ORATION ON RHYTHM

CYCLE TWO: BREATHING

Samuel Brzeski



Breathe the pressure Come play my game, I'll test ya Psychosomatic, addict, insane Come play my game Inhale, inhale, you're the victim The Prodigy

1

We are breathing too much but we aren't getting enough air.

Our breaths are too many Our breaths are too shallow Our mouths are too small Our airways are constricted.

We suffer from sleep apnea caused by incessant mouth breathing which can lead to a variety of other transformations in the face, including but not limited to:

- crooked teeth
- long face
- jowly
- sad eyes
- moans
- crooked palette
- collapsed cheek
- wrinkle head
- saggy tonsil
- lazy throat

In order to avoid these deformities there is a simple solution that involves merely shutting the mouth and ensuring that we breathe in through the nose — an act that maintains pressure throughout the throat and the rest of the respiratory system.

The best way to train the system to complete this act automatically is by taking ten minutes per day to focus solely upon breathing in this manner:

James Nestor

counting five and half seconds per in breath through the nose and counting five and half seconds per out breath through the nose.

This contributes to a healthy face good sleep more smiles less depression harmonic rhythm and a general improvement.



Just keep breathin' and breathin' and breathin' And oh, I gotta keep, keep on breathin' Just keep breathin' and breathin' and breathin' And oh, I gotta keep, keep on breathin' Ariana Grande

\$

A faint brief cry followed by a raising and then a dimming of theatre lights on a stage littered with miscellaneous rubbish, before the sound of a long exhalation.

This constitutes the entirety of Samuel Beckett's 1969 play *Breath*.

It is less than a minute long and that is it.

*

Watching every motion In this foolish lover's game Haunted by the notion Somewhere there's a love in flames Turning and returning Berlin

To some secret place inside Watching in slow motion As you turn my way and say Take my breath away



Being in a condition of perpetual breathlessness whilst remaining permanently parked has become quite an ordinary phenomenon, as stagnant sloping bodies attempt to keep pace with a multi-directional mindspeed of fluctuating rhythms, periodic accelerations, and shifting vibrations.

External rhythms of chaotic magnitude have interrupted the rhythmic intonation of the breath

There is an increasing unease with a traditional notion of coherent time, as advances in technology have led to the measure and use of time on a scale that has lost its relationship to the bodily beat of the breath.

Breathing has become difficult, almost impossible: as a matter of fact, one suffocates.
One suffocates every day and the symptoms of suffocation are disseminated all along the paths of daily life and the highways of planetary politics.

We have grown unable to breathe at the rhythm of our own respiration, which has been captured by the apocalyptic force of the algorithm of financial capitalism.

The social body is fragmented. Breath is broken and subjected to the rhythms of the virtual machine.

I have become unable to breathe at the rhythm of my own respiration.

Wolfgang Ernst

Franco Berardi (i)

Franco Berardi (ii)

Franco Berardi (iii)

I can't breath just right when I think so fast
I can't think so much when my breath is all wrong
I can't count those tasks when they pile so high
I can't open that app, it is updating now
I can't time my breath, when my app won't open
I can't quiet my brain, until I slow my breath
I can't get to sleep, because my brain won't quiet
I can't sleep on my back, because I snore too loud
I can't wait for when I can come up for air.

1

I am breathing water
I am breathing water
You know a body's got to breathe
I'm drowning

Ž

Heavy metal band Black Breath's 2012 album Sentenced to Life is a hardcore punk influenced thrash-metal escapade starting full hog from the first fast-paced track.

Frontman Neil McAdams screams out every word of the ten songs on the LP as if they are formed from the last remnants of breath in his lungs.

The album peaks with the track *Endless Corpse* — a strange mix of doom metal infused slowness which is ripped through with some of the fastest, most brutal, riffs, drums and vocals on the record. Here, Neil reminds me that *A corpse is all you'll ever be Writhing in disfigured reality.*

Listening to Sentenced to Life can lead to a sharp increase in the frequency of respiration and an almost immediate quickening in the pace of any given activity. This is particularly suited to hurried cycles to work after leaving the house slightly too late

REM

Black Breath

and can also produce explosive energy when played during a heavy workout at the gym.

Most of all, this type of music can be relied upon to drown out almost any background noise, coupled with the sometimes desirable, other times objectionable, result of simultaneously placating, yet also perpetuating, the listener's anger and frustrations.

When suffering from a particularly destructive romantic calamity a few summers ago, I would wear Black Breath's Sentenced to Life album cover t-shirt as an armour-plated protection against the elements of unwanted conversation.

The aggressive battlements of the leather-gauntlet-clad fist holding a large heavy hammer smashing a sheet of glass kept me safe from any stray looks, or wandering questions, especially when paired with my best sullen face.

I cannot say that this method of self isolation was a good plan, but at the time it felt like the avoidance of conversation to ensure the internal confinement of my own misery was an effective solution.



Breath is black
Eyes are red
I'm so used to being dead

Black Breath

3

Halitosis, or chronic bad breath, is something that mints, mouthwash or a good brushing can't solve.

Unlike 'morning breath' or a strong smell that lingers after a tuna sandwich, halitosis remains for an extended amount of time and may be a sign of something more serious.

These somethings can include:

- cavities
- gum disease
- infections in the mouth, nose or throat
- liver disease
- gastric reflux
- diabetes

Bad breath can cause significant social stigmatising, resulting in a clearing of space around the offender, an inability to raise one's voice or speak too passionately about any given subject matter, an abdication of friendships, and an absence of intimacy.

