

Weeds grow out of the trunk of a junked Cadillac. By a clot of bodies— Water, car, human—this is my body worn down.

I urge

Like a farm boy over-rubbing cob corn in butter For rough sex with China or Germany

In the bucket of a tractor, but I don't want to.

And I am a man.

I am a man with breasts who loves a woman

With her head shaved. The sun skids away on a boat trailer. Bats draw circles of black on the mouth.

I stand for the length of a cigarette outside The country of my sex.

MICHAEL BAZZETT Other People

The day was too bright at the abandoned café scoured clean by April wind as you held my hand

almost lovingly and said, Maybe we should see other people, and suddenly there they were, absentminded

in their mismatched clothes, all around us, the people we had been unable to see until that point

because we had been so involved in seeing one another. But then your words conjured them from the very air,

these other people we so clearly needed to begin seeing if we didn't want to keep fooling ourselves, which was

another phrase you used, and I suddenly understood why I sometimes felt oddly wooden, like a poorly hinged

door when I leaned in to kiss you—it had to be that elderly woman with the permanently puckered mouth

and cardigan laced with cat hair who stood like a shadow behind your right shoulder, fiercely glaring and happy

to finally be making eye contact with me after so many futile attempts to serve as your matronly avenger.

Why she was holding an enormous scythe I cannot say, any more than I could pronounce the surname of the

Estonian mechanic who stood so patiently beside her, hefting a lightly oiled wrench in one grimy hand.

I rose in what I hoped was a dignified manner and strode out through the gathering crowd, shaking hands with

the blacksmith sporting muttonchops and a svelte man in suede boots and a remarkably slimming goatskin vest,

when it occurred to me that the fluttery pain near my heart was not sadness but relief at no longer being so utterly alone.

RANDI WARD

Ólavsøkufríggj / St. Olaf's Fling

Ólavsøkufríggj

Tú bleiv við at siga at eg var stygg

men tá tú vart endiliga avdottin

læt eg meg úr troyggjuni og gjørdi ein kodda til tín

St. Olaf's Fling

You kept saying I was frigid

but when you finally passed out

I took off my sweater and made a pillow for you

Faroese poems and English translations by the poet

RANDI WARD Grannsíggin / Busybodies

Grannsíggin

(stokkar glinta)

. . . og hon dregur ongantíð gardinurnar fyri um kvøldarnar!

(stokkar glinta)

Harraguð, eg tími ikki at hyggja inn . . .

(stokkar glinta)

Heldur ikki eg!

(stokkar glinta)

. . . men har er altíð ljós.

Busybodies

(knitting needles chatter)

. . . and she never draws her curtains shut of an evening!

(knitting needles chatter)

Christ almighty, I can't be bothered to look over there . . .

(knitting needles chatter)

Me neither!

(knitting needles chatter)

. . . but the light's always burning.

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CAITLIN DWYER

Chamber Music

what is the impulse

tell me something

lies, more often than not

I started out wanting truth, got

caught up in bedsheets, tangles of

fireworks are exploding

they sound like bombs

make a shelter

out of words (that is not the impulse)

or maybe it is to construct

a thing more protective

than beautiful they are crackling

across the sidewalk, popping

their small red bodies against the concrete

at first, I thought North Korea

I started out attacking

a problem of intent, but got back

somehow to form, structure

being a choice I wanted to nail down

a man who used the word casual

as definition, though it meant

he was tearing out the heads

with the back of a hammer

I wanted to wrench up any loose verbs

just wanted to talk

it was true, back then, or it seemed true

but listen: firecrackers pattering

in the distance we are being

orchestrated first violin in a symphony

of self-pity wires strung across the sky

at appropriate tautness, plucked, sing

little telephone songs, digital signals

he pulled out all the connections

this is not a violin

it is explosions

little red papers, charred at the edges

noise for a new beginning

(I don't want to be casual)

noise for a blueprint

pour it into small containers, let it harden

I am harder when I do not allow

for beauty she is such a casual bitch she tears up hammers with her teeth spits them out, desiccated red nails they clatter against the sidewalk in the distance hands are exploding uncertain applause