All of these instances can disrupt the harmonic internal rhythmicity that is necessary for a pleasant experience of being-in-the-world.

If one walks about churning out noxious gases in regular respirations, then the resounding vibrations that return in response will be all but welcoming.

*

Breathe, breathe in the air
Don't be afraid to care
Leave but don't leave me
Look around, choose your own ground
For long you live and high you fly
And smiles you'll give and tears you'll cry
And all your touch and all you see
Is all your life will ever be

Pink Floyd

These past few months I have been trying, once again, to meditate on a daily basis.

Using *The Mindfulness of Breathing* method of meditation, my app tells me to focus upon the breath in order to understand a sense of presence in the self.

I am directed – eyes closed, neck long, back straight – within this state, to focus on counting the breaths as they pass in order for thoughts to fall off and unpeel, to reveal an essence beneath.

Those that struggle particularly with anger are directed to pay close attention to the length of the outward breath: the steady dilapidation of the chest, the subtle drooping of the shoulders, the relaxation of the palms.

The hot tempered individual is taught to focus upon these sensations when dealing with the unpleasant antagonisms and impatient tensions associated with a coming rage.

It is the hope that they will be able to recount moments of meditative focus from the valley of past experience, and bring these peaceful possibilities into the proximity of the present when suffering from an episode of acerbic fury.

(this methodology has been both terribly useful and wonderfully useless for my own temper management on a variety of occasions, depending upon the severity of the situation)

Anxious practitioners can place their focus upon

the labelling of the emotions that arise whilst counting the breath:

.....

(why do none of the good ones ever pop up?)

This administrative approach comes with the hope that, with the correct labelling and processing of emotions, with the association of a feeling and a naming of that feeling, alongside the slow rhythmic relief of the breath, the person can let the anxious clouds that are filled with the vapour of fervent concerns steadily clear, or at least partially subside, so as to see the blue sky of peaceful presence that hopefully lies somewhere behind.

*

You came here to tell me something I already know
The dark before the dawn
Is the darkest I can go
The calm before the storm
Is what leaves me here to breathe
So breathe

Ż

In the Inuit cultures across the American Polar peninsular there is a method of rhythmic throat singing called *Katajjaq*.

Laura Marling

The traditional form of this type of breath-based singing consists of two women standing face-to-face in close proximity, singing in duet with no musical accompaniment.

Originally, it was a breathing game used as a time-filling entertainment in the form of a friendly competition – the winner being the one whose rhythmic grunts, breaths and sighs could outlast the other.

The process of throat singing is divided into two syllable segments: the first syllable is located in the voice of the mouth, laying the ground for the second bass syllable which sharply migrates to the raspiness of the throat.

The two women are reliant upon each other, working together to create the composition, imitating, echoing and repeating one another, as one leads and the other follows, to form an overarching rhythm.

It is an intensive exercise in breathing concentration, as the breath of each participant must be synchronised with the other.

The sounds created by *Katajjaq* are said to mimic the natural world – howling winds, shifting ice, breaking seas and calling birds make an auditory mirror of the polar landscape.

Although sometimes the sounds can appear menacing, and the proximity between the faces of the women could be interpreted as a posture of aggression, the game is only ever a friendly competition.

Katajjaq often ends in laughter, when one of the women stumbles, drops behind, falls out of rhythm, or runs out of breath. You lead me on the edge of sanity There's not much left, just take a breath You paint me out as mediocrity Put to the test, just take a breath

3

When an empathetic individual holds the hand of a person in pain, heart rates and breathing rates steadily fall into sync.

Studies in hospitals have shown that this unconscious interpersonal synchronisation has caused the momentary subsidence of suffering and pain, illustrating the potentially analgesic impact of breath synchronisation through touch.

Just as one person will fall into step with another whilst walking for any sustained period, by activating the sensuous realm, and by synchronising our respiring bodies, we can focus upon the internal rhythm of the breath to deal with the external spasms of chaos.

If I stand near to another person, and their inhalation of air,

– by way of chance – somehow synchronises with my own inward respiration,
I wait in careful anticipation for the pleasure that will follow when two gentle sighs of outward expulsion will entwine together in rhythmic harmony with one another.

*

Exhale, exhale, exhale Come breathe with me The Prodigy



// References //

Beckett, Samuel, Breath, 1969

Berardi, Franco (iii), And: Phenomenology of the End (Semiotext(e), 2015)

Berardi, Franco (ii), Breathing: Chaos and Poetry (Semiotext(e), 2018)

Berardi, Franco (i), The Soul at Work (Semiotext(e), 2009)

Berlin, 'Take my breath away', from Count Three & Pray, Geffen Records, 1986

Black Breath, 'Endless Corpse', from Sentenced to Life, Southern Lord Records, 2012

Black Breath, 'Escape from Death', from Heavy Breathing, Southern Lord Records, 2010

Ernst, Wolfgang, The Delayed Present: Media-induced Tempor(e)alities & Techno-traumatic Irritations of "the Contemporary" (Sternberg Press, 2017)

Grande, Ariana, 'breathin', from Sweetner, Republic Records, 2018

Marling, Laura, 'Breathe', from Once I Was an Eagle, Virgin Records, 2013

Nestor, James, Breath: The New Science of a Lost Art (Riverhead books, 2020)

Pink Floyd, 'Breathe (In the Air)', from The Dark Side of the Moon, Harvest Records, 1973

REM, 'Undertow', from New Adventures in Hi-Fi, Warner Bros. Records, 1996

Staind, 'Take a Breath', from Staind, Atlantic Records, 2011

The Prodigy, 'Breathe', from Fat of the Land, XL Recordings, 1997