LUCY ANDERTON

I'm sorry I have to put it this way, but

Dear Herman I am good here. Camels walk about my sandy bones. Also trees of licorice. Kate Moss, and a wet corner of the world that I cannot name called my cunt. Herman, why are you so called? Such a name belongs only to old gray tires. When they spoke to me I could not hear over the roar of Herman, Herman, Hermantheir leather leaves now roasting in the fire, their voices now bleating at the blackness that sheathes the slept-away day. I trialed and traded carefully cut curtains and long delight-filled pisses on the side of the country road for a plumb fuck from you: we shaking car window, we traveling in the grille of open smiles. Herman. My spitting crater. I smoke out the grasshoppers here in the hammock-flat on my broken back—my neck enthrottled in the tender fist clamp of the sun. I saw one shadowy person here in this snow Herman and she spoke of you with a red word or two and I saw my tangle of whitenessthat was slippered onto me by these streets and cemetery eyes. Here the birds two-step rather than fly. Here Angela Davis laughs in my floatabout face, my fist held high. Here the wetness

LUCY ANDERTON

will not come forth in the cavern—the fleas are drowning the pears are waiting for their silver green dive.

LUCY ANDERTON

Toward the single point of slipping

In the slash of rain is a lamb strung apart through a mess of barbed wire.

And I saw it.

No.

I see her.

Red, wet guts,

and white.

The dogs not startled, hanging barely at bay.

There is. as you know, already nothing to be done.

I am hiding. From my father. Up the mountain. I am hidden and the cries overcome me.

No way to cut open and run. We all

stumble: out holding our dear guts in our hands. And always

the teeth that near and near.

And always the watchers who do nothing.

Nothing now to be done.

BRENDAN CONSTANTINE The Long While

We'd been sitting I don't know how long, candles having that effect on time, when you leant

across & said, What the country needs is a servant class.

Words that pushed me back in my seat. No, you said, I mean an actual

class like a school, where we'd all learn to serve. There'd be whole semesters devoted to

waiting your turn or bowing or scrubbing a patch of red carpet. People would be graded on

not asking about their grades. What do you think?

I thought we'd been here quite a while without seeing a menu. Then

I remembered how late it was, we were in a barn, the table between us a bed of straw.

BRENDAN CONSTANTINE In the Ear of Our Lord

I thought you said you love the coal train's horn the loneliest monk playing piano Such distinct sounds I had to wonder how you knew to love them

In the beginning was the whir I thought you said & the whir was good

Didn't you say each verse should end on a pyramid

Now

the crowds are coming home Cross our eyes & dot our lines I could swear you said the time was wow

the time handsome

Hark that horn the monk's lonely fingers Doesn't it just break your harp

None of us

will be re-embered

Free alas you said free alas

BRENDAN CONSTANTINE Snow Blind

—for Elizabeth Iannaci

Tuesday you were falling wetly falling wetly Tuesday Tuesday you were falling you were falling wetly

and you heard those horns and those horns were gold like gold horns and those horns you gold were falling wetly

and the boy who helped with helped arms gold horns falling wetly and you saw the boy with gold wetly arms

who without gold without horns was without wetly falling gold fell with you

Walking through the withered garden, I was snatched up

to the fourth heaven? By a fireball

with talons? Up a shaft of molten light

breaking through the clouds?

How to tell of being watched, prodded,

watched on a cold table?

Were those wings or your three-fingered hands, webbed,

brushing against each of my vertebrae?

"Don't ask questions," you said.

Lemon scent.

Terror-

then then and and . . .

Then the orgasm: for once, a plateau stretching

for hours, not my usual spike and descent into drowsy shame. Your wet almond-eyes,

were they goggles? Your forehead to mine, my eyelids were gone?

> You told me-what was me?-"Many have come in my name

saying, I'll take you Home."

Your body, the mantis of it, wasn't a gloryland. Still, I said, "Save us."

And I found myself back in the garden,

the soil cracked and burned around me, the old fig tree

> gone. From the water pump, two lizards were watching me? I pinched my nose

> > to stop the bleeding.

HADARA BAR-NADAV And with What Body Do They Come?

A dead man talks through my mouth. His guttural bass joins the high chatter of my grandmother and aunt whose words cough chimney smoke. Here comes the child I lost before she breathed and a man who trills the names of birds: star, star, starling, he chips his way through my teeth. Mother may I cut out my tongue. The saddest noise, the sweetest noise. Please, please, she keens.

HADARA BAR-NADAV Let Us Chant It Softly

Let the man in velvet be velvet. Let me not mar that perfect dream. Let the words not be particulate and full of bite. Let the worms not feast. Let the oily slip of their flesh know salt. Let the salt know each of their names. Let their rigorous muscles rigorously unthread. Let each of their coils wring each of their necks. Let suffocation be slow. Let their kingdom stop churning, let their kingdom be still. And my father whole again.

HADARA BAR-NADAV To Bear on Us Unshaded

We bow our heads and burn. Heat scalding the back of our necks, singeing our crowns. The sun opens over us. The sun wants to burn us into the ground. Scent of soil, glittering, cloying, sick with goodbyes. We swelter, wither, prayer stuck in our parched mouths. Birds descend, declaim their Tunes—piercing us with bright cries. Cardinals streak the day with blood. We follow our sad shadows, swallow our tongues. We are done. We are done. We are done.

Titles and italics adapted from lines by Emily Dickinson

ROGER MITCHELL

The Dream

It didn't care what happened, came and went. The past it took me back to dressed differently, had fresher faces. A hill rose steeply between two houses that, except for one, no one lived in. The street was paved with unmowed grass. How can a thing be so exact and patched together out of scrap, pieces of wind, and bric-a-brac? A few of which, it's true, had clung to one another once, but not much better than the flung water dream resembles, if not is. I found her in the house alone, and when I tried to talk as though the past might be forgotten, she touched something, smiled, and turned away. As did the dream, which came too close to how things had been to survive.

JEREMY BASS **Ruskin in Venice**

—for my mother

1

City of rivers

Witnessing its dissolution Years later he would say

Among buried fragments Pieces of sculpture Lost melancholy clearness of space

A bed. Washbasin. Desk and chair. His room that winter, drafts Piled in drifts, sounds of the stones Settling into their own traces.

There is an emptiness now That touches all things. If you are quiet You can almost hear it

The barn, alone in the ploughed fields. First winter snow sifting down.

Not to illustrate The thing itself, but to illustrate The impossibility of illustration

Ornaments on the archivolt Lanterns hanging over the water at night The statue of the lion Lifted over the square, St. Theodore Said to have stood there

Staring across the Lido When the piazza was just a scrub Of grassy plain Lapped by water, unable to support a rafter, a stone. Now lavished upon walls Whose foundations are beaten by the sea

This morning
It is the furthest thing away.

3

At night, from the smoking ruins Of the city, on rafts

No one would miss them If they drowned

Tonight, each house Becomes an island. The snow outside Its sea. *The red house*

And the yellow house, the port With its ships

4

In Room 42 at the Grand Hotel He wrote the opening To his life's work

The greatest thing
Is to see something, and to tell
What one saw

And to see clearly Is poetry

White lines Stenciled against The black bark of trees, sun

Falling in patches, gleams Over the dusty snow. So the world For a moment, mirrors My grief.

It does not make anything easier.

5

Simple and tender Effort to recover

Voice bent on saving Something it is unable to save

Pathless, comfortless, infirm

Voice unwilling to accept What rises beneath its own utterance

Silence

Can I say it now, That she did not always Lead a happy life?

O world.

Canals of light rivering Through the broken arms of trees,

There is a spot On the other side of darkness That will not wash away

STEPHEN O'CONNOR Above the Lake

In this season the world is composed of absence: black, which is the color of no-light, and white, which is the color of blank. By world I mean this snow, these woods, this bleak sky, this mute roar, which is the afterlife of sound. By absence I mean abstraction, this black brook as diagonal gash, these slim trees as lines, vertical, monotonous, impossibly interchangeable. By abstraction I mean meaning, I mean human longing, I mean loneliness accreting as quiet on quiet, as white on bluish white.

ALLISON HUTCHCRAFT

Lampshade Cue Stick Acrobat Dust

Proximity—a Gestalt principle of organization holding that (other things being equal) objects or events that are near to one another (in space or time) are perceived as belonging together as a unit.

—The SAGE Glossary of the Social and Behavioral Sciences

Rain in the gutters, rain in the sea. A man stands at an intersection, his red umbrella broken by wind,

and everything seems temporarily permanent, a color of moment and weather.

There's hope maybe in this,

or in watching plump orange koi

swimming at local Japanese gardens. I watch their slow, hibernating circles, as if x equals x,

as if from a certain distance lily pads are also stones and a child leaning toward the water's edge,

searching for frogs,

is a strand of cattail bent to the tilt of its lean.

I can go a relatively short distance

and find other versioned localities-

grocery checkout line, jicama and sprouts,

or the fox-glow of an afternoon, its near privacy opening,

expanding into June.

Once while looking out a train window,

I saw a woman standing in a grassy lot. The train had stalled, another stop, small towns in Illinois,

and she was combing her hairthere, where her back turned at an angle toward the tracks, where the curve of her hair met the curve of her arm lifting,

and the wing of the comb

summered at the tip of dusk. What do I think when I feel it? When something's very near, when glass breaks in the sink or on the floor-

maybe that's the crux of it, resurfaced again, an old table. Maybe that's proximity, released. These lights I turn off at night, in the morning they're all turned on. I've forgotten all my bravery.

JOEL PECKHAM The Well

Once beyond the field behind my house I found an abandoned well covered in old planks, a blanket of moss and pine mulch. I could not see to water but inhaled the rot and wet and thought it might go down forever, curve into a belly like the long plumed throat of a loon. Stone after stone I dropped into the earth, and listened. No splash, no thud, no clack and clatter. Amid the pines and calls of birds, only the low long breathing of a boy, the swallowing of stones.

JEREMY GLAZIER

The Paper Doll

Stripped of its cutout clothes the paper doll stammers

its insecurities. The indifferent child throws

its crinkled body who-knows-

where. From some forgotten corner it clamors

to uncrumple itself. It hammers

its paper fists against the walls, but the blows

are futile. One would suppose

the child would hear the paper cries,

recognize the naked woes.

But he doesn't. He lies

on the bed and coughs and cuts out paper tears

to paste in the corner of his eyes.

The doll, who hates to hear the boy sad, rips off its own ears.

JEREMY GLAZIER

In the Age of Terror, Góngora Reconsiders Life's Brevity

—after a late sonnet by Luis de Góngora, "De la brevidad engañosa de la vida" (1623)

No less eagerly did the second jet that morning vanish into pillars of fire and smoke, no more silently did global warming strike, or avian flu, or all of Lake

Geneva, WI, get swept up by the rapture oh wait, that last one hasn't happened yet, but mark my words: In vain we tried to capture our elusive lives, the Doomsday Clock reset.

Bin Ladens in the dark caves of your afghans, beware: Don't think I can't unstitch you here. (Or "uncrochet"—is that a word?) The hands

of time will find you like a drone (to mix my metaphors), bust your bunker, fix your wagon: There's no nostalgia for next year.

PHILIP METRES

An Index

With scissors & Samson, see, With columns, see, see also. With gunpowder, my liege.

With rusted nail heads, see. With ball bearings, see. With broken razors & razor wire, page.

With darts, seized. & screws, see. & with shrapnel. With pipe casings, seamed. C4. See rage.

On foot, page. By explosive belt, see. Satchel charge, see. And also see. By car & by cage.

By submarine, sea. In the flesh, see. By mule, page. By baby carriage. By bicycle, see. By plane.

With shard & with shell. Innovations of projectile. Asymmetrical, viz. edged.

For disambiguation, see Mother of Satan. Cf. skin to kin.

BOOKS IN BRIEF: Writing White Lee Sharkev

Martha Collins, White Papers. Pittsburgh: University of Pittsburgh Press, 2012, 75 pp, \$15.95 paper.

Jake Adam York, A Murmuration of Starlings. Carbondale: Crab Orchard Review and Southern Illinois University Press, 2008, 96 pp, \$14.95 paper.

Jake Adam York, Persons Unknown. Carbondale: Crab Orchard Review and Southern Illinois University Press, 2010, 112 pp, \$14.95 paper.

Kevin Coval, L-vis Lives!: Racemusic Poems. Chicago: Haymarket Books, 2011, 120 pp, \$16 paper.

I've been moved, and also chastened, over the past few years to see white poets confronting race in their writing. By this I don't mean so much decrying the racism still intrinsic to these United States as unearthing personal, family, and regional history to discover the role race has played in privileging them at the expense of others. Not to address race in our writing, as Tess Taylor asserted at the 2012 AWP panel "Talking about Whiteness," perpetuates a silence in which power consolidates itself. A poet's politics, she reminded the ballroom full of poets, are conducted "on the level of sentences."

I devote this Books in Brief to discussing recently published volumes by three white poets whose work is furthering the public discourse about race and contributing to the creation of a space where, in Susan Tichy's words, "the narratives of the marginalized and people in power inform one another." The poets' perspectives differ markedly, as do the aesthetic terms of their engagement, but all have attempted to shake off the comfort of inherited assumptions to grapple with the living paradoxes of this country's signature obsession.

Martha Collins's White Papers follows on the heels of Blue Front, her book-length documentary poem based on a lynching her father witnessed as a five-year-old in his home town of Cairo, Illinois. In White Papers, the family story becomes her own story, a coming of age to whiteness in a country largely oblivious to the implications of being white. She describes the book as taking place at "the intersection of personal and racial history."

The book is a white paper that defrocks whiteness, lays it down naked on the page. It does so by persistently and variously interrogating the vocabulary of whiteness, interleaving a racial autobiography with

history lessons, etymological reflections/deflections, and meditations on whiteness as an ontological state. Collins offers up her color-coded childhood in 1950s small-town Iowa: the contents of her toy box (the Beloved Belindy doll, "mammy of Raggedy Ann and Raggedy Andy the smile painted on her broad face was as cheery as could be"), the songs she sang ("My heart was black with sin / Until the Savior came in. / His precious blood, I know, / Has washed it white as snow"), the one "Flesh" crayon in the crayon box, and the invincible Lone Ranger, the name of whose "faithful Indian companion" is the Spanish word for stupid. Painfully, she tracks the white keys on her piano keyboard to the slaves who carried elephant tusks overland to ships bound for Connecticut, "where they were cut bleached and polished":

one tusk + one slave to carry it bought together if slave survived the long march sold for spice or sugar plantations if not replaced by other slaves five Africans died for each tusk

a tusk

that was cut into white keys I played, starting with middle C and going up and down

She shows us the racially isolated girl whose father said, "Yes / but not in our lifetimes," who herself wrote a paper for school arguing "Yes but not yet." Who failed to see absence. Who had no vocabulary for what in retrospect turns the stomach. Her self-indictment, inseparable from cultural indictment, is presented without the cover of bitter irony. Nor is there refuge here in language's silky contours. Onesyllable words—almost physical presences—follow each other with rhythmic insistence, as in this brief excerpt from her exploration of the word "red": "stop skin we said paint / the town were you ever / scare blood on my skirt / stop we said." Collins describes her stylistic tools as "fragmentation, questioning, stammering, repetition" (what Tichy calls "building a text that can blunder"). To which set I would add omission, elision, truncation, suspension, telegraphing, two-headed syntax, syncopation. Here's the whole of the fifth poem:

black keys letters learn to play read write dress shoes purse suit grown up clothes hat tie night out morning coffee not yet sin will find you out

dirt sheep eye and blue mark so it seemed wrong that in the meant good book word confused with Middle English *blāc* pale (see bleach) oh no never

The destabilized syntax keeps the reader alert, scrambling to figure out where to apply the missing adjective that blinks in and out. Alert both to unearned comfort with the status quo and to linguistic habits that shape our consciousness.

The historical narrative White Papers traces encompasses not only wars, lynchings, the slave trade that enriched New England in symbiosis with the agricultural South, Jim Crow, Black Codes, and White Money, but also the slaughter of indigenous Americans, the origins of khaki, the tulip trade, and minstrelsy, blackface itself a mask over the mask of whiteness (Had I ever known that Judy Garland acted in blackface?). Whiteness, Collins repeatedly reminds us, is a shifting historical and political construct that empties "us" out ("whatever it was we were") by defining itself in contradistinction to an "other." As James Baldwin put it, "The price the white American paid for his ticket was to become white." That is, emptied of color. Given over to negation and denial:

Not mine: mine came late they lived in England Not mine: mine came late and poor from Ireland Not mine

Collins writes in the first person singular but also assumes a discomfiting first person plural that speaks in the name of the white race: "and on / we went, making roads and maps / of rivers and roads, assuming // we owned it if we could draw / it and color it in and give it / a name." One poem early on in the sequence turns to address the white reader directly: "this is a white on white // paper if you are finding // it hard to read white // words on white consider. . . . " That it takes Caucasian readers for its primary audience is one startling aspect of the book's confrontation with whiteness.

Collins is relentless, insistently returning to the word itself, white, a color in a set of colors—black, red, yellow—a subtraction of color. White lead, marble, lilies, snow, sheets, sails, petals, sepals—a catalog of verbal and material associations. How deep the code, how thin the illusion: "the skin under / all skin is all / white seen skin / is skin deep." Our words have married whiteness, whose nature Collins keeps worrying, its implied absences, absolutes, the attraction of its death embrace:

a white woman pure white body skin hair

white eyes white lips nipple blood

white grass for the white stones of this white dream

Two of the pages in *White Papers* are left blank, as if to create breathing space, silence for listening. No, that's inaccurate. Two pages in *White Papers* are blank except for the bracketed phrase "this page blank," as if to say they've been blanked—by the author, history, and the failure (and success) of language itself. As if to say, "Fill in your story here," as indeed I silently do. Reading this book leaves me feeling as naked as Collins must have felt writing it. The empty pages call to mind the one canvas lacking a bloodstain in Isak Dinesen's "The Blank Page," where the bridal sheets of royal consorts are framed and displayed in a convent's portrait gallery. In both cases the blankness is daunting, freighted with the past and with the work the present demands of us. *White Papers* is that work in progress, the "Yes but not yet" at its beginning rewritten on its final page as "Yes Yes."

Jake Adam York describes A Murmuration of Starlings and Persons Unknown as part of an open-ended series "to elegize and memorialize the martyrs of the Civil Rights movement." He invites the reader to imagine Persons Unknown folded into the earlier book on either side of its middle section, as subsequent volumes might in turn be folded into an ever-expanding compendium. This is a lifetime's project, a quest undertaken by a seventh-generation white Alabamian pledged to remember a history that time and the culpable would have us forget. As an act of reparative justice, York determined to "discover the lives that have been erased" by going to the sites of erasure, where "whiteness leaves its own mark" and the writer becomes, through the poems, a disturber of complacency. "What y'all doing

here?" a woman asks him in one of the poems, a question he repeatedly asks himself.

York's distinction between memorial and elegy is instructive; his poems bear witness and call to account even as they enact an insistent grieving his entire surroundings participate in, most notably the opulently depicted natural world. Having researched the histories and (re)visited the scenes of the crimes, he conjures a South made of images, shades, and transformations, birds its shadows, jazz its attendant pulse (Rollins, Coltrane, Sun Ra). The mode is lyric, gorgeously so. The poems themselves become sites of confrontation, imbued with the cultures that produced the murders, the murderers, the murdered, and those who stood passively by—the recurrent "no one" who sees nothing, is not responsible, and so facilitates the everyday and extraordinary processes by which racism perpetuates itself. As the East German novelist Christa Wolf wrote in 1977 in a different context, "The unearthly secret of the people of this century . . . how it is possible for one to have been both present and not there."

York has spoken of touching the names of the civil rights martyrs through the water that runs over the Civil Rights Memorial in Montgomery. In his poems, he names them to honor them: James Meredith, Medgar Evers, Emmett Till, Jimmie Lee Jackson, and others less familiar: Lamar Smith, Herbert Lee, Lewis Allen, Mack Charles Parker, the Reverend James Reeb, Aaron Lee, Joseph Thomas, Charles Eddie Moore, Henry Hezekiah Dee. The poems might be read as portraits, though faces are never sketched and absence is a palpable feature. The murder sites too become subjects of portraiture ("incident turned ambient"), themselves complicit. "Each skin," he writes in "A Natural History of Mississippi," "becomes / the history of its harbor, / another word for here."

But the author as researcher finds no physical trace of what happened decades past, rather a gradual covering over by dust, water, the duff of sloughed skin. All he can hope for is the "wave of heat, / the echo // that will fill" a night composed of obsessively recurring images—rivers, birds, moths, wings folding. These establish an atmosphere that persists from poem to poem. All is in motion; "the moth on the window / folds to a bullet, // then unfolds / to watch again." "Homochitto," the opening poem in *Persons Unknown*, enacts this metamorphic process memorably. The woods where Charles Eddie Moore and Henry Hezekiah Dee were tied to a tree and beaten to

death have gone silent save for the flicker's "ki-ki-ki-ki," eerily reminiscent of

the Kiwu!

which means Klansman, I want you!

which means you are alone and soon the water will take you

and keep everything but the names nothing here remembers.

"Somewhere," the speaker muses, defining his only purpose at this far remove, "there is a name for this, / Someone could write it down,"

In "Darkly," dedicated to Dave Smith, an interlocutor challenges the speaker to explain the death of Willie Edwards, whom Klansmen forced to jump from a bridge to his death in the Alabama River. "How you'd ask me— // Why? so simple / it won't tell a thing— // To condemn is easy, you said, / to condemn is to turn away // where no one will ever understand." This provokes him to walk back fifty years, into the lives of five men sitting in a diner, rattled by the Freedom Riders' threat to their way of life, "each bus offering its insult / or imagined slight—." A familiar of Southern nights, he can walk the same streets and catch a glimpse of himself "in a window or a windshield // that wrecks my face / so for a moment // I can mistake myself / for the redneck at the end of a joke." He could walk through a door and "sit beside them // hardly out of place"—a brutal moment "when he sees himself as his language does"—the shape of his vowels, the cultural caul draped over his consciousness. It comes down, he reflects, to seeing how the map of ourselves has been drawn. If we miss that glimpse in the glass, we might well "force a choice // so [we] wouldn't have to / make one," and say looking back, "My life hasn't meant a thing." These speculations reduce him to a state of not knowing, his original intentions incomplete:

And now I can't tell you how I got here

or what I'd hope to see, what face would rise

if light swept from the channel or the opposite shore.

The sky is empty, and the river's bent

like a question too close or too far away to read.

In "Mothlight," York lays out an *ars poetica* for the poet with a "dream of feeling everything," for whom race has become, to borrow from Eduard Glissant and York himself, a verb, "an ever-changing, ever-diversifying process of relations." From this perspective, the epigraph to *Persons Unknown* from Faulkner's *Light in August* is particularly resonant:

Anyway, he stayed, watching the two creatures that struggled in the one body like two moon-gleamed shapes struggling drowning in alternate throes upon the surface of a black thick pool beneath the last moon.

Those inextricable creatures might be black and white, victim and perpetrator—two parts of ourselves and our civic realm, destined to live or die together. The poet, immobilized by his refusal to shut out any part of the scene, has in his "forsaken hand" only the most fragile of means: "a dream of quiet"—and once again moths:

Raise them to the day and let them fall, through themselves, again. Then mark where they lie, each a frame of arrested flight.

Then begin, with invisible ribbon, with resin, and lay them end to end, end to end, again—how many?— until this stillness moves.

There couldn't be a better demonstration that race is a verb than Kevin Coval's *L-vis Lives!*, the coming-of-age story of a "whiteboy drawn into and reared by Black music." L-vis is a composite figure based on Elvis (the avatar of white black musicians), Coval himself, and a roster of white hip hop artists who have hit it big, often bigger than the black artists who inspired and taught them. Coval is both sympathetic to the impulse that draws white youth to black culture and incisive in his critique of what may result from living out that impulse. This crossover book deserves an audience among those drawn to performance poetry and those who value the less timebound relationship between the reader and the poem on the page.

In the first, apparently autobiographical, section we meet L-vis as a deracinated Jewish boy living in the Chicago suburbs in a family where "nothing was explained. no one home to contextualize." The cultural codes he's absorbing are contradictory and confusing. What does make sense is the music and books he discovers that cross the color line and give shape and rhythm to his anger:

there was a tape deck. a walkman. there was no apartheid in the music. no separation in the library. books endlessly check-out-able. there was holden. the hero Huey P. the wandering protagonist in the midst of all that quiet. the new music to soundtrack the walk to school, the music truthed.

The poems track Coval/L-vis posing in the full-length mirror, writing his first rap to promote a friend's campaign for eighth grade class president, hopping "the bus he was warned against" and crossing the city until he discovers

fenced-in black top, hands beat bricks to a beat, headz bent & nodding. talk fast body part base line, stories over boom bap. words picked up like passes.

A picture emerges of a boy hungry for sense, drawn to music and language as instruments of self-expresssion. Much as Collins and Coval are miles—and generations—apart in their personal histories, one can't help but hear the resonance between her etymological word play in "black studies" and his love poem to "black words i learned // to speak / first":

black stax, black bodies stacked, shack(il)led by o'neil english, speak back, black backs lashed raised scars, africa attack, black oil black guns in the hands of blue, black foils.

The rhythms are hip-hop, but the density and the hybridized noun/ adjectives are familiar from Collins's poem. Coval is at his best when he writes at this level of energy and compression.

It's not clear where the desire for stardom ends for L-vis and the desire to bend the arc of history toward justice begins. What Coval does make clear in the poems where the L-vis persona merges with Eminem, Vanilla Ice, and other white rappers is that the transracial cultural space in which they do their truthtelling exists only in performance. In "nerve," Vanilla Ice/L-vis fesses up: "i am making Black / art, and am not. i am / something new and am not," the "am not" ringing as an existential emptiness the reader also encounters in Collins's and York's depictions of unconsidered whiteness. In "L-vis sittin on some New Magellans," Coval calls out both the white hip hop artist exploiting black culture and the crowds that consume his performance:

[i] trade

tokens in the language of marketplace. dialect glass encased. studyable. i am a linguist presenting my findings in the field of Black labor.

Yet there's something not so easily dismissed here. Coval gives it its boldest expression in "photo collage / jump cut-ups: white mobs in 1956," a year when "teeny boppers poodle skirt, shimmy and pat / boone their way through watered-down versions of the twist" and their "parents gather at the feet of Black boys turned effigy." Onto this scene of arrested development and murderous racism, Elvis makes his entrance, and Coval imagines his swiveling hips as "the inverse mourning of Black bodies swinging," the girls' hysteria as wild grief "for the history we inherit." A summoning of passion "for the coming revolt." That revolt has its source in black culture and has led Coval to teaching and mentoring work with young people, most notably as co-founder and artistic director of Louder than a Bomb, a program that marshals poets and teachers to work with student writers in the Chicago public schools.

For all three poets whose work I have discussed here, there's no way forward but to stumble through the painful revelations of their own racism and our racial history toward a collectively constructed societal transformation. Despite her dying, Adrienne Rich still whispers in my ear, "We can't wait to speak until we are perfectly clear and righteous. There is no purity and, in our lifetimes, no end to this process."

Note

During the month of November, Martha Collins, Kevin Coval, and Jake Adam York will discuss issues raised in this review on the BPJ Poet's Forum, blog.bpj.org.